# 2023 Full Year Results

29 February 2024



Presenters drax

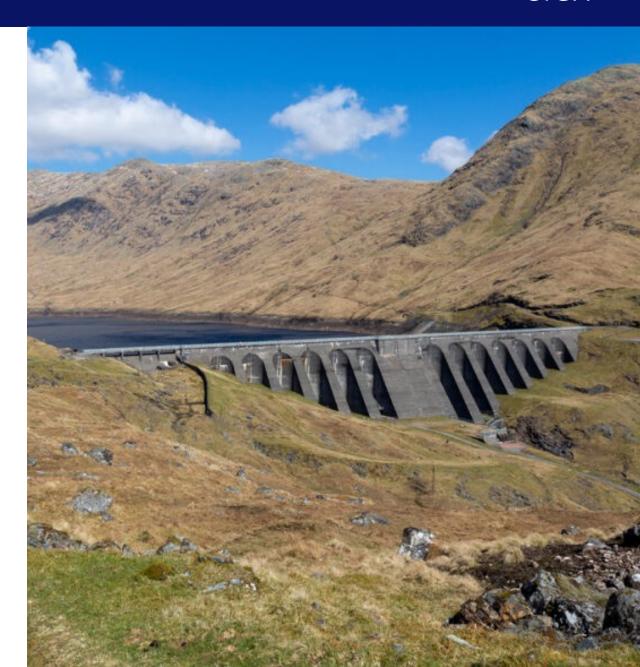


## **Our Purpose**

To enable a zero carbon, lower cost energy future

### **Our People**

Valued members of a winning team with a worthwhile mission





#### 2023:

#### Strong financial performance and balance sheet, with additional returns to shareholders

- Adj. EBITDA growth driven by system support services, renewable generation, and energy solutions
- Strong liquidity and balance sheet
- Progressing options for long-term growth

Delivering for stakeholders with large-scale renewable power, system support, energy security and investment

#### **Outlook:**

#### Current business provides strong long-term foundation for balance sheet, dividend and investment

- Flexible generation and energy solutions portfolio targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m
- Pellet production targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m
- Biomass generation strong contracted cashflows 2024–2026 and long-term value from bridging mechanism and BECCS

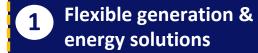
Expect to repay 2025 debt maturities through cash generation and refinancing activities in 2024

#### Options for growth aligned with energy transition and security of supply

- c.£4bn by 2030, additional investment through 2030s
- UK BECCS, US BECCS, pumped storage hydro and pellet production



#### Asset portfolio and developments aligned to global energy transition and energy security





c.0.4GW Pumped storage c.0.1GW Hydro c.0.9GW OCGTs Energy solutions (Customers)

Targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m

## Pellet production and sales

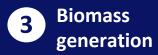


>5Mt pa of capacity
Diversified logistics
>17Mt of third-party offtake
Own-use contracts

Targeting post 2027 recurring
Adj. EBITDA >£250m from
c.5Mt output (existing assets)

Additional value from development of new capacity

Targeting >£500m of post 2027 Adj. EBITDA from flexible generation & energy solutions, and pellet production



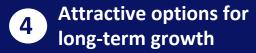


## c.2.6GW of flexible renewable generation

 Largest source of UK renewables by output

Strong forward power hedges (2024–2026)

Long-term value from bridging mechanism and BECCS







#### c.£4bn investments by 2030

- 4Mt of BECCS in UK
- 3Mt of BECCS in US
- 0.6GW of pumped storage

#### 8Mt of pellet production

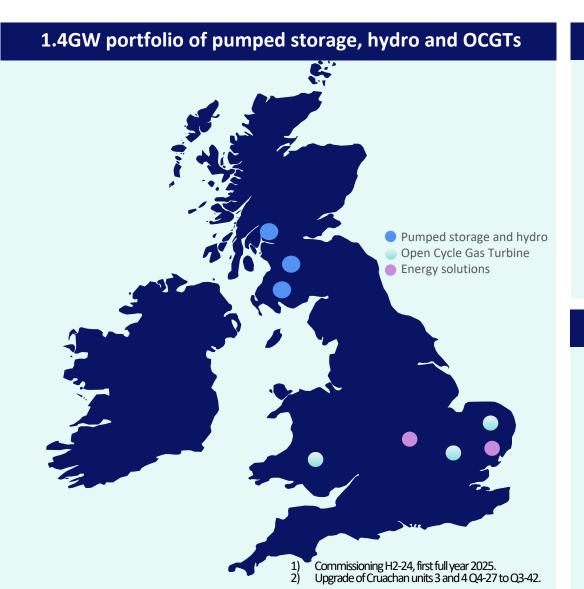
 Further development subject to clarity on UK BECCS

