

# **Millbrook Power Project**

Preliminary Environmental Information Report (2017) – Appendices Volume H Ground Conditions

On behalf of Millbrook Power Ltd



Project Ref: 40334 | Rev: 1.0 | Date: May 2017







## **Contents – Volume H – Ground Conditions Appendices**

10.1 – Ground Conditions Phase 1 Report



# **Ground Conditions Appendices**

## **10.1- PBA Phase 1 Ground Condition Report**



# **Millbrook Power Project**

Phase 1 Ground Condition Assessment (Contamination and Ground Stability)

On behalf of Millbrook Power Ltd

Project Ref: 31116 | Rev: 1 | Date: December 2014



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## **1** Introduction

### 1.1 Preamble

Peter Brett Associates LLP (PBA) has been instructed by Millbrook Power Ltd (the Client) to undertake a Phase 1 Ground Condition Assessment for an area of land that lies within and around the Rookery South clay pit, approximately 1km to south of the village of Stewartby, in Marston Vale, Bedfordshire. This report has been prepared to support a Development Consent Order (DCO) application to develop the application area for the construction of a proposed gas fired electricity peaking plant.

### 1.2 Background

The Rookery South clay pit (comprising an area of approximately 95 ha) and adjoining Rookery North clay pit (approximately 70 ha), were previously used for clay extraction from the Oxford Clay Formation to use in brick manufacture at the Stewartby Brickworks. The former clay pits have been largely worked out, with basal levels in the Rookery South pit left largely as they were after excavation apart from some minor areas of reworked ground and partial buttressing of the pit edge side slopes to improve their stability. At the time of writing this report the Rookery South pit was disused and partially flooded. A site layout plan is presented as Figure 2.

Clay extraction ceased in 1986 and a programme of restoration has been proposed for the Rookery South pit as a whole by the current site owner O&H Properties Limited. The proposed low level restoration scheme (LLRS) will be implemented prior to the development of the site and will involve the use of soils, overburden and a proportion of the remaining clay reserves to re-profile the base of the pit, and buttress the side slopes to improve their stability. These restoration works are described in more detail in Section 1.5 below.

The wider site area has been the subject of several previous ground investigations and reports compiled by PBA and others. The following sections of the report draw upon previous studies and site investigation information primarily from the following reports:

- CLA 2000. Ground Investigation Rookery South Proposed Landfill Site, Bedfordshire. Report no: 2690072. March 2000. CL Associates.
- TC 2001. Terraconsult. Slope stability and Uplift Assessment Rookery South Landfill Site, Bedfordshire. May 2001. Ref. 00/039-1.
- PBA 2003 Peter Brett Associates. Slope stability Review, Rookery South. Letter to O+H Hampton Ltd, dated 9 December 2003. Reference 14051/002/SNK/KB/DA.
- PBA 2005. Peter Brett Associates. Strategic Slope Stability Review, November 2005. Reference 13231/CHB/KB/RHT.
- PBA 2008. Peter Brett Associates. Rookery Pit (North and South) Low Level Restoration Scheme – Geoenvironmental and Geotechnical Desk Study and Phase 1 Ground Condition Assessment. December 2008. Reference 14081 Geo Phase 1/rev 1.
- PBA 2009. Peter Brett Associates. Rookery Pit Low Level Restoration Scheme Engineering Statement. April 2009. Reference 14081EngStat R2.
- PBA 2009a. Peter Brett Associates Proposed Resource Recovery Centre Rookery South, Stewartby. Geoenvironmental and Geotechnical Desk Study and Phase 1 Ground Condition Assessment. Ref 21780/016/DTS/Rev1.



- PBA 2009b. Peter Brett Associates. Proposed Resource Recovery Centre Rookery South, Stewartby. Report on Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Ground Investigation. Ref 21780/016/GI/Rev1.
- PBA 2011. Peter Brett Associates. Rookery Pit Low Level Restoration Scheme Planning Permission Ref BC/CM/2000/8 Site Environmental Management Plan. Ref 14081/052/Rev 1.

### 1.3 Objectives

This report presents a Phase 1 ground condition assessment comprising a desk study, site walkover and Tier 1 preliminary qualitative contamination risk assessment and land instability appraisal.

The objective of the Phase 1 is to identify the likely ground conditions and environmental setting that might have associated environmental liabilities or which may affect redevelopment, as well as appraising the likely geological or geotechnical hazards at the site. The Phase 1 desk study and site inspection report is the minimum requirement under the National Planning Policy Framework for land potentially affected by contamination or instability. This will be considered a brownfield development.

It should be noted that this Phase 1 assessment is a land condition assessment and does not purport to be an ecological, flood risk or archaeological survey and additional specific surveys may be required to support a planning application. Guidance on the use of this report is provided in Section 8.

### 1.4 Site Location and Setting

The application land area lies partly within and to the south of the Rookery South clay pit, approximately 1km to south of the village of Stewartby, in Marston Vale, Bedfordshire.

The application area includes a section of land within the Rookery South clay pit that it is understood will house the power generating equipment (The Generating Equipment Site). Adjacent to the north of this there is a small temporary Laydown area that will be used during the construction process. The total Operation and Laydown (Construction) area is around 13 hectares.

The application area also includes a vehicular access corridor road (The Access Route). It runs in a southerly direction from Green Lane along the western perimeter of the Rookery North pit and then descends via an access ramp in the north-western corner of Rookery South pit. It then traverses south at a low level within the base of Rookery South pit to meet the northern boundary of the Generating Equipment Site. The road will be some 1.5km in length.

A large parcel of agricultural land bounding the south of the clay pit is included within the wider application area. This land comprises approximately 215 hectares that will be utilised for a Electrical Connection to the existing 400kV overhead line and a link to the National Transmission System (NTS) gas pipeline, located some 1.2km to the southeast of the Generating Equipment Site site (The Electrical Connection Area). The Electrical Connection routes have not been fully defined and will occupy narrow corridors of land somewhere within this Electrical Connection area.

The remaining parts of the wider Rookery South clay pit bound the immediate northern and eastern boundaries of the operation area, with agricultural land located further to the east of the London to Sheffield (mainline) railway that bisects the site running in a north to south direction. The western boundary of the wider application site is largely bounded by the Bedford to Bletchley ('Marston Vale') railway line and Marston Vale Millennium Country Park, with Millbrook Vehicle Proving Ground located further to the south west.



South Pillinge Farm is located to the immediate southwest of the Generating Equipment Site.

This site is currently accessed via a track leading from Green Lane 1.2km to the north of the proposed Generating Equipment Site. The Operation area is centred at National Grid Reference (NGR) TL 012 406. A site location plan is presented as **Figure 1**.

A site layout plan, annotated with features discussed in this report is presented as Figure 2.

## 1.5 Low Level Restoration Scheme (LLRS)

Before development of the subject site it is understood that the proposed LLRS for Rookery South will be implemented and will therefore form the baseline conditions for the Project Site. Planning Permission has been granted for the LLRS under application numbers BC/CM/2000/9 and BC/CM/2000/8. In summary the LLRS for the Rookery South pit will comprise:

- 1) Topsoil stripping from an area to the immediate south of Rookery South pit to enable further overburden and clay extraction from this area.
- Excavation of soils, overburden and clay from the southern area to provide engineered clay fill and restoration soils for the re-profiling and buttressing works around the pit edges.
- Re-profiling of the base of Rookery South pit, graded to falls, utilising clay won from the southern area, resulting in topographic levels in the vicinity of the proposed Generating Equipment Site of approximately 30m – 31m AOD.
- 4) Construction of a new vehicular access track into the southwestern corner of the pit to provide low level access to the pit.
- 5) Buttressing of slopes on the southern, eastern and northern sides of the Rookery South pit to provide a slope stabilisation solution to existing slopes.
- 6) Provision of surface water management ditches in the reprofiled pit base discharging to an attenuation pond located in northwest corner of Rookery South pit. The surface water ditches and attenuation pond will include habitat mitigation and enhancement measures.
- 7) Provision of pumping station to enable discharge of collected waters from the attenuation pond to Stewartby Lake with additional provision of a pumped emergency flow to Rookery North and reverse flow drainage

#### **1.6 Proposed Development**

It is understood the project site will comprise:

- A new Power Generation Plant in the form of a Simple Cycle Gas Turbine (SCGT) peaking power generating station, fuelled by natural gas with a rated electrical output of up to 299 Megawatts (MW). The Power Generation Plant comprises:
  - 1. Generating equipment including up to five gas turbine generators, up to five exhaust gas flue stacks and balance of plant, which are located within the Generating Equipment Site (together the "Generating Equipment");
  - 2. A new purpose built access road from Green Lane to the Generating Equipment Site (the "Access Road");
  - 3. A temporary construction compound required during construction only (the "Laydown Area");



- A new purpose built access road from Green Lane to the Generating Equipment Site (the "Access Road");
- A temporary construction compound required during construction only (the "Laydown Area");
- A new gas connection to bring natural gas to the Generating Equipment from the National Transmission System (NTS) (the "Gas Connection"); and

The Generating Equipment, Access Road and Laydown Area are together known as the "Power Generation Plant", and are located within the Power Generation Plant Site

The Power Generation Plant, Gas Connection, and Electrical Connection, together with all access requirements are referred to as the 'Project' and are all integral to the generation of electricity and subsequent export of that electricity to the NETS. The land upon which the Project would be developed, or which would be required in order to facilitate the development of the Project, is referred to as the 'Project Site' The Project is described in more detail in Section 2, including the options currently under consideration for the Gas Connection and Electrical Connection.

The Power Generation Plant Site is located primarily on land within former clay pits known as 'The Rookery', with the Gas and Electrical Connections extending from The Rookery into adjacent agricultural land.

#### **1.7** Methodology and Report Format

The PBA methodology for ground condition contamination assessment is presented in **Appendix 1**.

The underlying principle is the evaluation of *pollutant linkages* in order to assess whether the presence of a source of contamination could potentially lead to harmful consequences. A pollutant linkage consists of the following three elements:

- A source of contamination or hazard that has the potential to cause harm or pollution;
- A pathway for the hazard to move along / generate exposure; and
- A receptor which is affected by the hazard.

For each potential pollutant linkage identified the risk is estimated through consideration of the magnitude of the potential consequences and the likelihood or probability of an event occurring.

This report is divided into chapters identifying potential sources (hazard identification), potential pathway and receptor identification and risk estimation and assessment.

The ground stability assessment includes a review of all the available historical ground investigation information relating to the proposed application site and published information relating to the geoenvironmental setting. The primary geotechnical objective of this study was to undertake an assessment of the geotechnical constraints present at the proposed application site in accordance with NPPF in order to assist with informing the DCO application for future redevelopment of the site.



## **1.8** Sources of Information

Information within PBA archives (See Section 1.2 above) and that readily available in the public domain has been reviewed in order to identify the likely ground conditions at the proposed application site and in the surrounding area.

The following additional sources of information were used in the preparation of this report:-

- Emap Groundsure Report and historical maps (Emap 2014)
- PBA walkover inspection on 4th August 2014 photographic plates are presented in Appendix 2.
- BGS Geology Map held by PBA
- PBA Cavity Databases (non-coal mining and natural cavities)
- Millbrook Power Project, Environmental Impact Assessment Scoping Report, produced by Orbis Power Ltd (Ref: Orbis P1078/04/01 Rev 09).



## 2 Land Use Information

## 2.1 Introduction

This section presents a summary of current and historical land uses on and immediately adjacent to the Project Site. Land use is used to inform the hazard identification element of the risk assessment.

The current land use information is based on a walkover inspection undertaken by PBA on the  $4^{th}$  August 2014. Photographs taken during the site walkover (Plates 1 to 6) are presented in **Appendix 2**.

The historical land use information is based largely on archive information held by PBA, supplemented by Ordnance Survey maps and aerial photography provided by Landmark and presented in **Appendix 3**.

The main features noted during the site walkover are marked on the Site Layout Plan (**Figure 2**).

For simplicity and ease of reading, the site descriptions have been split into three sections; the site of the generating equipment and laydown area (Generating Equipment Site) in the base of the Rookery South Pit, the Access Route providing connectivity between the Generating Equipment Site and Green Lane, and the area of the Electrical Connections adjacent to the south of the clay pit (Electrical Connection Area).

## 2.2 Current Land Use

2.2.1 On-Site – Generating Equipment Site (Generating Equipment Site, Laydown Area)

The Generating Equipment Site of the site lies within the base of the Rookery South clay pit. The pit is currently some 15m lower than the natural surrounding ground level. The base of the pit in this area is roughly level and sparsely vegetated, with no features of note observed within the excavation. The southern part of the site area includes the southern bank of the clay pit, which is again sparsely vegetated. The western bank lies immediately beyond the western boundary of this part of the site, and comprises a split level pit edge slope.

2.2.2 On-site – Access Route

The Access Route to the Generating Equipment Site is located in the base of the Rookery South pit at its southernmost extent. The access road then turns west and curves to the north and runs along the western site boundary between Rookery North Pit lake and the Bedford to Bletchley railway line, that is currently occupied by an access track and a hedgerow running alongside the railway line. The Access Route meets Green Lane at its northernmost extent.

2.2.3 On-Site – Electrical Connection Area

The section of the site currently comprises agricultural land located adjacent to the south and southeast of the Rookery South clay pit. The land comprises around sixteen discrete fields. At the time of the walkover the land was mainly cropped with wheat.

The land rises to the crest of a hill some 600m to the south of the clay pit with maximum elevation of around 71 mAOD. This higher ground generally runs in a northwest/southeast direction, with land falling to the north towards the clay pit.

The London, Midland and Scottish mainline railway line runs through the central parts of this site area in a north-south direction. Millbrook Road also crosses the eastern portion of this site



area, orientated in a northeast-southwest direction; Millbrook Road crosses the mainline railway some 400m to the north of the southern site boundary.

33kV electricity pylons cross part of the Electrical Connection area. These enter along the central southern boundary of the site some 100m to the west of the railway. The pylons run in a north-westerly direction and exit the site boundary immediately to the south of South Pillinge Farm.

Two small watercourses (drainage ditches) are marked on the OS map as flowing through this land, one parallel to the west of the railway and another 500m to the west of the railway

- 2.2.4 Off-Site Generating Equipment Site
  - North: The remainder of the Rookery South clay pit bounds the north of the Generating Equipment Site site, beyond which is the Rookery North pit, Green Lane and the redundant Stewartby Brickworks site. Stewartby Village lies adjacent to the north of the Rookery North pit some 1200m to the north of the Generating Equipment Site.
  - East: The remainder of the Rookery South Pit bounds the east of the Generating Equipment Site, beyond which is a railway line and agricultural land.
  - West: The western edge of the Rookery South Pit bound the west of the Generating Equipment Site, beyond which there is a railway line and the Marston Vale Millennium Country Park.
  - South: The south of the Generating Equipment Site is bound by the Electrical Connection area that largely comprises the southern edge of the Rookery South pit and agricultural land.
- 2.2.5 Off-Site Generating Electrical Connection Area
  - North: Generating Equipment Site comprising the Rookery South pit and agricultural land to the east of the railway.
  - East: Predominantly agricultural land
  - South: Predominantly agricultural land
  - West: South Pillinge Farm, Station Lane, immediately beyond which Millbrook Vehicle Proving Ground is situated.

### 2.3 Summary of On-Site Historical Land Use

- 2.3.1 Electrical Connection Area
- The earliest available historical map (1883/1884) shows the Electrical Connection area to be undeveloped and comprise around twenty agricultural fields. The London, Midland and Scottish Railway is shown to bisect the eastern part of this land orientated in a north-south direction. Millbrook Road is marked within the eastern part of this area crossing the railway line via a bridge within the southeast corner. A small house and a well are marked close to the southern boundary adjacent to the east of Millbrook Road. Several drains running along field boundaries and tracks cross the area as well as two footpaths. An area of woodland in the south-western quadrant occupies approximately a fifth of the site area. Around eight small ponds are present within the eastern third of the site, possibly for livestock purposes.
- The next available map dated 1901 shows few on-site land-use changes. A small (70m x 100m) area of raised land labelled as 'Rises' is marked adjacent to the west of the railway line, close to the Millbrook Road bridge crossing. It is unclear from the map what this is used for.



- No further on-site land-use changes could be identified until the map dated 1978, whereby electricity pylons and associated cables are marked crossing this part of the site. The route of the pylons enters the site along the central part of the southern boundary and exits along the western boundary, 200m to the south of South Pillinge Farm.
- On the map dated 1990 the small ponds are no longer marked, and are assumed to have been infilled
- The 2006 map indicates that some of the field boundaries have been removed to make way for larger fields. The field drainage is more clearly marked with a drain running from close to the railway bridge in a northerly direction to the edge of the Rookery South clay pit, then tuning in a westerly direction towards South Pillinge Farm.
- The 2014 map shows no changes in land-use except for a 'mast' that is shown to have been erected adjacent to the east of the railway in the north of the site area.

#### 2.3.2 Generating Equipment Site

- The earliest available map indicates this area of the site falls within the boundaries of four agricultural fields. Two farm tracks originating from South Pillinge Farm cross this area.
- No land use changes are marked in this area of the site until the map dated 1982. This map shows that this part of the site and the extreme north of the Electrical Connection area is occupied by a clay pit, extending beyond the north of the site area and forming part of the wider Rookery South clay pit.
- By 2006 the clay pit is marked as disused with no features whatsoever marked within this part of the site, understood to now occupy part of the base of the clay pit.

#### 2.3.3 Access Road

- The earliest available map (1883) shows the proposed route of the access road to run alongside the Bedford Branch of the London and Northwest Railway, through four agricultural fields. No further features of note are marked within this site area.
- No changes in on-site land use are marked until the map dated 1982. This area of the site now lies wholly within the clay pits of Rookery South and Rookery North (marked as disused). A conveyor and an access track are marked running along the western pit boundary, these fall within the boundary of the access road where it follows this part of the site. An electrical substation is also marked within this area located some 300m to the south of Green Lane adjacent to the access track.
- The Map dated 2006 indicates that the part of the site which falls within the Rookery North pit is occupied by water, expected to be the flooded base of the clay pit. The conveyor remains along the western boundary although it is now shown to run in an easterly direction at the junction of the Rookery South and Rookery North pits. The base of the Rookery South pit is not shown to be flooded at this time.
- The next available map (2014) shows little change in the land use of this part of the site. Some water is now shown within the base of the Rookery South pit, and this is shown to underlie the eastern extent of this access road.

## 2.4 Summary of Notable Off-Site Historical Land Uses

The earliest available Ordnance Survey maps from 1889 – 1892 show that the proposed application site was situated in open agricultural land. The railway lines that border the Rookery Pits were already constructed at this time and Millbrook Station had been developed (700m to the southwest of the Generating Equipment Site) in association with the western railway line. The



Morteyns Arms Inn was also present adjacent to the station at this time. The settlement of 'Wooton Pillinge' is marked approximately 1.2km north of the proposed application site, and to the north of that, the early stages of the Pillinge Brickworks are shown (approx 1.8km N of the Generating Equipment Site). A group of buildings labelled as 'Pillinge Farm South' were located 400m to the southwest of the Generating Equipment Site. A number of footpaths and land drains ran across the area.

- The maps from 1901 show some small developments at the Millbrook Station with construction of a 'goods shed'. The 'Pillinge Brickworks' are shown to have undergone expansion, with two new clay pits shown adjacent to the railway line. Two semi-detached properties, marked as 'Pillinge Cottages, are also shown on the 1901 maps approximately 150m south of Pillinge Farm South.
- A 'Brickworks' is first noted on the 1902 map approximately 500m to the north of the Green Lane. Expansion of this brickworks site takes place over the subsequent decades, with an engine house marked by 1927. The clay pits adjacent to the west of the brickworks site are shown to have expanded and have reached their maximum extent by 1927. Significant expansion of the site is shown on the map dated 1938 with the Pillinge Brickworks site now renamed as the Stewartby Brickworks occupying a large area of land to the north of Green Lane. Continued expansion is shown up until the map dated 1983. By 1983 the site occupies an area of some 700m x 1800m with numerous chimneys, tanks kilns and conveyors marked. The Brickworks site now bounds the land adjacent to the north of Green Lane, some 50m to the north of the northern boundary of the proposed access road for the subject site.
- The 1938 maps show the start of construction of the village of Stewartby immediately to the north of Rookery North (1.2km N of the Generating Equipment Site).
- The commencement of clay extraction from Rookery North occurred in around 1960 with excavations starting in the north and progressing southwards. The excavations within Rookery North were nearing completion at the southern extent of the pit by the early 1970's. Further excavations progressed on the southern side of the central causeway within the Rookery South Pit and continued up until about 1986.
- Station Road was constructed in the early 1970s, connecting the town of Millbrook (to the south of the Generating Equipment Site) with Millbrook Station (to the southwest of the Generating Equipment Site).
- South Pillinge Farm was extended with construction of seven new outbuildings in the late 1970s. Pillinge Cottages (two semi detached properties), situated 140m south of the farm buildings, and an electrical sub-station, situated 250m north of the farm buildings, were also constructed at this time.
- Anecdotal accounts and review of historical aerial photographs suggest that the Rookery North pit was partially backfilled during the period from about 1971 to 1997. The Envirocheck report has indicated that the Rookery North pit was licensed as a 'co-disposal landfill'. Further details provided by the Environment Agency have indicated that non-hazardous organic waste from a variety of local industrial sources were mixed with surface waters from the Rookery Pit and 'Callow' deposits (see Section 5) and pumped into the base of the pit. The licensed area for these operations covered all of the Rookery North pit and the northern third of the Rookery South pit. A copy of the Environment Agency plan showing the extent of the licence boundary shows details of the waste sources as follows: non-notifiable mineral wastes (including 'neosid' ferrite sludge, lime and water from water softening treatments and Hargreaves fertiliser waste), food wastes (from Coca Cola, Rosa Poultry, Telfers and Unilever), leather wastes and gelatine wastes from 'Croda'.
- The 1983 maps show expansion of the village of Stewartby and the Stewartby Brickworks, to the north of the proposed application site. The brick pit adjacent to the Stewartby Brickworks is now shown to be partly occupied by land .and development of a large open area marked as a 'vehicle proving ground' 750m to the southwest of the proposed application site. The pits previously excavated to the northwest of the proposed application site are shown to be flooded and are



marked as 'Stewartby Lake'. Just to the south of Stewartby Lake, and to the west of the proposed application site, an additional lake is present. This area was further altered in the period between 1999 and 2008 when additional lakes had been created as wetland habitats (the 'Marston Vale Millennium Country Park').

An engineering works is noted some 250m to the southeast of the site boundary of the Electrical Connection area, marked within Reddings's Wood. Further expansion is shown on the map dated 1978 along with a factory. By 1990 several new buildings have been constructed, with the site now marked as an Engineering Research Establishment.



## 3 Environmental Setting

## 3.1 Geology

3.1.1 Geological Map and Regional Geology

According to the British Geological Survey (BGS) Geological Maps (1:50,000 Sheet 203 and 1:10,000 Sheet TL 04 SW) the solid geology of the area generally consists of the following sequence of strata:

- The Peterborough Member of the Oxford Clay Formation (highly plastic fossiliferous clay);
- Underlain by the Kellaways Formation (sandy clays and clayey sands of the Kellaways Sand Member with an underlying stiff shelly clay called the Kellaways Clay Member);
- Underlain by the Cornbrash Formation (limestone) and the Blisworth Clay Formation and Blisworth Limestone Formation at depth.

In the area of the proposed electrical Electrical Connection apparatus in the south of the site the geological map records unworked Oxford Clay comprising the Stewartby Member and the Weymouth Member which underlies the vast majority of this area. The Peterborough Member of the Oxford Clay is shown to outcrop in the northwest corner of the Electrical Connection area.

Small sections of the site area are indicated by the map as having superficial Quaternary Valley Gravel and Alluvium present, associated with former and current streams adjacent to the east of the railway line, albeit some of these deposits may have been removed by the more recent clay extraction works. A further tract of alluvial deposits is shown on the geological map being present adjacent to the east of South Pillinge Farm. Quaternary head deposits comprising clay, silt, sand and gravel are also marked in some parts of the site, namely along the southwestern boundary adjacent to south Pillinge Farm and another area in the southeast of the Electrical Connection area adjacent to Millbrook Road, and along Ampthill Road.

Superficial Deposits and weathered Oxford Clay were unsuitable for the brickmaking process and this material was removed and cast back into the pit. Locally it was called Callow and for the purposes of this report is called Callow, when in-situ, and Callow Clay Fill, when disturbed and placed at a new location. The Callow Clay Fill sometimes contains brick fragments because broken brick rubble was used for making temporary pads and machinery stands. Generally excavations left around 0.5 to 1.0m of remnant Oxford Clay in the base of the pit overlying the Kellaways Sand, although this was dependent on the workmanship of the machine operators and in places the layer of remnant clay is thicker or absent.

The unweathered Oxford Clay was called Knotts by the local brickmaking industry. The Oxford Clay Formation supported a major brickmaking industry locally because its high organic content reduced the amount of fuel required to 'fire' the clay, and its carbonate content was ideally suited to brickmaking.

Historical clay extraction from the Rookery Pit has resulted in ground levels in the base of the pit some 15m - 25m lower than the surrounding ground.

3.1.2 Site Specific Ground Conditions from Previous Ground Investigations

Information on the ground conditions from within the site have been taken from CL Associates (2000) and with reference to wider BGS records, and other studies undertaken by PBA in the vicinity of the site within Rookery South and North pits including PBA (2009b) and PBA (2011).



Copies of the exploratory hole records that fall within or close to the site area are presented in **Appendix 4**.

#### **Electrical Connection Area**

Exploratory hole records for this area are only present in the northwestern corner of this part of the site. The records from within this area confirm the presence of 'reworked topsoil' comprising soft brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly clay to around 0.2m bgl. This was reportedly underlain by weathered Oxford Clay comprising soft and firm light orange brown mottled slightly sandy clay proven to around 3.5m bgl. This was underlain by Oxford Clay recorded as firm dark green brown laminated very silty clay proven in the boreholes to depths of between 13.8m bgl (BH4) and 20.5m bgl (BH6). The Kellaways Formation was identified underlying the Oxford Clay, recorded as interbedded dark grey sand and firm grey green clay with occasional shell fragments. The Kellaways Formation was proven to between 19.75m bgl and 24.65m bgl in the areas investigated. The Cornbrash Formation recorded as dark grey fine to medium grained muddy limestone was identified underlying the Kellaways Formation, and was proven to a maximum depth of 24.9m bgl (BH6).

#### Generating Equipment Site and Access Road

On the basis of the available exploratory hole records, the strata thicknesses in the base of the pit are expected to be variable, although consistent in terms of sequencing. Made Ground in the form of Callow Clay fill was reported in several of the exploratory holes proven to a maximum depth of 4.70m in TP14, the base of the Made Ground was not proven in this location. In general the thicknesses of Made Ground (recorded as reworked clay comprising firm grey brown slightly gravelly cobbly clay) appear to be greater towards the centre of the pit. Where the exploratory holes are closer to the edges of the pit, the thicknesses of Made Ground are less or it is altogether absent. In BH13 Made Ground was recorded to a depth of 0.45m bgl, underlain by Oxford Clay proven to a depth of 4.0m bgl. This was underlain by the Kellaways Formation proven to 8.4m bgl, and then by the Cornbrash Formation proven to a depth of 8.8m bgl. The base of the Cornbrash was not proven.

Since the base of the pit is roughly level, on the basis of the exploratory hole records it is anticipated to be underlain by a thickness of either around 4m of Callow Clay or remnant Oxford Clay or a combination of the two depending on the location within the base of the pit.

#### 3.1.3 Slope Stability

#### Rookery South

At the time of the site walkover the majority of the western face of the Rookery South pit was observed to be formed at angles of 1Vertical(V):2Horizontal(H) to 1V:3H. The slope here rises from the base of the pit at approximately 26m AOD to 28m AOD to a bench level at approximately 38m AOD. The upper bench is approximately 30m in width, with a second slope further westwards rising to the perimeter level at approximately 42m AOD at an angle of approximately 1V:2.5H.

On the northern section of the western face, in the vicinity of the proposed access ramp, the slope profile is formed at characteristically lower gradients. The toe of the slope is situated along the same alignment as the section further south but the width of the upper bench is reduced from 30m to approximately 12m. The resultant slope is at a lower gradient than that further south and is formed at angles of 1V:3.5H to 1V:4H.

Inspection of the western pit face has not revealed the presence of significant failures other than minor slope wash and sloughing in the exposed face in places.

#### Rookery North

Within the Rookery North pit the southern and eastern pit faces have all been modified by the placement of sludge fill material covered with Callow Clay Fill in the base of the pit, forming shallow gradient slopes of around 1V:16H, that fan out from apparent deposition locations in



the south-eastern parts of the pit. These deposits typically extend part way up the pit faces but in the south-eastern corner of the pit, the bank of deposits extends up to the level of the central causeway at approximately 52m AOD. The western and north-western faces, where they boarder to the access road, appear to be at their as cut angles of approximately 1V:2H to 1V:3H. However, the full height of these faces is obscured by the water body in the pit and only the Callow faces can be seen.

Several small scale failures were noted within the exposed Callow faces along the central parts of the northern wall, i.e to the east of the new junction and access road. These small scale features have resulted in near vertical back scars of typically 1m - 2m in height. These failures coincide with the water levels within the lake and appear to represent a wave cut platform formed as a result of wave erosion affecting the stability of the Callow material.

3.1.4 Naturally Occurring Geological Hazards

An assessment of potential geological hazards that may give rise to instability or adverse foundation or construction conditions as supplied by the British Geological Survey (BGS) from their National Geoscience Information Service (NGIS) are presented in the Envirocheck Report reproduced in **Appendix 3**. The generic assessment is generated automatically based on digital geological maps and the scope and the accuracy is limited by the methods used to create the dataset and the excavations and landform modifications undertaken at the site. The BGS dataset is therefore only relavent for the search area.

The information contained in the Groundsure Report has been reviewed and where considered necessary reassessed considering the specific information available for the site. The modified assessment of the potential for geological hazards to be present on the site is summarised in **Table 3.1** below.

Hazard	BGS-NGIS Assessed Hazard Potential	PBA Assessment
Coal Mining Affected Areas	Not Affected	Agree
Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards	Very Low	Agree
Compressible Ground Stability Hazards	Very Low to Moderate	Agree – see below
Dissolution Hazard	No Hazard	Agree
Landslide Ground Stability	Very Low to Moderate	Agree – see below
Running Sand	No Hazard to Very Low	Agree
Shrinking or Swelling Clay	Moderate	Agree

#### Table 3.1 Summary of Geological Hazards from Groundsure Report

PBA would generally agree with the above assessments indicating that the site generally has a low or very low potential for being affected by the majority of geological hazards.

The exceptions to this are hazards associated with landslide ground stability which are anticipated to be related to the slopes of the Rookery South clay pit that cross part of the subject site.

Given the implementation of the Low Level Restoration Scheme before commencement of the project, this risk will be reduced to the level of very low through the regrading of the side slopes of the pit to a slope angle that will provide long term stability.

Compressible ground stability hazards are highlighted as moderate owing to the presence of callow clay fill within the base of the clay pit. Some of this fill will be in its 'as placed' unengineered condition and will be susceptible to long term consolidation settlement under its self-weight and/or any surface applied loads. Some engineered fill will be placed over the areas of callow clay fill to deliver the LLRS. PBA would tend to agree with this assessment on the basis of the exploratory hole records present within the site footprint, that suggest variable



proportions of compressible callow clay fill up to 4m thick may underlie parts of the Generating Equipment Site.

3.1.5 Radon

The Indicative Radon Atlas of England from Public Health England indicates the site is located in an area where no radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions.

3.1.6 Natural and Non-Coal Mining Cavity Records – Cavity Searches

A search of the PBA Natural and Non-Coal Mining Cavities Databases indicates that there are no known cavity locations within 2000m of the site boundary.

## 3.2 Hydrogeology

According to the Environment Agency website, the Oxford Clay, Kellaways Clay and the Blisworth Clay Formations are classified as Unproductive Strata, with the Cornbrash Formation a Secondary A Aquifer and the Blisworth Limestone Formation and Kellaways Sand a Principal Aquifer.

The clayey deposits of the Callow Clay Fill, Oxford Clay, Kellaways Clay and Blisworth Clay Formation have been shown to be of extremely low permeability and can be considered as being aquicludes. Whilst the Kellaways Sand and Cornbrash Formation are classified as Minor Aquifers, they have been shown by extensive investigation for the brickmaking, landfill/waste deposition industry and other developments, to be insignificant for water resources purposes in this region due to their limited thickness, low permeability and poor water quality. These formations are considered herein to act as aquitards. The Blisworth Limestone Formation has been shown to be of a slightly higher permeability but also of naturally poor water quality.

The elevation of the base of the pit inside the development area is between 27m and 30m AOD, and once the LLRS has been implemented the base of the pit is expected to lie between 31.6m and 31.0m AOD. Piezometric levels underlying the pit floor have been recorded at approximately 28m AOD to 29.5m AOD in the Kellaways Sand, approximately 27m AOD – 29.5m AOD in the Cornbrash Formation and approximately 30m AOD – 32m AOD in the Blisworth Limestone Formation. Although there is no evidence at all to suggest that hydraulic uplift (or heave) caused by groundwater pressures has occurred in the pit base in the past, assessments of the potential for hydraulic uplift have shown that the factor of safety is acceptable and there is no risk of heave occurring once the LLRS has been implemented. These assessments are given in PBA 2009 and PBA 2009b.

A summary of the permeabilities of the strata underlying the site and the respective groundwater elevations are presented in Table 3.2 below.

Strata	Recorded Groundwater	Recorded Permeability Range K
	Elevation (mAOD)	(m/s) from PBA 2009b
Callow Clay Fill	Limited perchad water only	$1.5 \times 10^{-10}$ to $9.5 \times 10^{-11}$
Oxford Clay Formation Knotts	Limited perched water only	$1.1 \times 10^{-10}$ to 5.2 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>
Kellaways Sand	28.36m to 29.71 mAOD	$1.1 \times 10^{-6}$ to 1.1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
Kellaways Clay		$4.2 \times 10^{-11}$
Cornbrash Formation	29.41 to 26.84 mAOD	<9.4 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> to 5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>
Blisworth Clay Formation		$5.7 \times 10^{-11}$ to 6.1 x $10^{-12}$
Blisworth Limestone Formation	30.46 to 32.63 mAOD	$1.1 \times 10^{-6}$ to 7.7 x $10^{-7}$

#### Table 3.2 Summary of Hydrogeological Information (Data from PBA 2009a)

## 3.3 Groundwater Conditions

Refer to Section 4 (Baseline Conditions)



## 3.4 Hydrology – Summary of Surface Water Monitoring Results

Assessment of the quality of the surface water bodies in the vicinity of Rookery Pit has been undertaken since 1999. During this time surface water samples have been taken from the lakes in Rookery South and Rookery North, Harrowden Brook, Elstow Brook, the drainage ditches to the south (the Mill Brook tributary) and west (Mill Brook watercourse) of the site and Stewartby Lake to the west of the proposed application site. A summary of the historical data is presented in the PBA (2009b) report.

Monitoring of the surface water quality within the lake in Rookery South, previously undertaken by CLA in 1999 – 2000, recorded elevated sulphate levels (1,500mg/kg – 2,000mg/kg) and electrical conductivity levels (2,800 $\mu$ S/cm – 3050 $\mu$ S/cm) but no other determinants tested were significantly elevated against the screening criteria such as cyanides, metals and potential organic contaminants. Similar conditions were recorded within the lake in the Rookery North pit at the same time. Monitoring of the surface waters within the ditches and brooks surrounding the Rookery Pits, undertaken at the same time, recorded similar conditions, albeit that the sulphate concentrations and electrical conductivity values were generally lower than within the lakes.

Monitoring of the surface water quality within Elstow Brook and the lakes in the Rookery North and Rookery South pits and the Stewartby Lake has been undertaken on four occasions by PBA (in June – August 2008, January 2009 and April 2011) as part of a study of the wider Marston Vale area. Water samples were analysed for suspended soils, copper, lead, zinc, phosphorus, dissolved oxygen, Biological Oxygen Demand, sulphate, ammonia, chloride, electrical conductivity, nitrate, pH and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons. The results showed similar characteristics as the data collected previously by CLA, with electrical conductivity levels and sulphate concentrations elevated within the lakes on the Rookery North and Rookery South pits but lower concentrations within the surrounding water bodies. Based upon the recorded BOD and ammonia results, water quality would be classified as Class A (very good) according to the Environment Agency GQA scheme.

#### 3.5 Landfill Records

According to the Envirocheck Report there is a landfill marked within the footprint of the Rookery North and the northern third of the Rookery South pits. The licence is held by London Brick Landfill Ltd at Rookery Clay Pit. Input dates were between 1971 and 1987 with deposited waste including industrial and household waste and liquid sludge. No other landfills are noted within 500m of the site boundary.

Previous investigations confirm that the Rookery South pit was not used for landfilling of household waste or liquid sludge, although the base of the pit has been proven to be underlain by a variable thickness of reworked clay in the form of Callow Clay Fill. It is understood a small area in the northeast corner of the Rookery South pit is underlain by a greater thickness of reworked clay that forms a lobe shaped feature. Extensive investigation of this feature (PBA 2011) suggests that it is inert and comprises reworked Callow Clay Fill, and does not include liquid wastes, sludges or household waste. Its origins are not entirely clear; however it is possible that this feature formed as a result of a land slip or from deposited clay overburden.

Previous testing undertaken on the Callow Clay fill and lobe feature in Rookery South (PBA 2011) indicates that the materials are inert in nature with low concentrations of potential contaminants with regard to the proposed end-use.