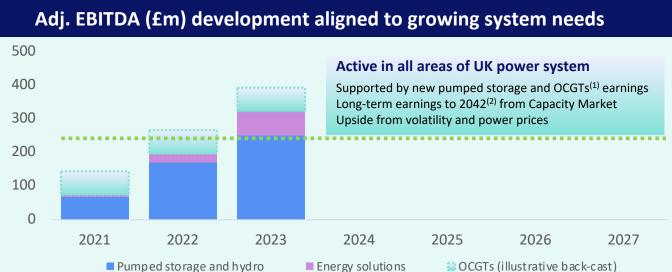
#### Additional investment post 2030

Ambition for >20Mt of BECCS

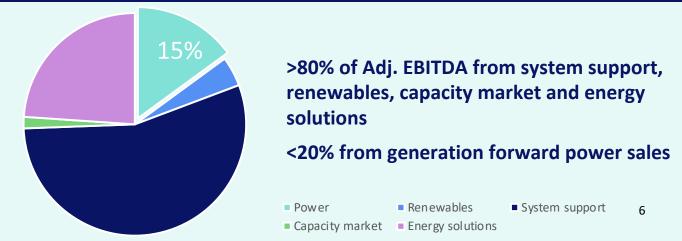


#### Targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA of >£250m pa





#### **Strong and diversified earnings base in 2023**



#### Five-year payback on original investment in flexible generation, opportunities for further investment

Five-year payback on 2018 acquisition of pumped storage, hydro and gas

#### c.£690m investment

c.£180m divestment of gas asset (2021)

#### >£700m Adj. EBITDA contribution over five year period

	Timeframe	£m
Acquisition	December 2018	c.(690)
Gas free cash flow	2019–2021	c.40
Divestment of gas	January 2021	c.180
Pumped storage and hydro free cash flow	2019–2023	c.470

Five-year payback



#### 2025–2030 development of Cruachan II

#### c.£600m investment in 600MW expansion

- Planning consent approved
- Evaluating investment models, including cap and floor scheme
- Targeting FID in 2026, with operations in 2030

#### 2024–2027 upgrade and expansion of Cruachan I

#### £80m upgrade and 40MW expansion

- 2 x 20MW expansion of two units
- Improved reliability and operability
- 2024-2027 investment window

#### **Investment underpinned by 15-year CM contract 2027-2042**

c.£221m of contracted revenues, plus CPI

#### 480MW site by 2027



#### Targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m pa from c.5Mt output

#### Geographically diversified supply chain with opportunities for trading and optimisation

- 18 operational pellet plants and developments
- c.5Mt of operational production capacity and 0.6Mt of developments
- Access to major North American fibre baskets
- Multiple ports with access to Atlantic and Pacific routes

#### Integrated supply chain provides opportunities in the current market

Production, own-use or third-party supply

#### Third-party order book extending to mid-2030s

>17Mt of contracted sales to high quality Asian and European counterparties



## Further opportunities to expand production capacity to 8Mt, subject to clarity on UK BECCS Growing pipeline for third-party sales

- 0.5Mt contract to Japan, commenced in 2023
- Letter of Intent for the sale of up to 1Mt of biomass to European utility, for projects including SAF



## 2024-2026: Strong forward power hedges, primarily from biomass generation

Contracted power sales (26 Feb-24)	2024	2025	2026
Net RO, hydro and gas (TWh) <sup>(1)</sup>	10.8	9.3	2.2
Average achieved £ per MWh <sup>(2)</sup>	149.0	111.1	89.6
CfD (TWh)	2.6	-	-

#### **RO**, pumped storage and hydro forward sales

- £2.8 billion of forward power sales between 2024 and 2026
- 22.3TWh at an average price of £127.3/MWh
- RO generation fully hedged in 2024 and >90% hedged in 2025
- >£1.2bn of associated ROCs

#### **CfD** generation

• Expect additional CfD generation through 2026

#### Long-term:

Strategic asset – flexible, renewable power and carbon removals



UK's largest single source of renewables by output 2.6GW capacity ~80% capacity of Hinkley Point C

**Expect long-term value from bridging mechanism and BECCS** 

<sup>1)</sup> Includes 3.5TWh of structured power sales in 2025 and 2026 (forward gas sales as a proxy for forward power), transacted for the purpose of accessing additional liquidity for forward sales from ROC units and highly correlated to forward power prices.

<sup>2)</sup> Presented net of cost of closing out gas positions at maturity and replacing with forward power sales.

## Options for c.£4bn of growth investment in energy transition and security of supply by 2030 Additional investment opportunities in 2030s

## Carbon removals

#### Ambition for >20Mt pa of carbon removals from BECCS

- UK targeting first unit (4Mt pa) by 2030 in line with Government target, with second unit (4Mt pa) to follow
- Global BECCS targeting first project (3Mt pa) by 2030
  - First site selected in US South, moving to FEED in 2024
  - Evaluating additional sites for greenfield and brownfield BECCS

## Biomass pellet supply

#### Targeting 8Mt of production capacity, subject to clarity on UK BECCS

c.5Mt of current production capacity

**Growing pipeline for third-party sales** 

# Dispatchable, renewable generation

#### 0.6GW option for new pumped storage by 2030

Cruachan II planning approval granted (July 2023)



## Financial & Operational Review

A strong performance delivering high levels of renewable generation and system support services, utilising the Group's flexible, verticallyintegrated biomass supply chain and dispatchable generation assets to support security of supply





#### **Strong financial performance**

Adj. EBITDA (excl. EGL) $^{(1/2)}$  £1,214m

(2022: £731m)

Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)<sup>(1/2)</sup> £1,009m

(2022: £731m)

Total Cash and Committed Facilities December 2023 £639m

(December 2022: £698m)

Adj.
Basic Earnings Per Share
119.6p/share
(2022: 85.1p/share)

Cash Generated from Operations £1,111m

(2022: £320m)

Proposed Final Dividend
13.9p/share<sup>(4)</sup> (£53m)
(2022: 12.6p/share, £50m)

Net Debt
December 2023<sup>(3)</sup>
£1,084m
(December 2022 £1,206m)

Full Year Dividend 23.1p/share (£89m)

(2022: 21.0p/share, £84m)

<sup>1)</sup> Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, other gains and losses and impairment of non-current assets, excluding the impact of exceptional items and certain remeasurements, earnings from associates and earnings attributable to non-controlling interests.

<sup>2)</sup> In December 2022, the UK Government confirmed the details of a windfall tax – the Electricity Generator Levy (or EGL) – on renewable and low-carbon generators, implemented in 2023 and running to 31 March 2028. The levy applies to the three biomass units operating under the Renewables Obligation (RO) scheme and run-of-river hydro operations. It does not apply to the Contract for Difference (CfD) biomass or pumped storage hydro units. Following review, we have concluded that EGL will be accounted for as a levy within Gross Profit and therefore Adj. EBITDA. For 2023 we have presented Adj. EBITDA including and excluding EGL for ease of comparison.

<sup>3)</sup> Net debt comprised of cash and short-term investments of £380m less borrowings of £1,426m (less impact of hedging instruments within borrowings of £38m).

<sup>4)</sup> Final dividend remains conditional on shareholder approval at the AGM in April 2024.



#### Targeting >£500m of post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA from flex. gen. & energy solutions, and pellet production

2023 Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)	Flex gen & energy solutions	Pellet production and sales	3 Biomass generation	Options for long-term growth	Total
Pellet production	-	89	-	-	89
Biomass generation	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	703	-	703
Pumped storage & hydro	230	-	-	-	230
Customers	72	-	<del>-</del>	-	72
Global BECCS	-	-	-	(57)	(57)
Innovation & capital projects	<del>-</del>	-	-	(28)	(28)
2023 Total	302	89	703	(85)	1,009
OCGTs (back-cast)	>70				
Illustrative total	>372				

#### Flexible generation & energy supply – targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m

- 2023: >80% of Adj. EBITDA from system support, renewables, capacity market and energy solutions, <20% from generation power sales
- OCGTs (back-cast) 2021-2023, on average >£70m Adj. EBITDA pa

#### Pellet production and sales – targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA >£250m

- Increasing production with addition of Longview pellet plant and commissioning Aliceville expansion (c.0.6Mt)
- Sales into existing and new markets including Sustainable Aviation Fuels (SAF) and other industrial processes

Biomass generation – strong forward power hedges (2024-2026) with long-term value from bridging mechanism and BECCS

**Balance Sheet** 



#### Strong balance sheet and liquidity

#### Strong cash generated from operations

- 2023: £1,111m (after £155m inflow of collateral)
- 2022: £320m (after £407m outflow of collateral)

#### **Reduction in net debt**

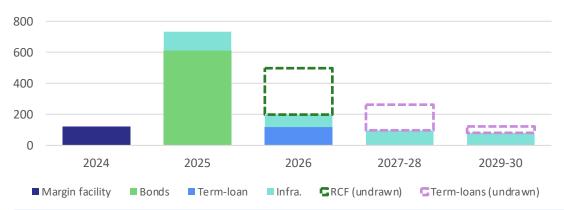
- Dec-23: 1.1 net debt to Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)
- Dec-22: 1.6 net debt to Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)

#### **Good progress on financing activities**

- ESG term loan, extended maturity to 2026 and reduced size to C\$200m
- £144m of infrastructure facilities repaid
- Extension of £300m revolving credit facility to 2026
- New £258m term-loan facilities with 2027-2029 maturities (undrawn)

## Expect to repay Q4 2025 debt maturities through cash generation and refinancing activities in 2024

#### Maturity profile (as at February 2024) (£m)



Instrument	Maturity	Description
Margin facility <sup>(1)</sup>	2024	£120m
Bonds	2025	\$500m
bonas	2025	€250m
ESG term-loan	2026	C\$200m
Revolving credit facility (RCF)	2026	£300m (undrawn)
Infrastructure facilities <sup>(2)</sup>	2025-2030	£444m
2024 term-loan facilities <sup>(3)</sup>	2027-2029	£258m (undrawn)

<sup>1)</sup> Drawn in September 2023 to cover cash collateral calls of exchange-based commodity trading.

3) Maturities – £165m in 2027 and £93m in 2029.

<sup>2)</sup> Maturities – £123m in 2025, £80m and €70m (£64m) in 2026, £45m in 2027, £53m in 2028, £50m in 2029 and €31m (£30m) in 2030.

#### **Investment in core assets and strategy**

	Key areas	2024 Estimate £m	2023 Actual £m
Growth	Biomass, BECCS, OCGTs and enhancement projects	~290	332
Maintenance	Includes major planned biomass outages	~100	143
Other	Health, safety, environment and IT	~40	44
Total		410-450	519

#### **Growth – targeting returns significantly in excess of cost of capital**

Longview pellet plant, OCGTs and Cruachan refurbishment

#### Maintenance and other investment

- Supports delivery of good operational performance and compliance in current asset base
- 2023 included one major planned outages (one in 2024)