The Stewartby Landfill site is marked some 50m to the northwest of the location of the access road. EA records suggest this site last received waste in 1986 and the site received inert, household, industrial, commercial and special wastes.



## 3.6 Substantiated Pollution Incidents

The Envirocheck Report records one pollution incident to controlled waters approximately 250m to the northeast of the site boundary; none are recorded on-site. The incident is recorded as a Category 2 (minor incident) where treated sewage effluent affected Boiling Pot Brook.

## 3.7 Controlled Waters - Groundwater

The following table summarises information recorded in the Envirocheck report regarding hydrogeology and groundwater vulnerability.

Item	Details
Aquifer Classification	Bedrock (Oxford Clay) – Unproductive Strata
	Kellaways Sand – Secondary A Aquifer
	Cornbrash Formation – Secondary A Aquifer
	Superficial (Valley Gravel) – Secondary Aquifer
	Blisworth Limestone – Principal Aquifer
Depth to Groundwater	Measured at 31.2m OD on 04/08/14 (BH12)
Groundwater Flow Direction	Unknown
Source Protection Zone (SPZ)	Not within 500m of a SPZ
Groundwater Abstraction	None recorded within 1km of the site boundary

 Table 3.3
 Summary of Hydrogeology and Groundwater Vulnerability Related Information

### 3.8 Controlled Waters - Surface Water

The following table summarises the information recorded in the Envirocheck Report regarding hydrology.

Table 3.4 Summary of Surfa	ace Water Related Information
Item	Description
Name	Unnamed drains on-site classed as Tertiary Rivers.
	No Primary Rivers within 500m of the site boundary.
Quality	Unknown
Abstraction	One recorded on-site operated by R J Parish & Son for general agricultural
	use from a catch-pit at Ampthill. Two other abstractions for agricultural use
	are recorded off-site within 1km of the site boundary.
Pollution Incidents	See Section 3.4
Discharge Consents	One recorded on-site licensed to London Brick Company Ltd for the domestic discharge of treated effluent to a tributary of the Elstow Brook. Four other discharge consents are recorded within 500m of the site boundary, primarily associated with treated effluent. It is understood that a second discharge consent is also in force See Section 3.9 for further information.
River Flood Risk *	Site is not within a flood zone
Groundwater Flood Risk*	Unknown
* The scope of this report	does not include a flood risk assessment.

 Table 3.4
 Summary of Surface Water Related Information

## 3.9 Discharge Consents

The Envirocheck report details one discharge consent within the site boundary. The consent is related to discharge of final effluent from 3 Pillinge Cottages to a freshwater stream within the site boundary. The receiving water is noted to be a tributary of the Elstow Brook.

It is understood that a second consent is also active within the site boundary associated with the Rookery Pits, although this record is not identified within the Envirocheck Report. Details of this "trade effluent" discharge consent relating to the Rookery South and Rookery North pits have been previously supplied by the current landowners. The consent understood to be



currently in force, allows for pumping "trade effluent" (accumulated waters) from the Rookery Pits into the Mill Brook culvert beneath the railway line to the west of Rookery South and into Stewartby Lake. The points of note relating to this discharge consent are detailed below:

- The discharge must not contain any poisonous, noxious or polluting matter, or solid matter greater than 40mg/l;
- The discharge takes place through a brick lined channel into a partly culverted ditch leading to Stewartby Lake through an outlet at national Grid Reference TL 0112 4131;
- Whilst pumping is underway from the Rookery pits, sulphate and suspended solids concentrations are to be measured once a week (albeit that no constraints on concentrations are identified on the formal consent); and,
- The maximum volume of discharge is not to exceed 2,000m3 in a 24 hour period.

#### 3.10 Ecological Systems

The Magic Map website provides geographic information about the natural environment from across government bodies and is managed by Natural England. The website confirms that there are no statutory designated ecological systems on-site or within 500m of the site boundary.



## **4** Baseline Conditions - Groundwater Analysis

### 4.1 Introduction

On the 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> November 2014 the Project Site was visited to obtain surface water and groundwater samples from several locations in order to assess the surface water and groundwater quality.

Samples were obtained from the following locations and strata/source:

- BH102 (Kellaway Sands)
- BH103 (Kellaway Sands)
- BH104 (Kellaway Sands)
- BH105B (Kellaway Sands)
- BH206 (Cornbrash Formation)
- BH5 (Kellaway Sands)
- BH6 (Kellaway Sands)
- BH12 (Kellaway Sands)
- Rookery South Pit (Surface Water)
- Rookery North Pit (Surface Water)
- Western Ditch (Surface Water)

It was not possible to obtain water samples from boreholes BH8, BH2, BH3 and BH4, because the installations at these locations were lost/destroyed and consequently samples could not be recovered.

#### 4.2 Rationale

4.2.1 Laboratory Selection

Geoenvironmental testing was performed by Derwentside Environmental Testing Services (DETS). The designated laboratory is one of two approved by PBA and which holds UKAS certification and has MCERTS and/or ISO accreditation for the majority of tests scheduled.

Analytical testing for potential contaminants that might be associated with the past use of the site were scheduled on groundwater and surface water samples recovered from the site. In addition reference was also made with the historic testing undertaken at the site to

A total of 12 water samples were taken from the nine boreholes and three surface water locations. Table 5.2 details the geoenvironmental water testing scheduled by PBA.

Number of Tests	Description
12	Metals: Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Lead, Nickel, Selenium, Zinc, Mercury
12	PAH: Speciated Poly-aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
12	EPHe: Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons
12	<b>General Suite:</b> BOD, COD, Conductivity, Nitrate as NO3, Sulphate, DO, EC Chloride, Phosphate, Ammoniacal Nitrogen, TOC, TDS, TSS, Phenols and Total Cyanide

#### Table 4.1 Summary of Groundwater Analysis Scheduled

#### 4.2.2 QA/QC Measures for Groundwater Sampling

A dedicated length of 13mm Waterra tubing was used in each of the boreholes sampled to mitigate the potential for cross contamination.



The standpipes were purged (where possible) to ensure representative sampling of the groundwater body by removing three well volumes; this included both the volume of water within the standpipe itself and the volume contained within any filter pack placed around the standpipe.

Each groundwater sample consisted of two glass vials, a one litre glass bottle and a one litre plastic bottle.

As the water samples being obtained were considered to potentially contain volatile hydrocarbons, contact time with air was kept to a minimum. The sample was immediately sealed with no headspace and stored in a cool box.

The water samples were stored in cool boxes containing ice packs pending transportation.

The samples were transported to the laboratory (by overnight courier) on the day after collection.

#### 4.3 Hydrogeological Conditions

4.3.1 Groundwater Levels

Table 4.2 summarises the groundwater elevations recorded in the boreholes during the most recent monitoring rounds.

BH No	Borehole	March 2009	November 2009	November 2014	
	Elevation	Groundwater	Groundwater	Depth to	Groundwater
	(mAOD)	Elevation	Elevation	Groundwater	Elevation
		(mAOD	(mAOD)	(m bgl)	(mAOD)
BH102	38.41	30.84	-	8.465 [OC]	29.945
BH103	28.94	28.71	-	0.315 [MG]	28.625
BH104	28.89	28.59	-	0.395 [MG]	28.495
BH105B	28.96	28.79	-	1.210 [MG]	27.750
BH206	28.90	23.80	-	5.410 [KS]	23.490
BH5	49.097	-	39.92	9.884 [OC]	39.213
BH6	47.282	-	34.28	13.800 [OC]	33.482
BH12	43.667	-	32.06	12.318 [OC]	31.349

Table 4.2 Summary of Groundwater Elevations

In general the groundwater elevations within the Kellaway Sands are broadly similar to the available historic data. The groundwater elevations in the base of the pit are around 28.7mAOD and are consistent with the previous records. In BH102 which is located on the split level pit edge slope, the groundwater elevations recorded in November 2014 are around 0.9m lower than those recorded during the last monitoring visit in 2009.

BH206 which is screened within the Cornbrash Formation in the base of the pit recorded a broadly similar elevation to that recorded in 2009 at around 23.5m AOD.

Boreholes BH5, BH6 and BH12 are located around the perimeter of the Rookery South pit and are screened within the Kellaways Sand. The recent groundwater elevations recorded are around 0.7m lower during the recent round than the elevations recorded in 2009, although are broadly comparable.

#### 4.4 Review of Groundwater Chemical Testing Results

4.4.1 Selection of Tier 2 Assessment Criteria



The rationale for selection of generic assessment criteria routinely used by PBA has been used and a copy is presented in Appendix 5.

The groundwater bodies underlying the site locally are not abstracted for potable use and the site is subsequently not within a groundwater source protection zone. Test 2 Screening criteria for groundwater have therefore been selected as the screening criteria for groundwater impacts on a surface water body.

#### 4.4.2 Review of Historical Testing Results

In general, groundwater quality in the Kellaways Sand, the Cornbrash Formation and the Blisworth Limestone Formation in the region has been identified as being poor with saline conditions reported from the majority of reports and investigations (PBA, 2009b).

Historical monitoring of water quality within the Kellaways Formation and the Blisworth Limestone Formation (undertaken on 15 occasions during the period February 2000 – November 2002 by CLA within the monitoring boreholes installed as part of the CLA (2000) investigations) has confirmed that the quality of the groundwater within the Kellaways Formation and the Blisworth Limestone Formation is similar in nature, and is generally poor with elevated concentrations of electrical conductivity, chloride, sulphate, ammoniacal nitrogen, boron and zinc when compared to the relevant assessment criteria at the time.

The historical groundwater monitoring data was supplemented by groundwater samples taken from the Kellaways Formation as part of the PBA 2010 investigation from a total of three locations on two occasions. In general, the recent 2010 quality data was similar to that previously recorded by CLA. During the PBA 2010 investigation, hydrocarbon analysis of the groundwater retained from the Kellaways Formation from BH103 (on one occasion) recorded a concentration of 0.026mg/l. A subsequent sample was taken from the same borehole and the result showed a concentration below the detection limit. It is likely that the initial concentration was the result of remnant dilute drilling fluid within the borehole at the time of sampling on the first occasion, which has now been removed by the sampling and purging process.

4.4.3 Review of Recent Testing Results

The recent laboratory data, following a comparison with the screening criteria, is summarised in Table 4.3.

Determinand	Concentration Range (µg/l)	Assessment Criterion (µg/l) Test 2 Minimum	Exceedances Identified
Arsenic	0.78 – 2.7 (BH105B)	51.6	No
Cadmium	<0.03 – 0.06 (BH105B)	0.2	No
Chromium	<0.25 – 0.59 (BH206)	5	No
Lead	<0.09 – 0.65 (BH206)	7.3	No
Mercury	<0.01	1	No
Selenium	<0.25 – 1.4 (BH12)	-	-
Nickel	<0.5 – 14 (BH102)	20.2	No
Zinc	20 – 226 (BH103)	414	No
Copper	0.6 – 2.2 (West Ditch)	10.1	No
Total PAH	<0.04 – 15 (BH206)	-	-
Anthracene	<0.01 - <0.05	0.1	No
Benzo(a)pyrene	<0.01 - <0.05	-	-
Naphthalene	<0.01 – 0.49 (BH206)	2.4	No
Fluoranthene	<0.01 – 3.4 (BH206)	0.1	Yes (BH206)
TPH/EPH	25 – 2739 (BH206)	-	-
Phenol	<0.5	15.2	No

#### Table 4.3 Summary of Groundwater and Surface Water Chemistry Data



The results from the recent groundwater monitoring are included within Appendix 5. In general, the recent groundwater quality data is broadly similar to the available historic data from 2010 with the exception of BOD, COD, Total Suspended Solids, Total Dissolved Solids, EPH and PAH concentrations which were all generally higher in BH103, BH104 and BH105 and during the recent sampling round.

- Generally the samples had low concentrations of inorganics with none of the samples exceeding any of the adopted screening criteria.
- One concentration of Flouranthene within BH206 exceeded the adopted screening criterion for the protection of controlled waters.
- Concentrations of Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) were generally recorded at low concentrations at the site (<100µg/l). The exceptions to this are slightly elevated EPH concentrations within BH5, BH102 and particularly within BH206 which recorded an EPH concentration of 2739µg/l. BH206 is screened within the Cornbrash Formation and the sample contained a very high sediment content reflected by a suspended solids concentration of 100000mg/l. It is expected that this entrained sediment content has originated from the organic rich Oxford Clay, and consequently this is reflected in the results. There are no known hydrocarbon sources in the vicinity of the site and as such the slightly elevated EPH concentrations in these boreholes are not expected to be noteworthy or reminiscent of anthropogenic contamination within the groundwater beneath the site.</p>
- Concentrations of individual PAH compounds were generally not recorded above the laboratory method detection level in any of the samples analysed. The one exception to this is a concentration of Fluoranthene (3.4µg/l) in BH206 that exceeded the screening criterion of 0.1µg/l. This sample also contains and elevated EPH concentration expected to be a result of a high sediment content entrained within the sample. It is not expected that this exceedance is significant or noteworthy.

In summary, the quality of the groundwater recorded is considered to be naturally occurring and typical of baseline conditions in similar geological settings. There are no indicators of anthropogenic contamination.



## 5 Tier 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment

## 5.1 Introduction

The methodology developed and adopted by PBA for the assessment of ground conditions is presented in **Appendix 1**. In accordance with guidance presented in CLR 11 (EA Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination) we adopt a staged approach to risk assessment and this report presents a preliminary Tier 1 assessment.

The underlying principle to ground condition assessment is the identification of *pollutant linkages* in order to evaluate whether the presence of a source of contamination could potentially lead to harmful consequences.

## 5.2 Conceptual Site Model

The Tier 1 Preliminary Risk Assessment includes the development of a conceptual site model (CSM). The CSM describes the types and locations of potential contamination sources, the identification of potential receptors and the identification of potential transport/migration pathways.

For a pollutant linkage to be identified a connection between all three elements (source-pathway-receptor) is required.

## 5.3 Geoenvironmental Hazard Identification

5.3.1 On-Site - Electrical Connection Area

This part of the site is currently occupied by agricultural farmland, and historical map evidence suggests this has always been the case. Given the intended use of this part of the site to provide an electrical and gas Electrical Connection there are not anticipated to be any pollutant linkages present, since no significant plausible contamination sources have been identified and the end use will not introduce any new receptors.

The risk assessment has therefore only been taken forward for the Generating Equipment Site and the Access Road, where new plant, infrastructure and potential human heath receptors are expected to be introduced.

5.3.2 On-site – Generating Equipment Site and Access Road

The site is in the southwest corner of a much larger former clay pit. The brickworks manufacturing operation was located approximately 1.3km north of the site, and consequently any potential contamination sources linked to the process of manufacturing and firing of bricks are expected to be located far enough away to not affect the subject site.

A notable thickness of Callow Clay Fill (CCF) typically around 2.5m thick, but possibly in excess of 4.7m thick has been confirmed to be present across the Generating Equipment Site. This CCF has been recorded to take the form of reworked clay with occasional brick fragments and is consequently not expected to contain any significantly elevated concentrations of potential contaminants. Whilst contamination testing data is not available from the exploratory holes within the Generating Equipment Site itself, data is available from other exploratory holes within the Rookery South pit. The results of contamination testing undertaken by both CLA 2000 and by PBA 2009b for the consented Covanta RRF scheme are considered to be representative of the Generating Equipment Site because the historical and geographical setting of the Generating Equipment Site is identical to that of the wider pit area. Testing from the exploratory holes immediately adjacent to the Generating Equipment Site did not show any evidence of elevated concentrations of potential contaminants.



Whilst there is the potential for small pockets of sporadic and discreet localised contamination to be present within the CCF, it is considered that the frequency and magnitude of any such localised contamination will be very small based upon the currently available information.

Experience in contaminated land assessment by PBA of many other brickmaking sites from the same era in the former London Brick Company (LBC) landholding has indicated that the historical industrial activity of clay excavation and casting back of overburden, with reprofiling/landscaping carried out at these sites does not in itself give rise to significant levels of land contamination.

The potential for contamination to be present based on the past and present site use is assessed as classification score '1'; **Very Low**. (see Table 1, **Appendix 1**).

#### 5.3.3 Ground gases

The previous ground investigations have not encountered any significant quantities of organic materials within the deposits underlying the proposed application site; however the Oxford Clay Formation is known to contain clay of a high organic content. Together with the presence of CCF beneath the site area, there is expected to be a potential for the low concentrations of ground gases in the form of carbon dioxide. However, due to the very low permeability of the Oxford Clay Formation, the potential for any ground gases to migrate to the surface, or laterally, is considered to be low.

#### 5.3.4 Groundwater

In general, groundwater quality in the Kellaways Sand, the Cornbrash Formation and the Blisworth Limestone Formation in the region has been identified as being poor with saline conditions reported from the majority of reports and investigations. In particular the Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) screening criteria have been exceeded for Ammoniacal Nitrogen, Boron, conductivity and Chloride. The concentrations recorded are considered to be naturally occurring and typical of baseline conditions in similar geological settings, and not a result of the on-site ground conditions. There are no indicators of anthropogenic contamination, and hydrocarbons have not been recorded above the screening criteria in the more recent analyses undertaken.

#### 5.3.5 Surface Water

Similarly, previous testing undertaken on the surface waters that form part of the wider site area indicate that elevated sulphate and electrical conductivity levels are present in the surface waters at the site. These were the only parameters that exceeded the screening criteria, and based on the results of the BOD and ammonia results the surface water quality would be assessed a Class A (Very Good) according to the Environment Agency CQA Scheme.

In general, the surface water monitoring data largely reflects the chemistry of the groundwater data and shows that whilst naturally occurring substances are elevated within any relatively static water bodies (e.g Rookery North and Rookery South lakes), no significant anthropogenic contamination of the surface waters is occurring.

#### 5.3.6 Off-Site

The application area lies within a predominantly agricultural setting and consequently potential off-site sources of contamination were generally not identified. The exception to this is the Pillinge (Stewartby) Brickworks site and the Stewartby Landfill (which lie adjacent to the northern site boundary of the access road), the railway lines and sidings and South Pillinge Farm.

Millbrook Vehicle Proving Ground is located adjacent to the southwest boundary of the Electrical Connection area; however there are no records of any pollution incidents arising



from this facility within the Envirocheck Report. Furthermore, the distance of these sources from the site boundary in conjunction with the expected low permeability of the underlying geology means that any off-site contamination (if present) is not likely to affect the subject site, because there are not expected to be any feasible transmission pathways.

Given the observations made during the previous investigations and the groundwater and surface water quality data that has been previously collected from the wider Marston Vale area, it is considered that the risk to the application site associated with potential off-site contamination to be present based on the past and present off-site land-use is assessed as classification score '1'; **Very Low**. (see Table 1, **Appendix 1**).

- 5.3.7 Summary of Potential Contaminants of Concern within Generating Equipment Site and Access Road Site Area
  - Ground Gases Carbon Dioxide

#### 5.4 Hazard Assessment

In order to determine whether the identified hazards pose a risk it is necessary to identify the presence of potential receptors and pathways by which they can be exposed to the hazard.