#### **Capital Allocation Policy**



Implemented in 2017, designed to support strategy

1. Maintain credit rating

2. Invest in core business

3. Sustainable and growing dividend

4. Return surplus capital beyond investment requirements

## Operational and strategic pillars

Safety, compliance and sustainability

Opportunities to develop and improve existing systems





#### Enhanced reporting and disclosure, with opportunities to deliver further improvements

#### **Total Recordable Injury Rate (TRIR)**



#### Increase in 2022

First full year of Pinnacle and wider scope of reporting

#### Improvements in 2023

- Investment in training
- Strengthened HSE reporting culture





#### Continued development of reporting and disclosure, with opportunities to deliver further improvements



#### The Government's Support for Biomass

- Review of UK Government's Biomass Strategy
- Recognises the role of biomass in net zero
- Outlines opportunities to develop assurance and standards consistent with statements from UK Government



#### Annual audit of biomass sustainability (May 2023)

Annual assessment of compliance with the Renewables
 Obligation scheme – "Good" rating (highest available rating)

#### Biomass profiling data investigation

May 2023 – ongoing



#### **Continued development of sustainability**

#### **Sustainability developments**

- Compliance with TCFD reporting requirements
- SBTi targets approved
- TNFD pilot complete







#### **BECCS Done Well: Conditions for Success for BECCS**

- Forum for the Future set out 30 conditions for success
- Initial Drax response July 2023
- Further update in 2024



#### **Sustainability accreditations**



Climate A-Forest B



As of 2023, Drax Group plc received an MSCI ESG Rating of A<sup>(1)</sup>



**B- prime** As of 21/02/24



23.5/100
Rank 15/85 in sub-industry group
As of September 2023

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## **Strategy Update**

Objective 1: to be a global leader in carbon removals

Objective 2: to be a global leader in sustainable biomass pellets

Objective 3: to be a UK leader in dispatchable, renewable generation



#### **BECCS at Drax Power Station**

#### Clarity on bridging mechanism and progress on BECCS expected in 2024

#### Targeting first BECCS unit online by 2030

1<sup>st</sup> unit (4Mt pa) by 2030, 2<sup>nd</sup> unit to follow

#### **Sequencing aligned with UK Government GGR ambitions**

5Mt pa by 2030 and 23Mt pa by 2035

#### Targeting FID on first unit by 2027

Subject to appropriate investment framework

#### **Progress in 2023**

- UK Government Biomass Strategy (August 2023)
- Planning consent granted for two BECCS units (January 2024)
- Consultation on BECCS bridging mechanism launched (January 2024) – Government targeting completion of process in 2024
- MoU with Harbour Energy and bp to assess options to transport and store CO<sub>2</sub> (February 2024)
- Ongoing engagement with UK Government regarding bridging mechanism and BECCS

#### Key milestones and catalysts for UK BECCS in 2024

- Project selection for Track 1 expansion and Track 2 complete
- Confirmation of T&S infrastructure
- Power BECCS business model and heads of terms
- · Completion of bridging mechanism process

#### **Judicial reviews of UK Government decisions**

- UK Biomass Strategy
- Drax Power Station DCO (planning permission)



Department for Energy Security & Net Zero

#### **Bridging mechanism**

Bioenergy with Carbon Capture and Storage (power BECCS) is expected to play an important role in the UK's drive towards offsetting emissions as we strive towards a greener future (Bridging Mechanism Consultation, January 2024)

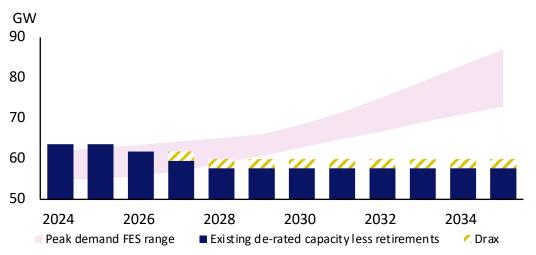
#### **Drax Power Station Post 2027**



#### Value for Money of BECCS at Drax

#### **Bridging mechanism from 2027 to BECCS**

#### An effective way to help support energy security



#### Considerations

- c.7GW of nuclear and coal expected to close between 2024 and 2030
- >10% increase in peak demand in 2030
- New capacity and demand side response required to bridge the gap
- Risk of delays to new capacity, including nuclear

#### **BECCS at Drax Power Station from 2030 onwards**

## The only credible option for near-term, large-scale carbon removals available to meet the UK targets

Contributing 80% to UK target of 5Mt of carbon removals by 2030

#### Projected to save £15bn vs. the next best alternative

Equivalent to £25 per household per year for 20 years

#### Important security of supply benefits

- >2GW of dispatchable and flexible capacity
- 2.5 days of UK electricity contained in supply chain
- Key source of non-generation system support services
- Supports flexible generation alongside BECCS
- Helps secure long-term fuel supplies needed for generation and BECCS



## Developing a pipeline of project options in North America to provide attractive investment opportunities in long-term, large-scale carbon removals

#### **Prioritising development in US South**

- Supportive environment under Inflation Reduction Act
- Proximity to fibre
- Proximity to T&S

#### **Structuring Global BECCS for growth**

- Global HQ in Houston, Texas
- Appointment of Global BECCS President

#### **Development of US BECCS**

- One site shortlisted, targeting FEED in 2024
- Targeting FID in 2026
- Operations from 2030
- MoU for fibre supply agreed with Molpus (January 2024)

#### **Requirements for FID**

- · Agreement of long-term offtake agreements for CDRs and power
- Agreement for fibre supply
- Agreement for T&S
- Full engineering package and costings

#### **New-build BECCS illustrative site details**





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# Appendices

29 February 2024





#### 1 and 15-year contracts provide strong underpin for investment in flexible generation business

#### c. £580m<sup>(1)</sup> of capacity agreements agreed

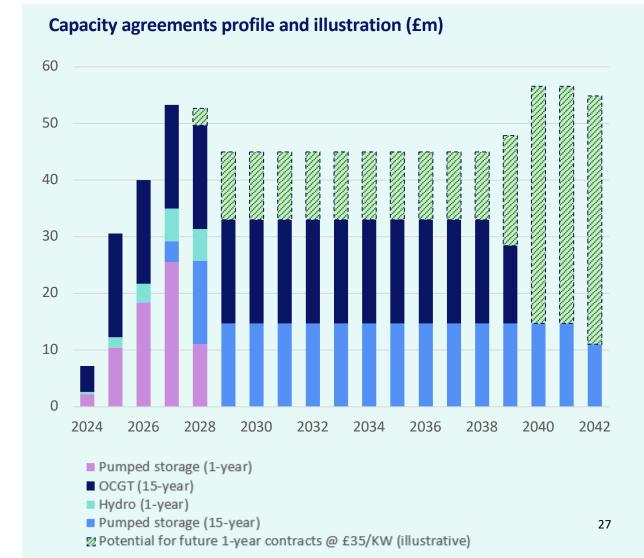
Asset	Payment period	Value £m
Pumped storage	1 year contracts (2024-2028)	68
Pumped storage	15-year contracts (2027-2042)	221
Hydro	1 year contracts (2024-2028)	17
OCGTs 15-year contract (2024-2039)		275
Total existing capacity agreements		580
Potential future agreements at £35/KW		c.270
Illustrative Capacity Market Income 2024 to 2042		c.850

#### T-4 auction (February 2024)

Clearing price £65/KW, plus CPI

#### **Opportunities from future auctions**

- Existing assets remain eligible for one-year contracts in future auctions
- Illustrative only £35/KW



<sup>1)</sup> Real values, 2022/23, no additional inflation assumed.



Flexible, renewable generation, system support and energy solutions with opportunity for carbon removals

#### Flexible generation and energy solutions

- 440MW pumped storage
- 125MW hydro
- 900MW OCGTs
- 16TWh I&C energy solutions

#### **Biomass generation**

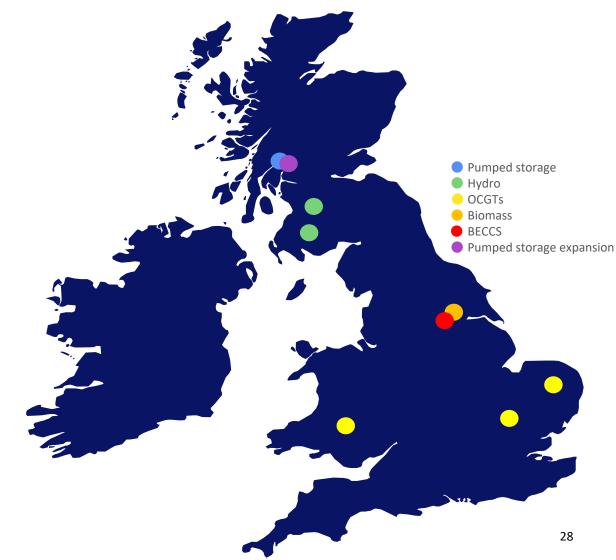
• 2.5GW

#### **Development opportunities**

- 40MW pumped storage expansion
- 600MW pumped storage expansion
- 8Mt pa of carbon removals from BECCS

#### 4GW of operational assets and development projects

- UK's largest portfolio of flexible, dispatchable renewable generation
- 4% of total UK power generation
- 8% of UK renewables<sup>(1)</sup>
- 16% of UK peak renewables
- >60% of UK in-day peak





Flexible, dispatchable generation and system support assets, commissioning in H2 2024

3 x 299MW units designed for system support with ability to provide reactive power, inertia and other non-generation services

#### Multiple earnings opportunities aligned with system needs

- Peak power generation
- Ancillary and system support services
- Capacity payments 15-year index linked contracts from October 2024