5.4.1 Identification of Potential Receptors

Potential receptors identified by this assessment and determination of the sensitivity/value are presented in Table 5.1 below.

Item	Comment	Receptor/Sensitivity
Human Health Current	Undeveloped – Receptors not Present	No - Eliminated
Human Health Future	Commercial /Industrial	Yes – 4
Neighbouring Human Health	None Nearby	No – Eliminated
Construction Workers	Construction Activities Expected	Yes – 4
Groundwater	Underlying aquifers shown not be chemically affected by on-site ground conditions, however site development may introduce preferential pathways into the underlying ground depending on the adopted foundation solution.	Yes – 3
Surface Water	Yes – Surface water in the base of the pit will be managed	Yes – 3
Construction Materials	Services and Foundations	Yes – 2
Animals and crops	No animal/crops and no foreseeable change	No – Eliminated
Ecological Systems	No designated sites within 500m	No - Eliminated
Historical / Archaeological	No identified sites within 250m	No - Eliminated

#### Table 5.1 – Potential Receptors

#### 5.4.2 Identification of Potential Pathways and Pollutant Linkages

Table 2 in the PBA methodology describes possible pathways for each receptor type. The assessment of the potential pollutant linkages identified using information on potential sources, receptors and exposure pathways is presented as a table within **Appendix 6**.



## 5.5 Risk Estimation

Risk estimation involves predicting the likely consequence (what degree of harm might result) and the probability that the consequences will arise (how likely the outcome is). The table in **Appendix 6** summarises the estimated risks for the identified pollutant linkages.

When there is a pollutant linkage (and therefore some measure of risk) it is necessary to determine whether the risk matters and therefore whether further action is required. Risk estimation involves predicting the likely consequence (what degree of harm might result) and the probability that the consequences will arise (how likely the outcome is).

The table in **Appendix 6** presents an assessment of consequence and probability for each potential pollutant linkage identified. Based on the information available, and assuming a worst case scenario, the estimated risks have been designated as follows:

- Human Health Future Users Very Low
- Human Health Construction Workers Very Low
- Groundwater Very Low
- Surface Water Very Low
- Buildings / Services Very Low

During construction phase the underlying ground will be exposed and there is an enhanced short term risk.

The highest estimated risk of Very Low for human health is a function of:

- The relative absence of any likely potential sources of contamination.
- The relativeley low sensitivity of the proposed end use with regard to human health.
- The low sensitivity of the environmental setting surrounding the site.

A very low risk is defined as where 'there is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised it is not likely to be severe.'

#### 5.5.1 Ground Gases

It is anticipated that the risks to human health arising from naturally occurring ground gases in the clay beneath the site will be low to moderate, and it is anticipated (subject to testing) that any confined spaces may require gas protection measures and/or passive ventilation.

#### 5.6 Risk Evaluation

Possible pollutant linkages are determined using professional judgement. If a linkage is considered possible, it is considered that this represents a potentially 'unacceptable risk' and therefore requires further consideration. This may be through remediation or mitigation or through further tiers of assessment.

### 5.7 Confidence and Uncertainty

Based on the known current and historical land uses, the overall potential for significant or widespread contamination to be present on the site is considered to be **Very Low**. Based on the available information on ground conditions, the potential for any deleterious material producing hazardous ground gases to be present is considered to be **Low** to **Moderate**.



The assessment presented herein is based on publically available land use and third party reports on intrusive investigations. Whilst the third party reports provide comfort that there is not likely to be site-wide gross contamination it is considered plausible, but unlikely, that there may be potential small scale, sporadic and discrete localised sources of contamination present on site that have not been identified as part of the current and previous studies. An intrusive investigation would be required to provide actual ground condition data to confirm the presence/absence of contamination.



## 6 Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment

## 6.1 Introduction

The following assessments have been undertaken in accordance with the NPPF, in order to determine whether the land is potentially unstable and identify any appropriate remedial, preventative or precautionary measures, as required. The assessments include consideration of the potential for unstable slopes, ground compression and shrinkage/heave in the context of the proposed development and the local geographical environment.

The following sections of the report are based upon the geological / geotechnical information that has been collated from previous ground investigations and published information.

## 6.2 Implications of Proposed Low Level Restoration Scheme (LLRS)

It is recognised that the proposed LLRS will take place prior to commencement of the development. The LLRS will include regrading levels within the base of the pit by cut and placement of engineered fill, including the winning of clay fill from parts of the wider area. The earthworks in the base of the pit will be undertaken by placing Oxford Clay Fill in layers to raise ground levels and produce a fall across the pit towards an attenuation pond in the northern part of the Rookery South pit. It is proposed that the resulting topographic levels beneath the Generating Equipment Site will be approximately 31.8m AOD – 31.2m AOD, which equates to a limited thickness of fill above current levels of circa 0.5m in places and cut of up to 1.2m.

### 6.3 Potential Ground Settlement

Historically the Callow Clay Fill was placed in the base of the pit without any compaction or surcharge control measures having been implemented, and will have settled under its self-weight ever since. Parts of the Rookery South Pit have previously become inundated with water, albeit these are largely located in areas away from the proposed Generating Equipment Site, but may affect the access route in the base of Rookery South pit. These deposits may therefore currently be present in a relatively soft and compressible nature. Any new fill placed in the base as part of the LLRS will therefore induce additional consolidation settlement of the underlying historical Callow Clay Fill.

PBA have previously undertaken detailed research and analysis of the potential for settlements to be induced by loading of historical Callow Clay Fill in the base of similar pits excavated in the Oxford Clay. Assessments have included one dimensional consolidation analysis in the laboratory and monitoring of in-situ settlements caused by surcharge loading. Results of one-dimensional consolidation testing showed  $M_v$  values, which describe the total magnitude of settlement, generally in the range  $0.3 \text{ m}^2/\text{MN}$  to  $0.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{MN}$ . Corresponding  $C_v$  values, which describe the time required for settlement to occur, ranged from  $0.2 \text{ m}^2/\text{year}$  to  $1.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{year}$ . It has, however, been recognised that the  $C_v$  values from consolidation tests show considerable variation and estimates of the time required for settlement to occur are sensitive to these variations. Back-analysis of the in-situ settlement recorded in association with the construction of an earth embankment over Callow Clay Fill estimated actual  $C_v$  values in the range  $1.6 \text{ m}^2/\text{year}$  to  $3 \text{ m}^2/\text{year}$ .

Utilising relatively conservative values, with an Mv value of 0.4 m2/Mn and a Cv value of 2 m2/year, preliminary calculations show that for 0.5m of engineered fill placed over 2.5m Callow Clay Fill total settlements of about less than 20mm can be expected. In areas where thicker deposits of Callow Clay Fill have been recorded, or alternatively where thicker deposits of engineered fill will be placed, larger settlements will take place. It is, however, recognised that some areas of relatively thick Callow Clay Fill form topographic high points and will therefore require less engineered fill in order to produce the required platform levels.


The currently envisaged programme for the placement of engineered fill as part of the LLRS and the subsequent development works suggests that construction will commence almost immediately after completion of the earthworks for the LLRS in the Generating Equipment Site and will be largely completed within 12 months. Given this timescale, settlement of the Callow Clay Fill induced by placement of any residual engineered fill will not be fully mobilised prior to construction and recognition of such should therefore be made in respect of the design of hard-surfacing and infrastructure not founded upon deeper naturally occurring materials, particularly in respect of any differential settlement that might occur. It may be necessary to incorporate mitigation measures into the design such as ground improvement or geogrid reinforcement to stiffen the ground present.

Particular attention will need to be given to any areas where the characteristics and thicknesses of the underlying deposits vary across short distances such as at the edges of the pit. Here, there may be a considerable thickness on unimproved Callow Clay Fill banked against the relatively incompressible natural ground forming the steep original pit edge. Infrastructure such as roads, pavements and utilities could be at risk from unacceptably high magnitudes of differential settlement and careful consideration should be made of this risk in their design.

## 6.4 Access Road and Green Lane Junction

The proposed development includes for provision of a new vehicular access junction from Green Lane into the existing open access area adjacent to the north-western corner of the Rookery North pit. In order to facilitate the required turning arcs for large construction vehicles the access road may pass relatively close to the perimeter crest of the pit. The design of the access road must therefore include assessment of the slope angle, the distance between the road and the slope and the resultant slope stability.

Improvements to the slope profile within Rookery North pit in the north-western corner following further bathymetric surveys and stability analysis have been submitted and approved as part of the discharge of the LLRS planning conditions.

## 6.5 Foundations

The ground conditions on the proposed application site are, in general, expected to form a suitable platform for the construction of proposed facility. For very lightly loaded elements of the proposed facility and elements that are able to tolerate differential movements, shallow spread footings constructed within the remaining Oxford Clay, and possibly in the overlying Callow Clay Fill and engineered development platform fill, could be an appropriate option.

## 6.6 Floor Slabs and Pavements

Based upon the expected ground conditions present on the Generating Equipment Site, comprising Callow Clay Fill overlain by a limited thickness of engineered fill placed in the base of the pit as part of the LLRS, it is expected that lightly loaded ground bearing floor slabs and pavements constructed on a suitable depth of capping/sub-base and reinforced by geogrid as necessary will prove adequate.

However, given the relatively soft nature of the Callow Clay Fill, any heavily loaded floor slabs will either need to be suspended on to piles or the ground will require improvement before the slabs are cast. Potential ground improvement techniques could include preloading and surcharging of the Callow Clay Fill in order accelerate the settlements, or improvement of soft materials by in-situ ground improvement techniques, such as the installation of vibratory stone or concrete columns. It should be recognised; however, that surcharging is a process that requires a certain period of time for porewater pressures to dissipate and for primary settlements to take place and it may be necessary to install additional drainage such as vertical sand drains for this to take place during an acceptable timescale.



## 6.7 Clay Volume Change Potential

Due to the highly plastic nature of the Oxford Clay, and the Callow deposits derived from it, the soils are liable to shrink or swell in response to changes in moisture content. Such changes in moisture content can occur due to seasonal or climatic effects but more commonly structural damage can occur when trees and hedgerows remove moisture from the soil at depth. Conversely removal of trees can cause swelling and structural damage as the soils resaturate.

Guidance on foundation design in such circumstances is given in BRE Digests 240, 241, 242, 298 and 412, and also in NHBC Standards Chapter 4.2, which can be applied as equally as appropriate to industrial buildings as houses. The historical laboratory testing on the soils present indicates that the in-situ Callow deposits exhibit a high volume change potential whilst the Callow Clay Fill and the Knotts exhibit a generally moderate volume change potential. It is recommended that a high volume change potential is assumed for those fill deposits that will be placed into the base of the pit as part of the LLRS. Particular attention will need to be given to the design of any foundations within the tree root zone of influence of the extensive tree screen proposed as part of the landscaping of the proposed application site.

NHBC Chapter 4.2 recommends that for foundations outside of the zone of influence of any proposed trees or shrubs a minimum foundation depth of 1.0m should be adopted for high volume change potential soils. For any foundations inside the potential zone of influence of any proposed trees or shrubs foundation depths of 1.5m are appropriate, providing that absolute limits are agreed within the planting schedules to exclude any tree planting a certain distance to the foundations. The reader is referred to the NHBC guidance for further details regarding the zone of influence identified for a variety of different tree species.

## 6.8 Chemical Attack on Buried Concrete

It should be recognised that the Oxford Clay is known to be sulphate and pyrite bearing and can therefore be corrosive to buried concrete. Groundwater and surface water monitoring data has also indicated that the waters present at the proposed application site are characterised by high chloride and high sulphate concentrations. It is recommended that checks on site specific conditions should be made prior to construction and the mix design of buried concrete should follow the recommendations of BRE Special Digest 1: Concrete in Aggressive ground (2005). Generally a design sulphate class of DS4 is required in Oxford Clay terrain and subject to groundwater considerations an ACEC class of AC-4 is adopted for mobile groundwater conditions.

## 6.9 Slope Stability

A number of both small scale and large scale instability features have been noted within the Callow and Knotts slopes of the strata in the side walls of the Rookery South pit. The length of side wall adjacent to the proposed location of the Generating Equipment Site is however formed at slacker angles with a bench of 30m width formed part-way down the slope. Here the original pit edges have been modified in the earlier stages of a former restoration programme that was not fully implemented. The gradient of the slopes on this face are formed at angles of approximately 1V:3H to 1V:2H. The overall profile is formed at approximately 1V:4.5H.

The results of a survey of the slope condition on motorway earthworks (Perry, 1989) indicates that slopes greater than 2.5m high, constructed using material sourced from the Oxford Clay Formation, should have a gradient no steeper than 1V:3.5H to limit the risk of slope failure to less than 1 per cent within 20 years of construction. Where the slopes are formed at a gradient steeper than 1V:3.5H, weathering and progressive softening of the near-surface soils on the slope may result in shallow translational and flow movements through the soils near the base of the root system of the vegetation on the slope. For slopes at about 1V:2.5H, the risk of such failures occurring within about 10 years of construction was reported to be about 20%.



In the western parts of the Generating Equipment Site, the proposed slope gradient as a result of the LLRS earthworks will provide a resultant slope gradient equivalent to approximately 1V:3.5H.

## 6.10 Potential for Hydraulic Uplift

When the piezometric pressure in a relatively permeable stratum exceeds the confining overburden pressure of the relatively impermeable strata overlying it, then there is a theoretical risk of heave or hydraulic uplift. However, the inherent strength and cohesion of the confining strata (rather than just its downward acting mass) can also contribute to the resisting downward forces acting against the uplift. Therefore with essentially impermeable deposits (remnant Oxford Clay and Callow Clay Fill) overlying slightly more permeable deposits (Kellaways Sand), and with relatively high piezometric levels recorded in boreholes around the perimeter of the proposed application site, there might be a risk that hydraulic uplift may occur in the pit base where the thickness of the overlying impermeable deposits has been reduced by excavation works and overburden pressures therefore reduced. It should be noted that hydraulic uplift has not occurred in this pit although the theoretical possibility remains.

Previous groundwater monitoring undertaken at the proposed application site has shown that piezometric levels within the Kellaways Sand are at, or close to, the topographic levels currently present within the base of the pit. However, the permeability of the Kellaways Sand has been shown by historical investigations to be relatively low ( $2.4 \times 10^{-6}$  m/s to  $5.1 \times 10^{-7}$  m/s) and the potential for significant hydraulic pressure to build up is therefore considered to be very low.

Calculations of the potential for basal heave have been undertaken using stratigraphical information collected during historical ground investigations undertaken at the proposed application site by CL Associates in 2000 (CLA, 2000) and maximum recorded piezometric levels based on hydrogeological information collected during groundwater monitoring undertaken by CLA between 2000 and 2002 and by PBA in June and September 2008. The factor of safety against the potential for heave to occur as a result of piezometric pressures within the Kellaways Sand, Cornbrash Formation and the Blisworth Limestone Formation, has been calculated by comparing the uplift pressure from each respective groundwater body, measured at boreholes located within the base of the pit, to the vertical overburden pressure applied by the overlying deposits based on the proposed basal formation levels at these locations. The results show that a factor of safety against basal heave of 1.5 or more is present and basal heave is therefore considered unlikely to occur.

The proposed regrading works included as part of the LLRS will result in a platform at approximately 31m AOD - 31.8m AOD. These works will effectively require placement of up fill in places but removal of soil in other areas where ground levels are currently slightly higher than the proposed platform levels. In general, comparing the depth to the Kellaways Sand Formation, recorded during previous ground investigations, with the proposed development platform level indicates that the Kellaways Sand will be overlain by approximately 5m - 10m of very low permeability in-situ Oxford Clay and re-worked Callow Clay fill and basal heave is considered highly unlikely to occur.

## 6.11 Surface Water Disposal

The Oxford Clay and underlying Kellaways Sand are of a very low permeability and there is therefore no scope for the use of infiltration drainage within the proposed application site. As a result, the LLRS includes development of a surface water attenuation pond and associated pumping station in order to control the surface waters within the pits.

It is understood that the drainage of the proposed application site will be via a series of surface water interceptor channels flowing under gravity to the surface water attenuation pond. Levels within the attenuation pond will be controlled by stage pumping any accumulated waters via an existing culvert into Mill Brook and ultimately Stewartby Lake.



# 7 Conclusions and Recommendations

## 7.1 Conclusions

The Project Site spans several different parts of the Rookery South site, and includes a large Electrical Connection area that falls outside the clay pit adjacent to the south of the pit. The Generating Equipment Site of the site falls within the southwest corner of the Rookery South clay pit that provided clay to the nearby Stewartby brickworks. It is understood that clay extraction from this area ceased in 1986. The remaining parts of the Project Site lie to the south of the clay pit and comprise agricultural land that forms part of the Electrical Connection area. Evidence from historical maps suggests that this land has always been in agricultural use.

From a review of the available desk based information it is likely that Callow Clay Fill in the form of reworked clay underlies the base of the clay pit in the Project Site. Indications are that this could be in excess of 4.5m deep in some parts although more typically around 2.5m thick. Chemical testing data is not available on this from within the actual site area, although records from samples taken elsewhere within the wider confines of Rookery South Pit indicate that the material is typical of reworked clay with rare inclusions of brick, and consequently this is not expected to represent a potential source of contamination.

With regard to the Electrical Connection area, there are not expected to be any new receptors introduced, since the area will only be used to provide a below ground gas and above ground electricity Electrical Connection. Furthermore there are not expected to be any notable on-site or plausible off-site sources of contamination in this area, potential hazards associated with ground contamination have therefore not been identified in this part of the site, and hence the risk assessment for this area has not been taken forward.

Whilst it is possible that the reworked Callow Clay Fill within the base of the clay pit may contain isolated, discrete and localised elevated concentrations of potential contaminants, this is considered unlikely on the basis of the testing carried out elsewhere on the site. Furthermore the low sensitivity of the proposed end-use in this area means that even if any localised contamination were present, it is unlikely that any pollutant linkages between the end-users and the ground will be active.

Nevertheless, the presence of Callow Clay fill and the organic rich Oxford Clay Formation could represent a possible low level Carbon Dioxide ground gas source that could migrate to the ground surface via permeable pathways in the reworked ground, or via anthropogenic caused during construction.

Potential pollutant linkages have been identified within the Generating Equipment Site of the site only. Using the information on potential sources (contaminant types), receptors and exposure pathways the estimated risks for the identified pollutant linkages have been assessed as Very Low in all cases (human health and controlled waters). The exception to this is risk associated with naturally occurring ground gas (carbon dioxide) within the underlying clay, further investigation will be required to assess this risk, and it should not be ruled out that some form of mitigation in the form of gas protection measures may be required.

It is therefore considered that the site is unlikely to be designated as "contaminated land" under Part IIA.

Possible pollutant linkages have been identified in the Generating Equipment Site and Access Road only, but these risks have been assessed to be Very Low. It is considered that the risks can be managed and reduced to an acceptable level through a combination of mitigation, remediation, design and adoption of good practice measures during construction.