Low fixed-cost base

Capital investment largely covered by capacity payments through 2039

Highly complementary to existing flexible generation assets

Continue to evaluate options, including future sale











2022 Restated

#### High-quality earnings from a multi-technology portfolio and integrated supply chain

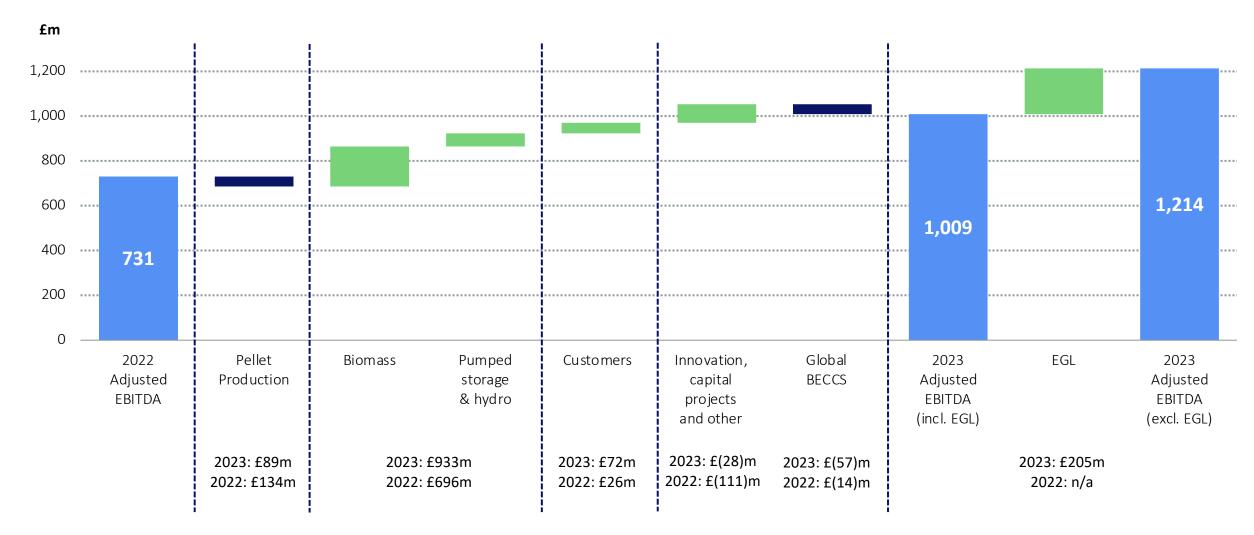
Business unit	Assets	Capacity	FY23 Adj. EBITDA (£m)	FY22 Adj. EBITDA (£m)	for cost reallocation (£m) <sup>(2)</sup>
Pellet Production	18 pellet plants and developments in Canada and US Access to five deep water ports	>5Mt	89	134	125
Biomass Generation <sup>(1)</sup>		2.6GW	703	525	453
Pumped storage and hydro Generation	Cruachan – pumped storage Lanark and Galloway – hydro Daldowie – energy from waste	0.6GW	230	171	171
Energy Solutions	I&C and SME supply		72	26	20
Corporate <sup>(2)</sup>			(28)	(111)	(24)
Global BECCS <sup>(2)</sup>			(57)	(14)	(14)
Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)			1,009	731	731
EGL <sup>(3)</sup>			205	-	-
Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)			1,214	731	731

<sup>1)</sup> Drax Power Station – formal closure of coal at the end of March 2023.

3) Biomass £182m and pumped storage £23m.

<sup>2)</sup> In 2023 a review of the mechanism for corporate recharges was performed, leading to a greater proportion being recharged to business units, primarily Generation. The remaining £85m in 2023 is comprised of £57m for Global BECCS (2022: £14m) and £28m of other corporate and innovation costs, including the development of options for pumped storage expansion (2022: £24m) and intercompany eliminations.







		2023		2022		
In £m	Adj.	Exceptional	Total	Adj.	Exceptional	Total
Revenue	7,842	283	8,125	8,159	(384)	7,775
Cost of sales	(5,884)	(83)	(5,967)	(6,838)	86	(6,752)
Electricity Generator Levy	(205)	-	(205)	-	-	-
Gross profit	1,753	200	1,954	1,322	(298)	1,023
Operating and administrative expenses	(712)	-	(712)	(543)	-	(543)
Impairment losses on financial assets	(33)	-	(33)	(48)	-	(48)
Adj. EBITDA including EGL	1,009	n/a	n/a	731	n/a	n/a
Depreciation	(196)	-	(196)	(208)	-	(208)
Amortisation	(29)	-	(29)	(31)	-	(31)
Impairment losses on non-current assets	(2)	(69)	(71)	(17)	(25)	(42)
Other gains/(losses)	1	(5)	(4)	(6)	-	(6)
Share of (losses)/profits from associates	(2)	-	(2)	1	-	1
Operating profit	782	127	908	469	(323)	146
Foreign exchange (losses)/gains	(14)	5	(9)	15	(4)	11
Net interest charge	(102)	-	(102)	(79)	-	(79)
Profit before tax	665	131	796	405	(327)	78
Tax (charge) / credit	(196)	(40)	(236)	(67)	72	4
Profit after tax	469	92	561	338	(256)	83

Pellet Production and Sales



#### Robust performance in a challenging environment

#### 2023

- Lower output higher unplanned outage rate and port restrictions
- Increased maintenance and labour costs
- Higher proportion of sales to fulfil long-term third-party legacy contracts
- Other costs steady or reducing (fibre, port charges, utilities and transport)

#### Outlook

- \$300m investment in capacity c.0.6Mt
  - Aliceville expansion operational (Q1 2024)
  - Longview pellet plant operational (Q1 2025)
- Expect higher production in 2024 to support improved profitability
- Targeting post 2027 recurring Adj. EBITDA of >£250m pa
  - Increased production volumes
  - Improved margins on legacy third-party contracts
  - Sales into existing and new markets including SAF

In £m	2023	2022
Revenue	822	803
Cost of sales	(512)	(502)
Gross profit	311	301
Operating costs	(222)	(167) <sup>(1)</sup>
Adj. EBITDA	89	134
Production (Mt)	3.8	3.9
Sales to 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties (Mt)	2.5	2.2



#### High levels of flexible, renewable generation and system support services supporting decarbonisation of energy system and security of supply