## 7.2 Geotechnical Conclusions

It is recognised that the proposed LLRS will take place prior to commencement of the development. The LLRS will include regrading levels within the base of the pit by cut and placement of engineered fill, including the winning of lay fill from parts of the wider site area. The earthworks in the base of the pit will be undertaken by placing Oxford Clay Fill in layers to raise ground levels and produce a fall across the pit towards an attenuation pond in the northern part of the Rookery South pit. It is proposed that the resulting topographic levels beneath the Generating Equipment Site will be approximately 31.8m AOD – 31.2m AOD, which equates to a limited thickness of fill above current levels of circa 0.5m in places and cut of up to 1.2m. In the western parts of the Generating Equipment Site, the proposed slope gradient as a result of the LLRS earthworks will provide a resultant slope gradient equivalent to approximately 1V:3.5H to limit the risk of slope failure to less than 1 per cent within 20 years of construction.

The ground conditions on the proposed application site are, in general, expected to form a suitable platform for the construction of proposed facility. For very lightly loaded elements of the proposed facility and elements that are able to tolerate differential movements, shallow spread footings constructed within the remaining Oxford Clay, and possibly in the overlying Callow Clay Fill and engineered development platform fill, could be an appropriate option.

It should be recognised that the Oxford Clay is known to be sulphate and pyrite bearing and can therefore be corrosive to buried concrete. Generally a design sulphate class of DS4 is required in Oxford Clay terrain and subject to groundwater considerations an ACEC class of AC-4 is adopted for mobile groundwater conditions.

## 7.3 Recommendations

It is recommended that a Geotechnical Ground Investigation is carried within the Generating Equipment Site to inform the foundation design of the proposed infrastructure within the Generating Equipment Site of the site. The ground investigation should primarily target the parts of the site that fall within the base of the clay pit to ascertain the nature and extent of the Callow Clay Fill present.

Given the anticipated low level of contamination risk throughout the application area and its proposed end-use, it is anticipated that the requirement to carry out a bespoke Phase 2 geoenvironmental intrusive investigation is not required. It is not expected that a ground investigation of any type will be required for the Electrical Connection area owing to the lack of feasible contamination hazards and receptors within this part of the site.

It may however be prudent to obtain soil samples for geoenvironmental screening during the geotechnical ground investigation in the Generating Equipment Site, and to simultaneously install groundwater/gas monitoring standpipes during these works. This should be followed up by a robust groundwater/gas monitoring programme. It is expected that any requirement for contamination testing be satisfactorily dealt with by planning conditions incorporated in any granted Outline Planning Consent.

It is nevertheless recommended that a programme of groundwater and surface water monitoring is carried out for the site to provide information on the current baseline conditions prior to construction at the site.



## 8 Essential Guidance for Report Readers

This report has been prepared within an agreed timeframe and to an agreed budget that will necessarily apply some constraints on its content and usage. The remarks below are presented to assist the reader in understanding the context of this report and any general limitations or constraints. If there are any specific limitations and constraints they are described in the report text.

The opinions and recommendations expressed in this report are based on statute, guidance, and best practice current at the time of its publication. Peter Brett Associates LLP (PBA) does not accept any liability whatsoever for the consequences of any future legislative changes or the release of subsequent guidance documentation, etc. Such changes may render some of the opinions and advice in this report inappropriate or incorrect and the report should be returned to us and reassessed if required for re-use after one year from date of publication. Following delivery of the report PBA has no obligation to advise the Client or any other party of such changes or their repercussions.

Some of the conclusions in this report may be based on third party data. No guarantee can be given for the accuracy or completeness of any of the third party data used. Historical maps and aerial photographs provide a "snap shot" in time about conditions or activities at the site and cannot be relied upon as indicators of any events or activities that may have taken place at other times.

The conclusions and recommendations made in this report and the opinions expressed are based on the information reviewed and/or the ground conditions encountered in exploratory holes and the results of any field or laboratory testing undertaken. There may be ground conditions at the site that have not been disclosed by the information reviewed or by the investigative work undertaken. Such undisclosed conditions cannot be taken into account in any analysis and reporting.

This report has been written for the sole use of the Client stated at the front of the report in relation to a specific development or scheme. The conclusions and recommendations presented herein are only relevant to the scheme or the phase of project under consideration. This report shall not be relied upon or transferred to any other party without the express written authorisation of PBA. Any such party relies upon the report at its own risk.

The interpretation carried out in this report is based on scientific and engineering appraisal carried out by suitably experienced and qualified technical consultants based on the scope of our engagement. We have not taken into account the perceptions of, for example, banks, insurers, other funders, lay people, etc, unless the report has been prepared specifically for that purpose. Advice from other specialists may be required such as the legal, planning and architecture professions, whether specifically recommended in our report or not.

Public or legal consultations or enquiries, or consultation with any Regulatory Bodies (such as the Environment Agency, Natural England or Local Authority) have taken place only as part of this work where specifically stated.



## 9 References

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# **FIGURES**

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J:\31116 (Millbrook Environmental)\3009 - Geo Phase 1\04 CAD & Graphics\COREL



# **APPENDIX 1**

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## PBA Methodology for Assessing Land Contamination in England

#### 1 Introduction

This document defines the approach adopted by PBA in relation to the assessment of land contamination in England. The aim is for the approach to (i) be systematic and objective, (ii) provide for the assessment of uncertainty and (iii) provide a rational, consistent, transparent framework.

When preparing our methodology we have made reference to various technical guidance documents and legislation referenced in Section 7 of which the principal documents are (i) Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance (Defra 2012), (ii) the Model Procedures for the Management of Contamination (CLR 11) (EA 2004), (iii) Contaminated land risk assessment: A guide to good practice (C552) (CIRIA 2001) and (iv) National Planning Policy Framework (DCLG 2012).

#### 2 Dealing with Land Contamination

Government policy on land contamination aims to prevent new contaminated land from being created and promotes a risk based approach to addressing historical contamination. With regard to historical contamination, regulatory intervention is held in reserve for land that meets the legal definition and cannot be dealt with through any other means, including through planning. Land is only considered to be "contaminated land" in the legal sense if it poses an unacceptable risk.

UK legislation on contaminated land is principally contained in Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act, 1990 (which was inserted into the 1990 Act by section 57 of the Environment Act 1995). Part 2A was introduced in England on 1 April 2000 and provides a risk-based approach to the identification and remediation of land where contamination poses an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment. In 2004 the Model Procedures for the Management of Contamination (CLR 11) were published providing guidance on how the statutory requirements were to be delivery. The approach, concepts and principles for land contamination management promoted by CLR 11 are applied to the determination of planning applications.

Other legislative regimes may also provide a means of dealing with land contamination issues, such as the regimes for waste, water, environmental permitting, and environmental damage. Further, the law of statutory nuisance may result in contaminants being unacceptable to third parties whilst not attracting action under Part 2A or other environmental legislation.

#### 2.1 Part 2A

The Regulations and Statutory Guidance that accompanied the Act, including the Contaminated Land (England) Regulations 2006, has been revised with the issue of The Contaminated Land (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012 (SI 2012/263) and the Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance for England 2012.

Part 2A defines contaminated land as "land which appears to the Local Authority in whose area it is situated to be in such a condition that, by reason of substances in, on or under the land that significant harm is being caused, or there is a significant possibility that such harm could be caused, or pollution of controlled waters is being, or likely to be, caused'.

Harm is defined as "harm to the health of living organisms or other interference with the ecological systems of which they form part, and in the case of man, includes harm to his property".

For the purposes of Part 2A, land is contaminated if it poses a significant possibility of significant harm (SPOSH).

Part 2A provides a means of dealing with unacceptable risks posed by land contamination to human health and the environment, and under the guidance enforcing authorities should seek to find and deal with such land. It states that "under Part 2A the starting point should be that land is not contaminated land unless there is reason to consider otherwise. Only land where unacceptable risks are clearly identified, after a risk assessment has been undertaken in accordance with the Guidance, should be considered as meeting the Part 2A definition of contaminated land". Further the guidance makes it clear that "regulatory decisions should be based on what is reasonably likely, not what is hypothetically possible".

The overarching objectives of the Government's policy on contaminated land and the Part 2A regime are:

- "(a) To identify and remove unacceptable risks to human health and the environment.
- (a) To seek to ensure that contaminated land is made suitable for its current use.
- (b) To ensure that the burdens faced by individuals, companies and society as a whole are proportionate, manageable and compatible with the principles of sustainable development".

The enforcing authority may need to decide whether and how to act in situations where decisions are not straight forward, and where there is uncertainty. "In so doing, the authority should use its judgement to strike a reasonable balance between: (a) dealing with risks raised by contaminants in land and the benefits of remediating land to remove or reduce those risks; and (b) the potential impacts of regulatory intervention including financial costs to whoever will pay for remediation, health and environmental impacts of taking action, property blight, and burdens on affected people". The authority is required to "take a precautionary approach to the risks raised by contamination, whilst avoiding a disproportionate approach given the circumstances of each case". The aim is "that the regime produces net benefits, taking account of local circumstances".

The guidance recognises that "normal levels of contaminants in soils should not be considered to cause land to qualify as contaminated land, unless there is a particular reason to consider otherwise".

Normal levels are quoted as:

- "a) natural presence of contaminants' such as from underlying geology 'that have not been shown to pose an unacceptable risk to health and the environment
- b) ...low level diffuse pollution, and common human activity..."

Similarly the guidance states that significant pollution of controlled waters is required for land to be considered contaminated and the "*fact that substances are merely entering water*" or "*where discharge from land is not discernible at a location immediately downstream*" does not constitute contaminated land.

To help achieve a more targeted approach to identifying and managing contaminated land in relation to the risk (or possibility) of harm to human health, the revised Statutory Guidance presented a new four category system for considering land under Part 2A, ranging from Category 4, where there is no risk that land poses a significant possibility of significant harm (SPOSH), or the level of risk is low, to Category 1, where the risk that land poses a significant possibility of significant harm (SPOSH) is unacceptably high.

For land that cannot be readily placed into Categories 1 or 4 further assessment is required. If there is a sufficiently strong case that the risks are of sufficient concern to cause significant harm/pollution or have the significant possibility of significant harm/pollution the land is to be placed into Category 2. If the concern is not met land is considered Category 3.

The technical guidance clearly states that the currently published SGV and GAC's represent *"cautious estimates of level of contaminants in soils"* which should be considered *"no risk to health or, at most, a minimal risk"*. These values do not represent the boundary between categories 3 and 4 and *"should be considered to be comfortably within Category 4"*.

At the end of 2013 technical guidance in support of Defra's revised Statutory Guidance (SG) was published (CL:AIRE 2013) which provided:

• A methodology for deriving C4SLs for four generic land-uses comprising residential, commercial, allotments and public open space; and

• A demonstration of the methodology, via the derivation of C4SLs for six substances – arsenic, benzene, benzo(a)pyrene, cadmium, chromium (VI) and lead.

#### 2.2 Planning

The Local Planning Authority (LPA) is responsible for the control of development, and in doing so it has a duty to take account of all material considerations, including contamination.

Section 11, Paragraph 109 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (DCLG 2012) states the planning system should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by "preventing both new and existing developments from contributing to or being put at unacceptable risk from, or being adversely affected by unacceptable levels of soil, air, water pollution" and "remediating and mitigating despoiled, degraded, derelict, contaminated and unstable land, where appropriate". Paragraphs 120 and 121 describe the policy considerations the Government expects LPA to have in regard to land affected by contamination when preparing policies for development plans and in taking decisions on applications.

For planning purposes, the NPPF requires that the assessment of risks arising from contamination and remediation requirements should be considered on the

basis of the current environmental setting, the current land use, and the circumstances of its proposed new use The NPPF stipulates that planning policies and decisions should ensure that "the site is suitable for its new use taking account of ground conditions and land instability, including from natural hazards or former activities from previous uses and any proposals for mitigation including land remediation or impacts on the natural environment arising from that remediation"; and that "after remediation, as a minimum, land should not be capable of being determined as contaminated land under Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990; and adequate site investigation information, prepared by a competent person, is presented."

The level at which contamination is deemed to be unacceptable, or, gives rise to adverse effects under a planning context has not been identified but is envisaged to be more precautionary than the level required to detrmine land as contaminated under Part 2A.

In paragraph 121 the developer is required to ensure that land, after development, is not capable of being determined as contaminated land under Part 2A of the EPA 1990.

The principal planning objective is to ensure that any unacceptable risks to human health, buildings and other property and the natural and historical environment from the contaminated condition of the land are identified so that appropriate action can be considered and taken to address those risks. In order to grant a planning permission the Local Planning Authority (LPA) has to be satisfied that there is sufficient information about the condition of the land, its impacts and the availability of viable remedial options. NPPF Paragraph 21 states that "planning policies and decisions should also ensure that adequate site investigation information, prepared by a competent person, is presented". Site investigation information is further defined in the NPPF Glossary page 56 and that also states that investigations should be carried out in accordance with established procedures, including BS10175 (BSI 2011) that in turn links procedure to the requirements of CLR11.

A key distinction between the Soil Guideline Values (SGVs) and the C4SLs is the level of risk that they describe. As described by the Environment Agency (2009a):

"SGVs are guidelines on the level of long-term human exposure to individual chemicals in soil that, unless stated otherwise, are tolerable or pose a minimal risk to human health."

A letter from Lord de Mauley dated 3rd September 2014 provides more explicit direction to local authorities on the use of the C4SL in a planning context. The letter identifies four key points:

1) that the screening values were developed expressly with the planning regime in mind

2) their use is recommended in DCLG's planning guidance

3) soil concentrations below a C4SL limit are considered to be 'definitely not contaminated' under Part IIA of the 1990 Environmental Protection Act and pose at most a 'low level of toxicological concern' and 4) exceedance of a C4SL screening value does not mean that land is definitely contaminated, just that further investigation may be warranted.

#### 2.3 Building Control

The building control department of the local authority or private sector approved inspectors are responsible for the operation and enforcement of the Building Regulations (DCLG 2010) to protect the health, safety and welfare of people in and around buildings. Approved Document C requires the protection of buildings and associated land from the effects of contamination, to be applied (non-exclusively) in all changes of use from commercial or industrial premises, to residential property.

#### 3 Approach

CLR 11 recommends a phased or tiered approach to risk assessment with the three tiers being:-

- Tier 1 preliminary a qualitative assessment forming part of a Phase 1 report,
- Tier 2 generic a quantitative assessment using published criteria to screen site specific ground condition data forming part of a Phase 2 report
- Tier 3 detailed a quantitative assessment involving the generation of site specific assessment criteria

Each tier of risk assessment comprises the following four stages:-

- 1. Hazard Identification identifying potential contaminant sources on and off site;
- Hazard Assessment assessing the potential for unacceptable risks by identifying what pathways and receptors could be present, and what pollutant linkages could result (forming the Conceptual Site Model (CSM));
- Risk Estimation estimating the magnitude and probability of the possible consequences (what degree of harm might result to a defined receptor and how likely); and
- 4. Risk Evaluation evaluating whether the risk needs to be, and can be, managed.

A PBA Phase 1 report normally comprises a desk study, walkover and Tier 1 risk assessment (the project specific offer defines the actual scope of work). This is the minimum requirement as defined by the NPPF, pp56. At Tier 1 the PBA approach to risk estimation involves identifying the magnitude of the potential consequence (taking into account both the potential severity of the hazard and the sensitivity of the receptor) and the magnitude of the likelihood i.e. the probability (taking into account the presence of the hazard and the receptor and the integrity of the pathway). This approach is promoted in current guidance such as R&D 66 (NHBC 2008).

The PBA approach is that if a pollution linkage is identified then it represents a potential risk which requires further consideration and either (1) remediation / direct risk management or (2) further tiers of assessment.

A PBA preliminary Phase 2 report comprises an intrusive investigation to collect site specific information, a Tier 2 quantitative generic risk assessment and a refinement of the CSM using the site specific data. Depending on the findings further investigation and/or progression to Tier 3 risk assessment and the generation of site specific assessment criteria may be required.

The PBA methodology provides an estimate of the level of risk, it does not identify a risk level at which the risk is considered "significant" and/or "unacceptable" as this is dependant on the view of the individual / stakeholder. For example; to a risk adverse stakeholder even a risk level of "very low" may be considered unacceptable and as such this stakeholder may require risk management options to be implemented.

#### 4 Identification of Pollutant Linkages and Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

For all Tiers the underlying principle to ground condition assessment is the identification of *pollutant linkages* in order to evaluate whether the presence of a source of contamination could potentially lead to harmful consequences. A pollutant linkage consists of the following three elements:-

- A source/hazard a substance or situation which has the potential to cause harm or pollution;
- A pathway a means by which the hazard moves along / generates exposure; and
- A receptor/target an entity which is vulnerable to the potential adverse effects of the hazard.

The *Conceptual Site Model* identifies the types and locations of potential contaminant sources/hazards and potential receptors and potential migration/transportation pathway(s). The CSM is refined as the assessment progresses through the Tiers.

#### 4.1 Hazard Identification

A hazard is a substance or situation that has the potential to cause harm. Hazards may be chemical, biological or physical (e.g. explosive gases).

At Tier 1 the potential for hazards to be present is determined from consideration of the previous or ongoing activities on or near to the site in accordance with the criteria presented in the **Table 1**.

Based on the land use information Potential Contaminants of Concern (PCOC) are identified. The PCOC direct the scope of the collection of site specific data and the analytical testing selected for subsequent Tiers.

At Tier 2 the site specific data is screened using published assessment criteria (refer to PBA document entitled Rationale for the Selection of Tier 2 Assessment Criteria). In general, published criteria have been developed using highly conservative assumptions and therefore if the screening criterion is not exceeded then the PCOC is eliminated as a potential Hazard. It should be noted that exceedance does not necessarily indicate that a site is contaminated and/or unsuitable for use only that the PCOC is retained as a potential Hazard. Published criteria are generated using models based on numerous and complex assumptions. Whether or not these assumptions are appropriate in a site-specific context requires confirmation on a project by project basis and would form part of a Tier 3 assessment.

When reviewing or assessing site specific data PBA utilise published guidance on comparing contamination

data with a critical concentration (CL:AIRE/CIEH 2008) which presents a structured process for employing statistical techniques for data assessment purposes. The benefit of the statistical tool is uncertainty is quantified and decisions are made knowing the strength of the evidence. Correct decision probability is a function of sample size, difference in the mean and the critical concentration, variation in measured values and the significance level.

#### 4.2 Receptor and Pathway Identification

For all Tiers the potential receptors (for both on site and adjoining land) that will be considered are:

- Human Health including current and future occupiers, construction and future maintenance workers, and neighbouring properties/third parties;
- Ecological systems; \*<sup>1</sup>
- Controlled waters \*<sup>2</sup> including surface water and groundwater;
- Property, Animal or Crop (existing or proposed) including buildings, service lines and pipes, crops, livestock, pets, woodland; and
- Archaeological sites and ancient monuments.