In £m	2023	2022
Revenue		
Power sales	4,981	5,603
System support and optimisation	343	243
ROC sales	1,277	1,278
CfD income/(payment)	(63)	(29)
Capacity Market income	6	12
Gas sales to Customers business	116	122
Fuel sales and other income	127	130
	6,787	7,358
Cost of sales		
Generation fuel costs	(1,341)	(1,463)
System support and optimisation	(98)	(68)
ROC support	586	639
Carbon certificates	(6)	(11)
Renewable certificates sold or utilised	(1,300)	(1,275)
Cost of power purchases	(3,115)	(4,167)
Grid charges	(46)	(136)
EGL	(205)	-
	(5,525)	(6,479)
Gross profit	1,262	879
Operating costs	(328)	(184)
Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)	933	696
EGL	205	-
Adj. EBITDA (excl. EGL)	1,138	696

	2023	2022
Generation Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL) (£m) <sup>(1)</sup>	933	696
Biomass	703	525 <sup>(2</sup>
Pumped storage and hydro	230	171 <sup>(2</sup>
Generation (TWh)	12.2	13.3
Biomass	11.5	12.7
Pumped storage and hydro <sup>(3)</sup>	0.7	0.6
System support and optimisation <sup>(4)</sup>		
Revenue	343	24
Cost of sales	(98)	(68
Margin from system support and optimisation	245	17
Average achieved power price		
Gross power sales (£m)	4,981	5,60
Cost of power purchases (£m)	(3,115)	(4,167
Net power sales (£m)	1,866	1,43
Net power sales (TWh)	12.2	13.
Average achieved price (£/MWh)	153.0	108.

Electricity Generator Levy—comprised of £182m biomass ROC and £23m hydro.

Not restated for corporate recharge . Gross output from pumped storage and hydro schemes.

Balancing mechanism, ancillary services and portfolio optimisation.



#### Renewable power and energy solutions

#### Strong operational and financial performance in I&C business

- Strong underlying performance of I&C supply portfolio
- Effective route to market to maximise value of large-scale renewable generation
- Lower balancing costs

#### **Good progress developing portfolio of decarbonisation products**

- Growth in EV charge point services activities, enhanced by BMM acquisition
- Flexibility services, including the Demand Flexibility Service
- Renewable PPA portfolio with c.2,000 smaller generators
- Provision of high quality carbon offsets in preparation for future Drax CDR sales

#### Impairment of Opus Energy SME energy solutions business

• £69m following transfer of renewables activities to Drax Energy Solutions (along with £145m of Goodwill) and the previously announced ending of gas sales

In £m	2023	2022
Revenue	4,958	4,143
Cost of sales		
Cost of power and gas purchases	(3,193)	(2,607)
Grid charges	(759)	(731)
Other costs	(810)	(647)
	(4,763)	(3,985)
Gross profit	196	158
Operating costs	(91)	(84)
Bad debt charge	(33)	(48)
Adj. EBITDA	72	26
I&C sales (TWh)	15.8	14.8

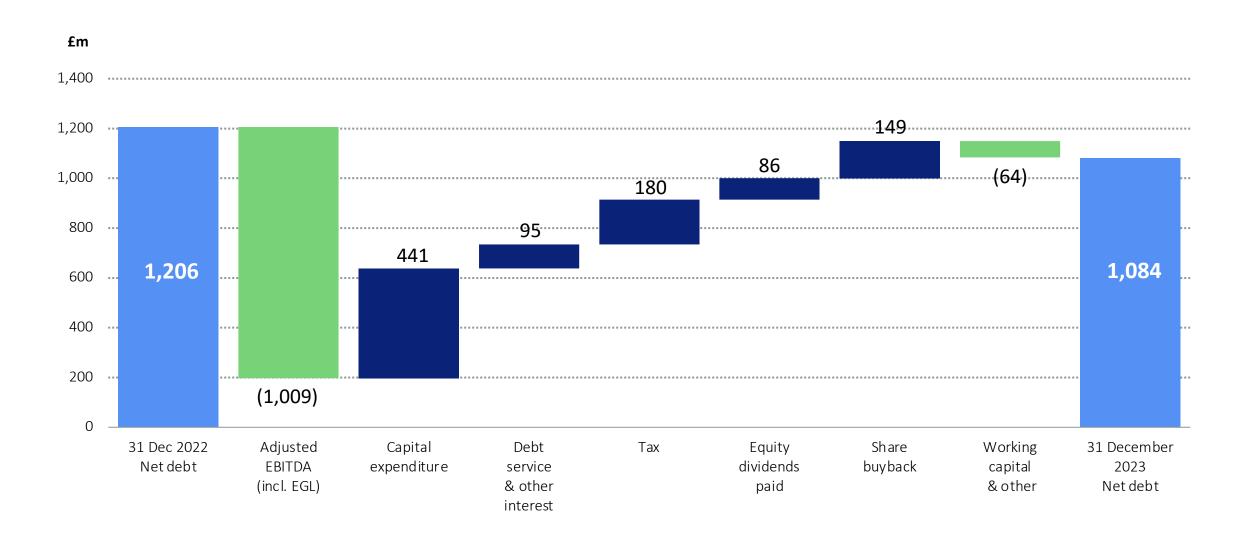
Not restated for corporate recharge.