\*<sup>1</sup> International or nationally designated sites (as defined in the statutory guidance (Defra Circular 04/12)) "in the local area" will be identified as potential ecological receptors. A search radius of 1, 2 or 5km will be utilised depending on the site specific circumstances (see also pathway identification). The Environment Agency has published an ecological risk assessment framework (EA 2008) which promotes (as opposed to statutorily enforces) consideration of additional receptors to include locally protected sites and protected or notable species. These additional potential receptors will only be considered if a Phase 1 habitat survey, undertaken in accordance with guidance (JNCC 1993), is commissioned and the data provided to PBA. It should be noted that without such a survey the Tier 1 risk assessment may conclude that the identification of potential ecological receptors is inconclusive (refer to PBA Specification of Phase 1).

\*<sup>2</sup> the definition of "pollution of controlled water" was amended by the introduction of Section 86 of the Water Act 2003. For the purposes of Part 2A groundwater does not include waters above the saturated zone and our assessment does not therefore address perched water other than where development causes a pathway to develop.

If a receptor is taken forward for further assessment it will be classified in terms of its sensitivity, the criteria for which are presented in **Table 2**. Table 2 has been generated using descriptions of environmental receptor importance/value given in various guidance documents including R&D 66 (NHBC 2008) and Transport Analysis Guidance (based on DETR 2000). Human health and buildings classifications have been generated by PBA using the attribute description for each class.

The exposure pathway and modes of transport that will be considered are presented in **Table 3**.

#### 4.3 Note regarding Ecological Systems

The Environment Agency (EA) has developed an ecological risk assessment framework which aims to provide a structured approach for assessing the risks to ecology from chemical contaminants in soils (EA 2008). In circumstances where contaminants in water represent a potential risk to aquatic ecosystems then risk assessors will need to consider this separately.

The framework consists of a three tiered process:-

- Tier 1 is a screening step where the site soils chemical data is compared to a soil screening value (SSV)
- Tier 2 uses various tools (including surveys and biological testing) to gather evidence for any harm to the ecological receptors
- Tier 3 seeks to attribute the harm to the chemical contamination

Tier 1 is preceded by a desk study to collate information about the site and the nature of the contamination to assess whether pollutant linkages are feasible. The framework presents ten steps for ecological desk studies and development of a conceptual site model as follows.

- 1 Establish Regulatory Context
- 2 Collate and Assess Documentary Information
- 3 Summarise Documentary Information
- 4 Identify Potential Contaminants of Concern
- 5 Identify Likely Fate Transport of Contaminants
- 6 Identify Potential Receptors of Concern
- 7 Identify Potential Pathways of Concern
- 8 Create a Conceptual Site Model
- 9 Identify Assessment and Measurement Endpoints
- 10 Identify Gaps and Uncertainties

The information in a standard PBA Phase 1 report covers Steps 1 to 4 inclusive. Step 5 considers fate and transport of contaminants and it should be noted that our standard report adopts a simplified approach considering only transport mechanisms. A simplified approach has also been adopted in respect of Steps 6 and 7 receptors (a detailed review of the ecological attributes has not been undertaken) and pathways (a food chain assessment has not been undertaken). Step 9 is outside the scope of our standard Phase 1 report.

It should be noted that the Tier 1 assessment for ecological systems (i.e. where designated sites are identified) as part of a Phase 1 report will assess the viability of the mode of transport given the site specific circumstances not specific pathways.

The Tier 1 risk assessment may conclude that the risk to potential ecological receptors is inconclusive (see PBA Specification for Phase 1).

#### 4.4 Note regarding Controlled Waters

Controlled Waters are rivers, estuaries, coastal waters, lakes and groundwaters, but not perched waters.

The Water Framework Directive (WFD) (2000) aims to protect and enhance the quality of surface freshwater, groundwaters and dependent eco systems, estuaries and coastal waters. The WFD was transposed into UK law in 2003 (Statutory Instruments 2003). Member states must aim to reach good chemical and ecological status as defined in the Directive by 2015.

The Ground Water Daughter Directive (GWDD) was enacted by the Groundwater Regulations (2009), which were subsumed by the Environmental Permitting Regulations (2010) which provide essential clarification including on the four objectives specifically for groundwater quality in the WFD:-

- Achieve 'Good' groundwater chemical status by 2015, commonly referred to as 'status objective';
- Achieve Drinking Water Protected Area
  Objectives;
- Implement measures to reverse any significant and sustained upward trend in groundwater quality, referred to as 'trend objective'; and
- Prevent or limit the inputs of pollutants into groundwater, commonly referred to as 'prevent or limit' objectives

The Water Act 2003 (Commencement No.11) Order 2012 amends the test for 'contaminated land' which relates to water pollution so that pollution of controlled waters must now be "significant" to meet the definition of contaminated land.

River Basin Management Plans (RBMP) have been developed for the 11 River Basin Districts in England and Wales. These were released by Defra in 2009 (Defra 2009).

These RBMP's establish the current status of waters within the catchments of the respective Districts and the current status of adjoining waters identified. As part of a Tier 2 risk assessment water quality data is screened against the WFD assessment criteria. Compare to the RBMP's current status of waters for the catchment under consideration would form part of a Tier 3 assessment.

#### 5 Risk Estimation

Risk estimation classifies what degree of harm might result to a receptor (defined as consequence) and how likely it is that such harm might arise (probability).

At Tier 1 the consequence classification is generated by multiplying the hazard classification score and the receptor sensitivity score. This approach follows that presented in the republished R&D 66 (NHBC 2008).

The criteria for classifying probability are set out in **Table 4** and have been taken directly from Table 6.4 CIRIA C552 (CIRIA 2001). Probability considers the integrity of the exposure pathway.

The consequence classifications detailed in Table 5

have been adapted from Table 6.3 presented in C552 and R&D 66 (Annex 4 Table A4.3).

The Tier 1 risk classification is estimated for each pollutant linkage using the matrix given in **Table 6** which is taken directly from C552 (Table 6.5). Subsequent Tiers refine the CSM through retention or elimination of potential hazards and pollutant linkages.

#### 6 Risk Evaluation

In order to put the Tier 1 risk classification into context the likely actions are described in **Table 7** which is taken directly from C552 (Table 6.6). Subsequent Tiers identify potential risk management options through remediation and/or mitigation measures.

Unless the initial assessment clearly demonstrates that the risk from contamination can be satisfactorily reduced to an acceptable level, further site investigations and risk assessment will be needed before the application can be determined.

#### 7 References

BSI 2007 BS 8485 Code of Practice for characterisation and remediation from ground gas in affected developments.

BSI 2011 BS 10175 (2011) Code of practice - Investigation of potentially contaminated sites

CIRIA 2001: Contaminated land risk assessment – a guide to good practice C552.

CIRIA 2008: Assessing risks posed by hazardous ground gases to buildings C655

CL:AIRE/EIH 2008 Guidance on Company Soil Contamination Data with a Critical Concentration. Published by Contaminated Land: Applications in Real Environments (CL:AIRE)

CL:AIRE 2013 SP1010 – Development of Category 4 Screening Levels for Assessment of Land Affected by Contamination. Final Project Report published by Contaminated Land: Applications in Real Environments (CL:AIRE) 20th December 2013

DCLG 2010 Building Regulations 2010 Approved Document C Site preparation and resistance to contaminants and moisture.

DCLG 2012 National Planning Policy Framework.

DETR 2000 Methodology for Multi Modal Studies. Volume 2 Section 4. The Environmental Objective.

Defra Circular 01/2006

Defra Circular 04/2012 Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A. Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance.

DEFRA, 2006 The Contaminated Land (England) Regulations 2006.

DEFRA, 2012 The Contaminated Land (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012 (SI2012/263).

DEFRA, 2012 Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A. Contaminated Land Statuary Guidance. April 2012.

DEFRA, 2013 Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2009: Guidance for England and Wales

Defra '2009 Water for Life and Livelihoods. River Basin Management Plan. (11 Districts: Anglia, Dee, Humber, Northumbria, Northwest, Severn, Solway and Tweed, Southeast, Thames, Western Wales) December 2009

EA 2004: The Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination CRL 11 published by the Environment Agency (EA).

EA 2008 Ecological Risk Assessment Science Report Series SC070009 published by the Environment Agency (EA).

European Community 2000 Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC)

JNCC 1993 Handbook for Phase 1 Habitat Survey – A Technical for Environmental Audit prepared by the Joint Nature Conservancy Council (JNCC)

NHBC/EA/CIEH 2008: R&D Publication 66 Guidance for the safe development of housing on land affected by

contamination.

Statutory Instrument 2003 No. 3242 Water Resources, England and Wales. The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) Regulations 2003.

Table 1: Criteria for Classifying Hazards	/ Potential for Generating Co	ntamination
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Classification/Score	Potential for generating contamination/gas based on land use
Very Low	Land Use: greenfield
	Contamination: None.
1	Gas generation potential : Inert Made Ground
Low	Land Use: residential, retail or office use, recent small scale industrial.
	Contamination: None or locally slightly elevated concentrations.
2	Gas generation potential : Shallow thickness of Alluvium
Moderate	Land Use: railway yards, collieries, scrap yards, light industry, engineering works.
	Contamination: Locally elevated concentrations.
3	Gas generation potential : Dock silt and substantial thickness of organic alluvium/peat
High	Land Use: gas works, chemical works, heavy industry, non-hazardous landfills.
-	Contamination: Possible widespread elevated concentrations.
4	Gas generation potential : Shallow mine workings Pre 1960's landfill
Very High	Land Use: hazardous waste landfills.
	Contamination: Likely widespread elevated concentrations.
5	Gas generation potential : Domestic landfill post 1960

"Greenfield" is land which has not been developed including not used for crop production or animal husbandry and no contamination source therefore no pollutant linkages.

#### Table 2: Criteria for Classifying Receptor Sensitivity/Value

Classification/Score	Definition
Very Low	Receptor of limited importance
	Groundwater: Non aquifer
1	Surface water: GQA Grade F
	Ecology: No local designation
	Buildings: Replaceable
	Human health: Unoccupied/limited access
Low	Receptor of local or county importance with potential for replacement
	Groundwater: Secondary aquifer
2	Surface water: GQA Grade D/E
	Ecology: local habitat resources
	Buildings: Local value
	Human health: Minimum score 4 where human health identified as potential receptor
Moderate	Receptor of local or county importance with potential for replacement
	Groundwater: Principal aquifer
3	Surface water: GQA Grade B/C
	Ecology: County wildlife sites, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)
	Buildings: Area of Historic Character
	Human health: Minimum score 4 where human health identified as potential receptor
High	Receptor of county or regional importance with limited potential for replacement
	Groundwater: Source Protection Zone 2
4	Surface water: GQA Grade A
	Ecology: SSSI, National or Marine Nature Reserve (NNR or MNR)
	Buildings: Conservation Area
	Human health: Minimum score 4 where human health identified as potential receptor
Very High	Receptor of national or international importance
	Groundwater: Source Protection Zone 1
5	Surface water: GQA Grade A
	Ecology: Special Areas of Conservation (SAC and candidates), Special Protection Areas
	(SPA and potentials) or wetlands of international importance (RAMSAR)
	Buildings: World Heritage site
	Human health: Residential, open spaces and uses where children are present

Receptor	Pathway	Mode of transport
Human health	Ingestion	Fruit or vegetable leaf or roots
		Contaminated water
		Soil/dust indoors
		Soil/dust outdoors
	Inhalation	Particles (dust / soil) – outdoor
		Particles (dust / soil) - indoor
		Vapours - outdoor - migration via natural or anthropogenic pathways
		Vapours - indoor - migration via natural or anthropogenic pathways
	Dermal absorption	Direct contact with soil
		Direct contact with waters (swimming / showering)
		Irradiation
Groundwater	Leaching	Gravity / permeation
	Migration	Natural – groundwater as pathway
		Anthropogenic (e.g. boreholes, culverts, pipelines etc.)
Surface Water	Direct	Runoff or discharges from pipes
	Indirect	Recharge from groundwater
	Indirect	Deposition of wind blown dust
Buildings	Direct contact	Sulphate attack on concrete, hydrocarbon corrosion of plastics
	Gas ingress	Migration via natural or anthropogenic paths
Ecological	See Notes	Runoff/discharge to surface water body
systems	See Notes	Windblown dust
	See Notes	Groundwater migration
	See Notes	At point of contaminant source
Animal and crop	Direct	Wind blown or flood deposited particles / dust / sediments
	Indirect	Plants via root up take or irrigation. Animals through watering
	Inhalation	By livestock / fish - gas / vapour / particulates / dust
	Ingestion	Consumption of vegetation / water / soil by animals

## Table 3: Exposure Pathway and Modes of Transport

### Table 4: Classification of Probability

Classification	Definition
High likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and an event either appears very likely in the short-term and almost inevitable over the long-term, or there is already evidence at the receptor of harm / pollution.
Likely	There is a pollution linkage and all the elements are present and in the right place, which means that it is probable that an event will occur. Circumstances are such that an event is not inevitable, but possible in the short-term and likely over the long-term.
Low likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain that even over a longer period such event would take place, and is less likely in the shorter-term.
Unlikely	There is a pollution linkage but circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even in the very long-term.

Classification / Score	Examples				
Severe	Human health effect - exposure likely to result in "significant harm". Significant harm to humans is defined in circular 01/2006 as death, disease, serious injury, genetic mutation, birth defects or impairment of reproductive function.				
20-25	Controlled water effect - short-term risk of pollution (note: Water Resources Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution) of sensitive water resource. Equivalent to EA Category 1 incident (persistent and/or extensive effects on water quality leading to closure of potable abstraction point or loss of amenity, agriculture or commercial value. Major fish kill.				
	Ecological effect - short-term exposure likely to result in a substantial adverse effect.				
	Catastrophic damage to crops, buildings or property				
Medium	Human health effect - exposure could result in "significant harm". Significant harm to humans is defined in circular 01/2006 as death, disease, serious injury, genetic mutation, birth defects or impairment of reproductive function.				
13-19	Controlled water effect - equivalent to EA Category 2 incident requiring notification of abstractor				
	Ecological effect - short-term exposure may result in a substantial adverse effect.				
	Damage to crops, buildings or property				
Mild	Human health effect - exposure may result in "significant harm". Significant harm to humans is defined in circular 01/2006 as death, disease, serious injury, genetic mutation, birth defects or impairment of reproductive function.				
6-12	Controlled water effect - equivalent to EA Category 3 incident (short lived and/or minimal effects on water quality).				
	Ecological effect - unlikely to result in a substantial adverse effect.				
	Minor damage to crops, buildings or property. Damage to building rendering it unsafe to occupy (for example foundation damage resulting in instability).				
Minor	No measurable effect on humans. Protective equipment is not required during site works.				
	Equivalent to insubstantial pollution incident with no observed effect on water quality or ecosystems.				
1-5	Repairable effects to crops, buildings or property. The loss of plants in a landscaping scheme. Discolouration of concrete.				

### Table 6: Classification of Risk (Combination of Consequence Table 5 and Probability Table 4)

	Consequence			
Probability	Severe	Medium	Mild	Minor
High likelihood	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
Likely	High	Moderate	Moderate/low	Low
Low likelihood	Moderate	Moderate/low	Low	Very low
Unlikely	Moderate/low	Low	Very low	Very low

### Table 7: Description of Risks and Likely Action Required

<b>Risk Classification</b>	Description			
Very high risk	There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, OR, there is evidence that severe harm to a designated receptor is currently happening. This risk, if realised, is likely to result in a substantial liability. Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) and remediation is likely to be required in the short term.			
High risk	Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability.			
	Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) is required and remedial works may be necessary in the short-term and are likely over the longer-term.			
Moderate risk	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. However, it is either relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, or if any harm were to occur it is more likely that the harm would be relatively mild.			
	Investigation (if not already undertaken) is normally required to clarify the risk and to determine the potential liability. Some remedial works may be required in the longer-term.			
Low risk	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, but it is likely that this harm, if realised, would at worst normally be mild.			
Very low risk	There is a low possibility that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised it is not likely to be severe.			



# **APPENDIX 2**

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Plate 1 - Rookery South Pit looking southwest



Plate 2 - Location of proposed access road looking north

	-			
_	Client		Date	01.10.2014
			Scale	na
000	Millbrook Power I td		Drawn by	davco
		MILLBROOK POWER PROJECT	Checked by	JG
oeterbrett			Revision	0
apoccer of cee		SITE WALKOVER PHOTOGRAPHS		
Offices throughout the UK and continental Europe.				אוסוא
www.peterbrett.com			7416	



Plate 3 - Grid Connection Area looking southwest



Plate 4 - Site of proposed Operation Area looking northeast





Plate 5 - Rookery South Pit looking east



Plate 6 - Grid Connection Area looking northwest





# **APPENDIX 3**

www.peterbrett.com





# **Envirocheck**<sup>®</sup> Report:

# BGS Boreholes Datasheet

## **Order Details:**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1

Customer Reference: 31116

National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960

Slice: A

Site Area (Ha): 240.61

Borehole Search Buffer (m): 50

## Site Details:

Millbrook Power Project Green Lane Stewartby

## **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





## **BGS Boreholes Summary**

Data Type		On Site	0 to 50m
BGS Boreholes (50m)	pg 1	37	7

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination.

For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.

#### Report Version v49.0



Map ID	Details			Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
47	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI03nw57 38 Wheelers Hill 1/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/522854/	A11SW (W)	0	4	501200 239970
48	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI03nw58 37 Wheelers Hill 7/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/522855/	A11SW (W)	0	4	501310 239930
49	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl03nw59 24 Wheelers Hill 8/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/522856/	A10SE (SW)	0	4	501190 239790
50	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl03nw61 32 Wheelers Hill 10/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/522858/	A10SE (W)	0	4	501090 239980
51	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw64 35.97 Lbc Rookery Field 32 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524418/	A15NE (N)	0	4	501540 240980
51	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw84 54.9 Lbc Rookery Field 8/51 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524438/	A15NE (N)	0	4	501540 240980
52	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw67 15.85 Lbc Rookery Field 35 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524421/	A15SE (N)	0	4	501550 240420
52	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw143 24.69 Lbc Wheeler Mill 4/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524497/	A15SW (N)	0	4	501530 240450
53	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw68 14.94 Lbc Rookery Field 36 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524422/	A10NE (NW)	0	4	501190 240300
54	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw70 32 Lbc Rookery Field 38 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524424/	A15SW (N)	0	4	501370 240640
55	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw79 28.65 Lbc Rookery Field 2/51 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524433/	A15NW (N)	0	4	501220 240850
56	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw82 16 Lbc Rookery Field 6/51 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524436/	A14NE (NW)	0	4	501110 240870



Map ID	Details			Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
57	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw135 18.59 Lbc Wheelers Mill 2/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524489/	A11NW (NW)	0	4	501260 240220
58	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw136 27.43 Lbc Wheelers Mill 3/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524490/	A11NW (NW)	0	4	501380 240130
59	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw137 29.26 Lbc Wheelers Mill 4/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524491/	A11NE (N)	0	4	501560 240180
60	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw138 35.97 Lbc Wheelers Mill 5/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524492/	A11SE (NE)	0	4	501610 240040
61	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw139 32 Lbc Wheelers Mill 6/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524493/	A11SW (NW)	0	4	501450 240000
62	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw141 29.26 Lbc Wheelers Mill 2/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524495/	A12NW (NE)	0	4	501910 240330
63	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw142 26.21 Lbc Wheeler Mill 3/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524496/	A11NE (NE)	0	4	501740 240380
64	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw144 26.21 Lbc Wheeler Mill 5/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524498/	A11NW (N)	0	4	501480 240350
65	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw147 15.62 Lbc Wheeler Mill 8/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524501/	A14SE (NW)	0	4	500920 240390
66	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw149 17.14 Lbc Wheeler Mill 10/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524503/	A10NE (NW)	0	4	500980 240180
67	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw150 15.62 Lbc Wheeler Mill 11/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524504/	A10NE (NW)	0	4	500970 240250
68	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw151 23.24 Lbc Wheeler Mill 12/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524505/	A15SW (N)	0	4	501340 240560



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
69	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw152 27.76 Lbc Wheeler Mill 13/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524506/	A14SE (NW)	0	4	501190 240610
69	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw514 27 Wheelers Hill Stewartby 4/80 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524868/	A14SE (NW)	0	4	501190 240610
70	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw153 30.86 Lbc Wheeler Mill 14/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524507/	A15NW (N)	0	4	501240 240730
71	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw158 33.83 Lbc Wheeler Mill 5/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524512/	A15SW (N)	0	4	501420 240710
72	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw159 33.83 Lbc Wheeler Mill 6/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524513/	A15NW (N)	0	4	501490 240830
73	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw164 18.59 Lbc Wheeler Mill 11/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524518/	A14NE (N)	0	4	501110 240950
74	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw169 18.59 Lbc Wheeler Mill 16/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524523/	A11NW (NW)	0	4	501210 240250
75	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw170 15.54 Lbc Wheeler Mill 17/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524524/	A10NE (NW)	0	4	501040 240340
76	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw171 12.5 Lbc Wheeler Mill 18/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524525/	A14SE (NW)	0	4	501130 240490
77	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw172 21.64 Lbc Wheeler Mill 19/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524526/	A11NW (NW)	0	4	501300 240320
78	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw177 23.16 Lbc Wheeler Mill 3/68 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524531/	A15SW (N)	0	4	501220 240680
79	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI03nw60 41 Wheelers Hill 9/71 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/522857/	A11SW (W)	0	4	501250 239910



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
80	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw173 18.59 Lbc Wheeler Mill 20/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524527/	A14SE (NW)	0	4	501160 240540
81	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw176 35.36 Lbc Wheeler Mill 2/68 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524530/	A15NW (N)	1	4	501340 240880
82	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw178 30.78 Lbc Wheeler Mill 4/68 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524532/	A15SE (N)	11	4	501600 240590
83	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw140 27.74 Lbc Wheelers Mill 1/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524494/	A16SW (NE)	28	4	501940 240490
84	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw160 32.31 Lbc Wheeler Mill 7/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524514/	A15SE (N)	32	4	501750 240560
85	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw148 14.1 Lbc Wheeler Mill 9/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524502/	A14SE (NW)	36	4	500980 240550
86	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw248 32.92 Gt Ouse R.A/Cegb Site Invest 11 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524602/	A16SW (NE)	43	4	501870 240530
87	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw175 38.4 Lbc Wheeler Mill 1/68 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524529/	A15NE (N)	50	4	501680 240750



# **Data Currency and Contact Details**

BGS Boreholes	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Boreholes		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 2014	Quarterly

Cont	act Details	Contact Logo		
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk	British Geological Survey Natural environment research council		
-	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk	LANDMARK Information Group		














# **Envirocheck® Report:**

#### **Datasheet**

#### **Order Details:**

Order Number: 58806135\_1\_1

# Customer Reference: 31116

National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960

Slice:

Site Area (Ha):

240.61

Search Buffer (m): 500

#### Site Details:

Veolia Environmental Services, Green Lane Stewartby BEDFORD MK43 9LY

#### **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





Report Section	Page Number
Summary	-
Agency & Hydrological	1
Waste	11
Hazardous Substances	-
Geological	12
Industrial Land Use	22
Sensitive Land Use	23
Data Currency	24
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#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination. For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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#### Report Version v47.0



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Agency & Hydrological				
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices				
Discharge Consents	pg 1	3		7
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices				
Integrated Pollution Controls				
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control	pg 3		1	
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls	pg 3		1	
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements				
Nearest Surface Water Feature	pg 3	Yes		
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters	pg 3			1
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes				
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters				
Registered Radioactive Substances				
River Quality				
River Quality Biology Sampling Points				
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points				
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register				
Water Abstractions	pg 4	1		1 (*1)
Water Industry Act Referrals				
Groundwater Vulnerability	pg 4	Yes	n/a	n/a
Bedrock Aquifer Designations	pg 5	Yes	n/a	n/a
Superficial Aquifer Designations	pg 5	Yes	n/a	n/a
Source Protection Zones				
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences				n/a
Flood Water Storage Areas				n/a
Flood Defences				n/a
Detailed River Network Lines	pg 5	Yes	Yes	Yes
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage	pg 10			Yes



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Waste				
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites				
Historical Landfill Sites	pg 11	1		
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)				
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites				
Registered Landfill Sites				
Registered Waste Transfer Sites				
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites				
Hazardous Substances				
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)				
Explosive Sites				
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)				
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents				
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements				
Geological				
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology	pg 12	Yes	n/a	n/a
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry	pg 12	Yes	Yes	Yes
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites	pg 18	1		
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry				
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Averages				
Brine Compensation Area			n/a	n/a
Coal Mining Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Mining Instability			n/a	n/a
Man-Made Mining Cavities				
Natural Cavities				
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain				n/a
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 19	Yes		n/a
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 19	Yes	Yes	n/a
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards				n/a
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	pg 19	Yes	Yes	n/a
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards	pg 20	Yes		n/a
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards	pg 20	Yes		n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures			n/a	n/a



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Industrial Land Use				
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries (50m)	pg 22		1	n/a
Fuel Station Entries				
Sensitive Land Use				
Areas of Adopted Green Belt				
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt				
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty				
Environmentally Sensitive Areas				
Forest Parks				
Local Nature Reserves				
Marine Nature Reserves				
National Nature Reserves				
National Parks				
Nitrate Sensitive Areas				
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones	pg 23	3		1
Ramsar Sites				
Sites of Special Scientific Interest				
Special Areas of Conservation				
Special Protection Areas				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Discharge Consents	6				
1	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	London Brick Company Limited Domestic Property (Single) 3 Pillinge Cottages Station Road, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jh Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Prcnf03360 2 24th January 1992 24th January 1992 24th January 1992 Not Supplied Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Freshwater Stream/River Trib Elstow Brook <b>Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &gt; 31/08/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 100m	A14SW (NW)	0	2	500800 240430
1	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	S London Brick Property Domestic Property (Single) 3 Pillinge Cottages Station Road, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jh Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Prcnf03360 1 28th August 1990 28th August 1990 23rd January 1992 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Not Water Company Freshwater Stream/River Trib Elstow Brook Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date > 31/08/1989 Located by supplier to within 10m	A14SW (NW)	0	2	500800 240430
	Discharge Consents	5				
2	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Millbrook Proving Ground Ltd Manufacture Of Motor Vehicles & Engines Millbrook Bedfordshire, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Pr1nf2148 1 17th September 1985 17th September 1985 Not Supplied Discharge Of Other Matter-Surface Water Freshwater Stream/River Trib Elstow Brook Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date < 01/09/1989 Located by supplier to within 100m	A7NW (S)	0	2	501300 239400
_	Discharge Consents	5				
3	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Aw1nf792 3 15th June 1985 15th June 1985 15th June 1985 15th June 1985 15th August 1991 Unknown Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Br Elstow Br River <b>Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &lt; 01/09/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 100m	A3NW (S)	355	2	501200 238900



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Discharge Consents	3				
3	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Anglian Water Services Ltd. Undefined Or Other Millbrook Stw Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Aw1nf792 1 15th June 1985 15th June 1985 15th June 1985 15th August 1991 Unknown Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Br Elstow Br River <b>Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &lt; 01/09/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 100m	A3NW (S)	355	2	501200 238900
3	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Type: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Aw1nf792 2 21st October 1981 21st October 1981 21st October 1981 21st October 1981 4th June 1985 Unknown Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Br Elstow Br River <b>Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &lt; 01/09/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 100m	A3NW (S)	355	2	501200 238900
3	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Awcnf10501 3 1st January 2010 24th September 2009 Not Supplied Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Water Company Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Brook <b>Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &gt; 31/08/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 10m	A2NE (S)	389	2	501160 238870
3	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Issued Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Awcnf10501 2 27th June 1995 31st December 2009 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Water Company Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Brook <b>Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date &gt; 31/08/1989</b> Located by supplier to within 100m	A2NE (S)	389	2	501160 238870



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Discharge Consents	S				
3	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Awcnf10501 1 1 Steb August 1001	A2NE (S)	389	2	501160 238870
	Issued Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water:	15th August 1991 15th August 1991 26th June 1995 Sewage Discharges - Final/Treated Effluent - Water Company Freshwater Stream/River Boiling Pot Brook Best National Biogram				
	Positional Accuracy:	Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Discharge Consents	5				
4	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version:	Anglian Water Services Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Water Company Millbrook Stw Sandhill Close, Millbrook, Bedford, Mk45 2jd Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Aw1nf792	A3NW (S)	455	2	501200 238800
	Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge	31st December 1970 31st December 1970 20th October 1981 Unknown Freshwater Stream/River				
	Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Boiling Pot Br Elstow Br River Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date < 01/09/1989 Located by supplier to within 100m				
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention And Control				
5	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Original Permit Ref: Effective Date: Status: Application Type: Application Type: Application Type: Positional Accuracy: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity: Local Authority Poll	Covanta Energy Limited Rookery Pit 3 Energy From Waste Facility, Rookery South Pit, Nr Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire Environment Agency, Anglian Region NP3030TV Np3030TV Not Supplied Valid Application New Located by supplier to within 100m 5.1 A(1) (C) Incineration Of Non Hazardous Waste Greater Than 1 T/Hr Y 0.0 Associated Process Associated Process N	A15NW (N)	100	2	501280 241010
6	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy: Nearest Surface Wa	Millbrook Proving Ground Station Road, Millbrook, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK45 2JQ Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department EP/CB/44 1st July 1999 Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control PG1/14 Petrol filling station Permitted Manually positioned to the address or location ter Feature	A10NW (W)	143	3	500786 240153
			A14SE (NW)	0	-	500976 240444
	Pollution Incidents	to Controlled Waters				
7	Property Type: Location: Authority: Pollutant: Note: Incident Date: Incident Reference: Catchment Area: Receiving Water: Cause of Incident: Incident Severity: Positional Accuracy:	Water Company Sewage: Sewage Treatment Works Bedford District, MILLBROOK, Bedfordshire Environment Agency, Anglian Region Sewage - Treated Effluent Boiling Pot Brook 29th January 1999 4434 Not Given Freshwater Stream/River Other Cause Category 3 - Minor Incident Located by Supplier to within 100m	A3NE (S)	251	2	501600 239000



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Water Abstractions					
8	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	R J Parrish & Son 6/33/12/*S/0067 100 Catchpit At Ampthill Environment Agency, Anglian Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Direct Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 April 30 September 1st November 1996 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m	A7NW (SW)	0	2	501300 239500
9	Water Abstractions Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date:	R J Parrish & Son 6/33/12/*S/0067 100 Catchpit At Ampthill Environment Agency, Anglian Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Direct Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 April 30 September 1st November 1996	A2NE (SW)	281	2	501100 239000
	Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Water Abstractions					
	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	Messrs A J Woodward And Co 6/33/12/*s/028 Not Supplied Elstow Brook At, MILLBROOK Environment Agency, Anglian Region Spray Irrigation Not Supplied Stream 11 245450 Status: Revoked Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 100m	A3NW (S)	555	2	501200 238700
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Soils of Intermediate Leaching Potential (I1) - Soils which can possibly transmit a wide range of pollutants Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	A12SE (E)	0	2	502429 240002
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Not classified Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	A11SW (W)	0	2	501512 239957
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Soils of Intermediate Leaching Potential (I1) - Soils which can possibly transmit a wide range of pollutants Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	A10SE (W)	0	2	500965 240001
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Soils of Low Leaching Potential - Soils in which pollutants are unlikely to penetrate the soil layer because water movement is largely horizontal or they have large ability to attenuate diffuse pollutants. Lateral flow from these soils contribute to groundwater recharge elsewhere in the catchment Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	(E)	0	2	502836 240244



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Groundwater Vulne Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	rability Soils of Low Leaching Potential - Soils in which pollutants are unlikely to penetrate the soil layer because water movement is largely horizontal or they have large ability to attenuate diffuse pollutants. Lateral flow from these soils contribute to groundwater recharge elsewhere in the catchment Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	A14SE (NW)	Ο	2	501148 240568
	Groundwater Vulne Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	rability Soils of High Leaching Potential (U) - Soil information for restored mineral workings and urban areas is based on fewer observations than elsewhere. A worst case vulnerability classification (H) assumed, until proved otherwise Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	A14NE (NW)	0	2	501058 240915
	Drift Deposits None					
	Bedrock Aquifer De Aquifer Designation:	signations Unproductive Strata	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Bedrock Aquifer De Aquifer Designation:	signations Unproductive Strata	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240001
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - A	A15SW (NW)	0	4	501324 240410
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	A12SE (E)	0	4	502463 239948
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	A11SW (SW)	0	4	501228 239726
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	A12SE (E)	0	4	502475 240001
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	(E)	0	4	502829 240270
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	A10NE (W)	0	4	500972 240126
	Extreme Flooding fr	rom Rivers or Sea without Defences				
	Flooding from River	rs or Sea without Defences				
	Areas Benefiting fro	om Flood Defences				
	Flood Water Storag	e Areas				
	Flood Defences None					
10	Detailed River Netw River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	ork Lines Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Below Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A10SE (SW)	0	2	501179 239768



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
11	River Type:	Tertiary River	A10NE	0	2	500991
••	River Name:	Drain	(W)	Ŭ	-	240105
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
12	River Type:	Tertiany River	ASNE	0	2	502418
12	River Name:	Not Supplied	(SE)	Ŭ	2	239463
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	(- )			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
13	River Type:	Tertiary River	A10NE	0	2	501004
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(W)			240077
	River Flow Type:	D005 Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
14	River Type:	Tertiary River	A12NE	0	2	502427
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(E)			240108
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	·····				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
15	River Type:	Tertiary River	A11SE	0	2	501854
	River Name:	Drain	(E)			239936
	Hydrographic Area:	D005 Brimany Flow Bath				
	River Surface Level	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Not Supplied				
	Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Dotailed Diver Not	ork Lines				
16	River Type:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)	A10NW	0	2	500798
	Hydrographic Area	D005	(INVV)			240378
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Below Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	FI000 KISK	Uther Kivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Kelelence:					



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
17	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers	A11SW (SW)	0	2	501209 239720
	Water Course Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
18	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A10NE (W)	0	2	500928 240174
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
19	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Below Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SW (NW)	0	2	500796 240429
	Relefence:					
20	Detailed River Netw River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	ork Lines Secondary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SE (NW)	8	2	501030 240601
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
21	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SE (NW)	9	2	500885 240462
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
22	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied	A14SW (NW)	16	2	500784 240479
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
23	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Below Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A10NE (W)	16	2	500928 240174
24	Detailed River Netw River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	ork Lines Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A8NE (SE)	18	2	502418 239463
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
25	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A16SW (NE)	128	2	502050 240557
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
26	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14NW (NW)	199	2	500852 241031
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
27	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Below Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A14SW (NW)	219	2	500835 240681
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
28	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A10SW (W)	233	2	500783 240005



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	<b>Detailed River Netw</b>	ork Lines				
29	River Type:	Tertiary River	A14SW	247	2	500787
20	River Name:	Drain	(NW)	2.17	-	240711
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			2.0
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
20	Pivor Typo:		A 10 SW	111	2	500737
30	River Name	Not Supplied	(W)	411	2	239714
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			200111
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Not a Drain Other Rivers				
	Management Status					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
31	River Type:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)	A10SW	411	2	500737
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(W)			239714
	Hydrographic Area:	DUU5 Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Below Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Nat Oversland				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	<b>Detailed River Netw</b>	ork Lines				
32	River Type:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)	A6NW	444	2	500727
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(W)			239662
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	Drain Feature	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
22	River Type:			156	2	501101
55	River Name:	Not Supplied	(S)	400	2	238800
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	(-)			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
34	River Type:	Secondary River	A14NW	460	2	500595
	River Name:	Drain	(NW)			240920
	Hydrographic Area:	DUUD Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Nat Cupaliad				
	Name:	ivor Supplied				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
35	Detailed River Netw River Type: River Name:	ork Lines Tertiary River Not Supplied	A2NE	462	2	501192 238794
	Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers	(0)			230734
	Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course	Not Supplied Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
26	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines		466	2	500692
30	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature:	Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)	(W)	400	2	239699
	Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course	Other Rivers Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
37	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A9NE (W)	474	2	500188 240351
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines	1.01.04	10.1		
38	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	A6NW (SW)	484	2	500715 239595
20	Detailed River Netw	ork Offline Drainage		262	2	500011
39	Hydrographic Area:	D005	(SW)	263	2	239697



#### Waste

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Historical Landfill S	ites				
40	Licence Holder: Location: Name: Operator Location: Boundary Accuracy: Provider Reference: First Input Date: Last Input Date: Last Input Date: Specified Waste Type: EA Waste Ref: Regis Ref: WRC Ref: BGS Ref: Other Ref:	London Brick Landfill Limited Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire Rookery Clay Pit Not Supplied AS Supplied EAHLD01024 1st January 1971 1st April 1987 Deposited Waste included Industrial and Household Waste, and Liquid Sludge 75174 AX1/L/LON010 0200/0045 Not Supplied 8/1977, PIT 80	A16NW (N)	0	2	501929 240987
	Local Authority Lan	dfill Coverage				
	Name:	Mid Bedfordshire District Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	10	501512 239957
	Local Authority Lan	Local Authority Landfill Coverage				
	Name:	Bedfordshire County Council - Has no landfill data to supply		0	9	501512 239957
	Local Authority Lan	dfill Coverage				
	Name:	Bedford Borough Council - Has supplied landfill data		11	11	502210 240716



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS 1:625,000 Solid	I Geology Oxford Clay and Kellaways Beds	A11SW	0	4	501512
			(W)			239957
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A11SW (SW)	0	5	501227 239725
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A10SE (W)	0	5	501000 240034
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry	4400144	0	-	500000
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<ul> <li>Rural Soil</li> <li>15 - 25 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;1.8 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;0 - 90 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>30 - 45 mg/kg</li> </ul>	(E)	0	5	240000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14NE (NW)	0	5	501031 241000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry		0	-	500074
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<ul> <li>Rural Soil</li> <li>15 - 25 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;1.8 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> </ul>	(W)	U	5	240125
_	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry		~	_	501150
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A11NW (N)	0	5	501450 240155