### **Group Cash Flow Statement**



In £m	2023	2022
Adj. EBITDA (incl. EGL)	1,009	731
Working capital (excluding collateral)	(47)	4
Collateral	155	(407)
Other	(6)	(8)
Cash generated from operations	1,111	320
Debt service and other interest	(95)	(74)
Tax	(180)	(39)
Net cash from operating activities	836	208
Capital investment	(441)	(175)
Acquisitions and Purchase of equity in associates	(11)	(8)
Net financing	15	(16)
Equity dividends paid	(86)	(79)
Purchase of own shares	(149)	-
Other	(17)	(16)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	146	(85)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	238	317
Net cash flow	146	(85)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	(4)	6
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	380	238







#### Drax portfolio provides a full suite of services

		Pump storage	Hydro	Biomass	OCGTs	Nuclear	Wind	Solar
Power generation	Power	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Renewable generation	Renewable power	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
	Clean power	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
System Support	Dispatchable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Partial	Partial
	Inertia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
	Reserve	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Partial	No
	Reactive power	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Partial	No
	Black start	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Partial	No	No
Capacity		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



# Through its biomass and hydro activities Drax is able to deliver 24/7 renewable power Growing demand for renewable power has led to growth in renewable certification schemes

#### **REGOs**

- Certificate scheme which demonstrates electricity has been generated from a renewable source
- Supply businesses use REGOs to demonstrate the % of renewable energy they supply
- Total REGOS = total renewable power produced on the grid

#### 1 REGO per MWh of renewable power

Additional to RO and CfD schemes

#### **REGOs at Drax**

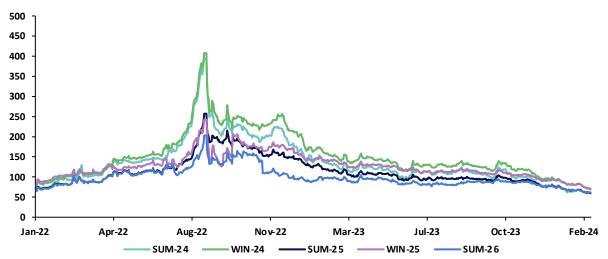
- Biomass and hydro are eligible
- Generation business earns c.10-15m REGOs per year
- Customer business provides a route to market
- Forward hedging means prices are locked in up to two years in advance

REGOs have increased in value, but outlook remains uncertain

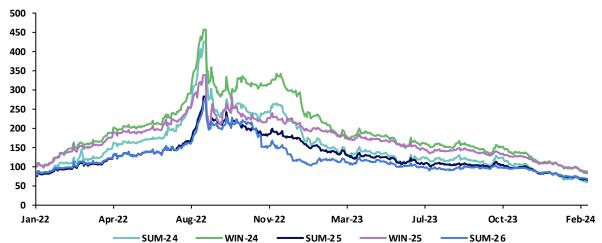
#### **Merchant Forward Commodity Prices**



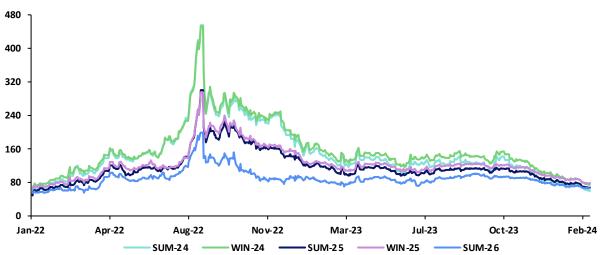




#### Peak Power Price (£/MWh)



#### NBP Gas Price (p/therm)

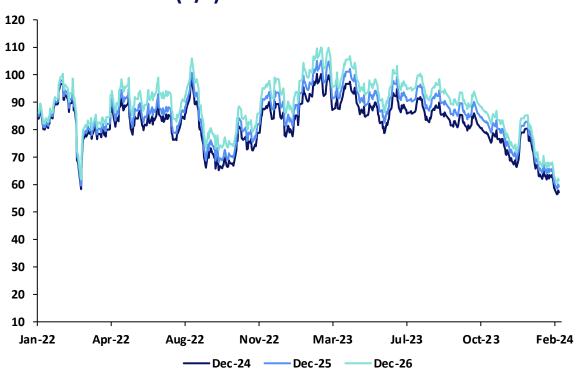


Source: ICE

#### UKA Carbon (£/t)



#### **EU ETS Carbon (€/t)**



Source: ICE Source: ICE

#### Forward Looking Statements



This announcement may contain certain statements, expectations, statistics, projections and other information that are, or may be, forward-looking. The accuracy and completeness of all such statements, including, without limitation, statements regarding the future financial position, strategy, projected costs, plans, beliefs, and objectives for the management of future operations of Drax Group plc ("Drax") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), are not warranted or guaranteed. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may occur in the future. Although Drax believes that the statements, expectations, statistics and projections and other information reflected in such statements are reasonable, they reflect the Company's current view and no assurance can be given that they will prove to be correct. Such events and statements involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and outcomes may differ materially from those expressed or implied by those forward-looking statements. There are a number of factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Group, which could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These include, but are not limited to, factors such as: future revenues being lower than expected; increasing competitive pressures in the industry; uncertainty as to future investment and support achieved in enabling the realisation of strategic aims and objectives; and/or general economic conditions or conditions affecting the relevant industry, both domestically and internationally, being less favourable than expected, including the impact of prevailing economic and political uncertainty, the impact of strikes, the impact of adverse weather conditions or events such as wildfires. We do not intend to publicly update or revise these projections or other forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof,

# 2023 Full Year Results

29 February 2024