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A12SE (E)	0	5	502474 240000
	Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel	<1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	Concentration:	Obernister				
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A15NW (N)	0	5	501512 241000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel	Pritish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A11SW (W)	0	5	501512 239957
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Pritish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A12SE (E)	0	5	502462 239947
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A12SW (E)	0	5	502000 239957
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry	A4405	0	E	501140
	source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<ul> <li>strush Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil</li> <li>15 - 25 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;1.8 mg/kg</li> <li>60 - 90 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>30 - 45 mg/kg</li> </ul>	A14SE (NW)	U	5	501140 240487



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A11SW (N)	0	5	501512 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A15SW (NW)	0	5	501323 240409
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14NE (NW)	28	5	501000 240788
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A10SE (W)	28	5	501000 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14SE (NW)	29	5	501000 240581
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14SE (NW)	30	5	501000 240688



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg	A10SE (W)	44	5	501000 239957
	Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BCS Estimated Sail	Chamistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14NE (NW)	61	5	501000 241000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<ul> <li>Snitish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil</li> <li>25 - 35 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;1.8 mg/kg</li> <li>90 - 120 mg/kg</li> <li>&lt;150 mg/kg</li> <li>30 - 45 mg/kg</li> </ul>	A8SE (SE)	63	5	502390 239279
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A10SE (W)	77	5	500963 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Rural Soil         <15 mg/kg	(NW)	209	5	500799 241079
	BGS Estimated Soil	l Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A3NE (S)	221	5	501837 239023
	Concentration:					



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A16SW (NE)	228	5	502000 240681
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A4NW (SE)	245	5	502000 239000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A3NE (S)	248	5	501797 239000
	Concentration: Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A4NW (SE)	248	5	501921 239000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	< 150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A3NW (S)	249	5	501512 239000
	Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A3NW (S)	255	5	501204 239000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	< 150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A4NW (SE)	260	5	502150 238913
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A2NE (S)	268	5	501135 239000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A16SW (NE)	272	5	502137 240679
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A14NW (NW)	286	5	500637 240752
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A16NW (NE)	311	5	502000 241000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	A9NE (W)	325	5	500472 240236



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg	A3NW (S)	333	5	501323 238920
	Concentration: Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	40 - 60 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A2NE (SW)	335	5	501000 239000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Concentration: Lead Concentration:	<150 ma/ka				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg	A3NE (S)	385	5	501795 238864
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	40 - 60 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A16NW (NE)	408	5	502087 241000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	A2NE (SW)	500	5	501000 238804
	Concentration: Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Concentration: Chromium	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	Concentration:					
_	BGS Recorded Mine	eral Sites				
41	Site Name: Location: Source: Reference:	Rookery Clay Pit , Stewartby, Bedford British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service 35590	A15NW (N)	0	4	501510 240915
	Status: Operator:	Ceased London Brick Co Ltd				
	Operator Location:	London Brick Co Ltd, Arden House, West Street, Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, Lu7 7dd				
	Geology: Commodity:	Oxford Clay Formation Common Clay and Shale				
	Positional Accuracy:	Located by supplier to within 10m				
	BGS Measured Urb No data available	an Soil Chemistry				



Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Averages No data available				
	Coal Mining Affected Areas				
	In an area that might not be affected by coal mining				
	Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain No Hazard				
	Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards           Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240000
	Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SW (NW)	0	4	501323 240405
	Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential:         Moderate           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SW (NW)	0	4	501323 240405
	Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (W)	0	4	501026 240000
	Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240000
	Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (SW)	11	4	501149 239783
	Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240000
	Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A16SW (NE)	0	4	501967 240446
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SW (N)	0	4	501458 240480
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential:         Moderate           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SE (NE)	0	4	501715 240405
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential:         Moderate           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SE (N)	0	4	501625 240431
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (SW)	0	4	501324 239872
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (W)	0	4	501088 239942
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A12NW (NE)	0	4	501952 240361
	Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential:         Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SE (N)	0	4	501667 240407



Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Generations Information ServiceATTSW (N)04501512 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (N)04501512 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (SW)04501512 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (SW)1024501512 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (SW)1044501162 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (SW)1064501162 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Source:ATTSW (SW)1004501162 20000Potential for Landside Cround Stability Natural Haard Protential:ATTSW (SW)045011	Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
Status:         Builtin Ganzigetal Burrey, Nutional Ganzationes Information Service         (N)         (		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Very Low	A11SW	0	4	501512
Petertial for Landsilde Ground Stability HaardsA110W (NN)04501133 201711Potential Consolidation Collegical Survey, National Geodetine Information SarviceA115W (NN)04501133 201711Potential Consolidation Collegical Survey, National Geodetine Information SarviceA115W (NN)04501197 201871Potential For Landsilde Cround Stability Haards Haard Potential Core and Stability Haards 		Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	(N)			240000
Source Source Protectial for Landslike Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Protectial for Communic Stability Hazards Hazar		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	A 1 1 NIM	0	4	501222
Peternial For Landable Ground Stability HazardsATTSW (V)04501512 20057Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source Entrol Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceATTSW (SW)394501197 20057Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brain Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABNE (SW)1024501197 20057Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brain Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABNE (SW)1024501140 200571Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABNE (SW)1644501052 200761Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)1644501052 200762Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)1604501052 200762Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)20045010142 200763Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)20045010142 200763Potential For Landable Ground Stability Hazards Brains Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)2004502071 200763Potential For Running Sand		Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	(NW)	0	4	240121
Hazard Potential: Source: Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Low Source: Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1074)All SW (1074)04931112 2018772Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1074)APNE (1074)100245011137 2018772Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Cource: Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Ceological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1087)14664501027 201872Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1087)4201142 201142Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1087)4501142 201142Potential for Landialde Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Briand Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (1087)4501142 201142 <td></td> <td>Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards		_		
Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential For Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Assures in Low Source in Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential Low Source in Ended Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAPNW (SW)10244501197 239672Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential Low Source in Ended Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABNE (SB)116644500205Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential For Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SB)1164445001052 239105Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SW)1100445010122 239106Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SW)110044501023 239106Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SW)25044501023 239106Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SW)25044501023 239106Potential for Landidid Ground Stability Hazards Britein Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA1235E (SW)044501023 239096Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA1235E (SW)044501023 239096<		Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
Base and a consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information of the consignal survey, National Geoscience Information Service         Information Service </td <td></td> <td>Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards</td> <td>A 7NIIA/</td> <td>20</td> <td>4</td> <td>501107</td>		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	A 7NIIA/	20	4	501107
Peterstal for Landsite Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Peterstal: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAPR (SW)1024501140 239577Peterstal for Landsite Ground Stability Hazards Bazard Peterstal: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceASSW11644500187 		Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	(SW)	39	4	239572
Hazard Potential: Source: Detential for Landalds Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Low and Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Hazard Potential: Low and Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Hazard Potential: Low and Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (SW)1804501142 C39179 C39179Potential for Landalds Cround Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (SW)ASSE C1804501142 C39179 C39179Potential for Landalds Cround Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAASE (S)2504501780 C39179 C39179Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: Source: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (SW)A125E (S)04501225 S0078Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service (SW)115W (SW)		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards         Asset         146         4         502008           Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards         ASSE         164         4         502008           Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards         ASSE         164         4         501062           Hazard Potential         Mean Boolitality Hazards         ASSE         164         4         501062           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         ASSE         164         4         501062           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         ASSE         205         4         501021           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         (SW)         205         4         501780           Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards         ASSE         205         4         501780           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         (S)         0         4         502468           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service         (S)         0         4         502468           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service </td <td></td> <td>Hazard Potential:         Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service</td> <td>A6NE (SW)</td> <td>102</td> <td>4</td> <td>501140 239527</td>		Hazard Potential:         Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6NE (SW)	102	4	501140 239527
Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA8SW (SF)1464602008 602011Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA8SE 		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards BurdenALSE (SW)1644501062 239166Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialALSE (SW)1804501042 239186Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialALSE (SW)1804501042 239186Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialVery Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceALSE (SW)2054501702 239189Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialVery Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceALSE (S)04501780 2395899Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (E)04502468 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (E)04502468 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (C)4502468 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialAlse (SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialNatard (SW)04501323 <br< td=""><td></td><td>Hazard Potential:         Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service</td><td>A8SW (SE)</td><td>146</td><td>4</td><td>502008 239101</td></br<>		Hazard Potential:         Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A8SW (SE)	146	4	502008 239101
Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE (SW)1644501062 239166Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards Baurde: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceAGSE 		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards     ABSE     ABSE     ABSE     ABSE     Source:     ABSE     Source:     ABSE     ABSE     ABSE     ABSE     Source:     ABSE     Source:     ABSE		Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6SE (SW)	164	4	501062 239196
Hazard PatentialYey Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceASE (SW)180450192 239218Potential for Landelide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard PotentialVery Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceASE (SV)2054501021 239199Potential for Candelide Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: 		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	(011)			
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HeaterHotentialVery Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (SW)2054501021 239199Potential for Landsled Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceABSE (S)2504501720 23999Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA12SE (E)04502466 502466Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service11502466 (E)502466Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service11501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(NW)04501323 240406Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(NW)04501323 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(NW)04501512 23		Potential for Landelide Ground Stability Hazards	(500)			239218
DotationDistant Conducts interface(1)120133Potential for Landside Ground Stability HazardsA3NE2504501780Hazard Potential:LowSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(S)4502466Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA12SE04502466Hazard Potential:Very LowA12SE04502466Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(E)04502466Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards(E)04501225Hazard Potential:Very LowSource:Source:501225239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA115W04501225Hazard Potential:Very LowA115W04501225Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(INW)04501225Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA115W0450123Hazard Potential:Norund Stability Hazards(INW)240405239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards(INW)04501124Hazard Potential:No HazardSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(INW)4501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA11SW04501512Hazard Potential:No Ha		Hazard Potential: Very Low Source British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A6SE	205	4	501021
Hazard Potential:Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA3NE (S)2504501780 23999Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards 		Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	(011)			200100
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A12SE (E)04502466 502466 502406Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A12SE (E)04502461 502461 529442Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A12SE (E)04502461 520461 23942Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A12SE (E)04502461 23942Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (SW)04501323 240405Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A6NE (SW)04501323 240405Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A6NE (SW)04501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (N)04501512 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (N)04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (N)04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW (N)04501512 23957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A14SW <br< td=""><td></td><td>Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service</td><td>A3NE (S)</td><td>250</td><td>4</td><td>501780 238999</td></br<>		Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A3NE (S)	250	4	501780 238999
Hazard Potential:Very Low Survey: National Geoscience Information ServiceA12SE (E)04502466 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Source:A12SE (E)04502461 503942Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Source:A12SE (E)04501225 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA12SE0445024611Hazard Potential:Very Low Striks Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA12SE045024611Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A11SW04501225Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(SW)04501323Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A15SW04501323Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A6NE04501383Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Burde Potential:No Hazard Source:A6NE04501184Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A11SW04501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A11SW04501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Burde Source:A11SW04501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA11SW04501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards <td></td> <td>Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service</td> <td>A12SE (E)</td> <td>0</td> <td>4</td> <td>502466 240000</td>		Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A12SE (E)	0	4	502466 240000
Hazard Potential: Source:Very Low Initish Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA12SE (E)045024641 5024942Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (SW)0.04.0501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards bazard Potential: Source:Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SW (SW)0.04.0501323 240405Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Buzard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA6NE (SW)0.04.0501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Buzard Potential: No HazardA6NE British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service0.04.0501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Buzard Potential: No Hazard Source: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)0.04.0501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Butter Potential: Source: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (N)0.04.0501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Buzard Potential: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (N)0.04.0501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Buzard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (N)0.04.0501026 240000 <td></td> <td>Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service</td> <td>A12SE (E)</td> <td>0</td> <td>4</td> <td>502461 239942</td>		Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A12SE (E)	0	4	502461 239942
Hazard Potential: Source: Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (SW)04501225 239729Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Source: 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:A15SW Low (NW)04501323 240405Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA6NE (SW)04501323 240405Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Source:A6NE British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA6NE (SW)04501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 230698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 230957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 230957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501262 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Surce:A14SW British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (NW)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Surce		Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (SW)	0	4	501225 239729
Hazard Potential:LowA15SW04501323Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(NW)04501323Hazard Potential:No HazardSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service04501184British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service46NE04501512Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA11SW04501512Hazard Potential:No HazardSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)04501512Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)04501512501512Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)04501512501512Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)04501512501512Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)04501512501026Hazard Potential:Very LowSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(W)04501526British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(W)704500660240000Hazard Potential:No HazardSource:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(N)704500660 </td <td></td> <td>Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability HazardsA6NE (SW)04501184 239698Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA6NE (SW)04501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard 		Hazard Potential: Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SW (NW)	0	4	501323 240405
Hazard Potential:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA6NE (SW)04501184 239698Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Beological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A11SW 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards	()			210100
Source:British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service(SW)C23958Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Source:A11SW04501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A11SW04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A11SW04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A10SE04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:Very Low Source:A10SE04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:Very Low Source:A10SE04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A14SW704501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A14SW704501526 240000Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:No Hazard Source:A15SE Rot Source:04501539 240651Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Source:A15SE Rot Source:04501539 240651Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential:Moderat		Hazard Potential: No Hazard	A6NE	0	4	501184
Notential for Numing Sand Ground Stability HazardsA11SW (N)04501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (W)04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (N)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501513 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501513 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Sur		Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Potential for Punning Sand Ground Stability Hazards	(5W)			239698
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (W)04501512 233957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501512 233957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Very Low Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501026 501026Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (N)704500660 500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 240000Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 240000		Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW	0	4	501512 240000
Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (W)04501512 239957Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:Very Low 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				240000
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:A10SE British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (N)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE 04501512 240000Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:A11SW 		Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
Hazard Potential: Source:Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA10SE (W)04501026 240000Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (NW)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (NW)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501512 240000		Hazard Potential:         Very Low           Source:         British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A10SE (W)	0	4	501026 240000
Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA14SW (NW)704500660 240551Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard 		Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards       A15SE       0       4       501539         Hazard Potential:       No Hazard       British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service       (N)       0       4       501539         Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards       Hazard Potential:       Moderate       A11SW       0       4       501512         Source:       British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service       (N)       0       4       501512		Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A14SW (NW)	70	4	500660 240551
Hazard Potential: Source:No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA15SE (N)04501539 240691Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Hazard Potential: Source:Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information ServiceA11SW (N)04501539 240691Hazard Potential: 		Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards				
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards       A11SW       0       4       501512         Hazard Potential:       Moderate       A11SW       0       4       501512         Source:       British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service       (N)       0       4       501512		Hazard Potential: No Hazard Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A15SE (N)	0	4	501539 240691
Hazard Potential:     Moderate     A11SW     0     4     501512       Source:     British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service     (N)     240000		Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards				
		Hazard Potential: Moderate Source: British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240000



Map ID		Details		Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Potential for Shrink	ing or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Radon Potential - R	adon Protection Measures				
	Protection Measure:	No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Source:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service				
	Radon Potential - R	adon Protection Measures				
	Protection Measure:	No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240001
	Source:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service				
	Radon Potential - R	adon Affected Areas				
	Affected Area:	The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level	A11SW (W)	0	4	501512 239957
	Source:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service				
	Radon Potential - R	adon Affected Areas				
	Affected Area:	The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level British Geological Survey National Geoscience Information Service	A11SW (N)	0	4	501512 240001
1			1	1		



#### **Industrial Land Use**

Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Contemporary Trad	e Directory Entries				
42	Name: Location: Classification: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Select Engineering Moreteyne House, Station Lane, Millbrook, Bedford, MK45 2JH Sheet Metal Work Inactive Automatically positioned to the address	A14SW (NW)	8	-	500713 240478



#### **Sensitive Land Use**

Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Nitrate Vulnerable 2	Zones				
43	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Eutrophic Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A10NE (W)	0	8	500926 240134
	Nitrate Vulnerable 2	Zones				
44	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Surface Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A11SW (W)	0	8	501512 239957
	Nitrate Vulnerable 2	Zones				
45	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Groundwater Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A11SW (W)	0	8	501512 239957
	Nitrate Vulnerable 2	Zones				
46	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Groundwater Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	A3NW (S)	375	8	501349 238878



Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2013 February 2013 July 2008	Annually Annual Rolling Update Not Applicable
Discharge Consents Environment Agency - Anglian Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Integrated Pollution Controls Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control Environment Agency - Anglian Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Nearest Surface Water Feature Ordnance Survey	July 2012	Quarterly
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	September 1999	Not Applicable
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Registered Radioactive Substances	May 2014	Quartadu
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	Way 2014	Quarterry
Environment Agency - Head Office	November 2001	Not Applicable
River Quality Biology Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Water Abstractions	April 2014	Quartarly
	April 2014	Quarteny
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	May 2014	Quarterly
Groundwater Vulnerability	-	
Environment Agency - Head Office	January 2011	Not Applicable



Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Drift Deposits	lanuary 1999	Not Applicable
Padraak Anvién Dasimations	buildary 1000	
Bedrock Aquifer Designations British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Superficial Aquifer Designations	October 2012	Appually
	OCIODEI 2012	Annually
Source Protection Zones Environment Agency - Head Office	April 2014	Quarterly
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Flood Water Storage Areas		
Environment Agency - Head Office	May 2014	Quarterly
Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	February 2014	Quarterly
Detailed River Network Lines		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Waste	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 1996	Not Applicable
Historical Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	February 2014	Quarterly
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Landfill Coverage		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	April 2003	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Registered Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Transfer Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable



Hazardous Substances	Version	Update Cycle
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)		
Health and Safety Executive	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Explosive Sites		
Health and Safety Executive	November 2013	Bi-Annually
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)		
Health and Safety Executive	November 2000	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2008	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2008	
Geological	Version	Update Cycle
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 1996	Not Applicable
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	January 2010	Annually
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	April 2014	Bi-Annually
Brine Compensation Area		
Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board	August 2011	Not Applicable
Coal Mining Affected Areas		
The Coal Authority - Mining Report Service	December 2013	As notified
Mining Instability		
Ove Arup & Partners	October 2000	Not Applicable
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	February 2011	Not Applicable
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards		-
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Padon Potential - Padon Affected Areas		
Ritish Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	.luly 2011	Annually
Paden Potential - Paden Protection Messures		/ unidany
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually



Industrial Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries Thomson Directories	May 2014	Quarterly
Fuel Station Entries Catalist Ltd - Experian	March 2014	Quarterly
Sensitive Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Areas of Adopted Green Belt Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2011 May 2014	As notified As notified
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2014	As notified
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty Natural England	January 2014	Bi-Annually
Environmentally Sensitive Areas Natural England	July 2013	Annually
Forest Parks Forestry Commission	April 1997	Not Applicable
Local Nature Reserves Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Marine Nature Reserves Natural England	July 2013	Bi-Annually
National Nature Reserves Natural England	March 2014	<b>Bi-Annually</b>
National Parks Natural England	January 2014	<b>Bi-Annually</b>
Nitrate Sensitive Areas Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	February 2012	Not Applicable
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	July 2014	Annually
Ramsar Sites Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Sites of Special Scientific Interest Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Areas of Conservation Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Protection Areas Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually



A selection of organisations who provide data within this report

Data Supplier	Data Supplier Logo
Ordnance Survey	Licensed Partner
Environment Agency	Environment Agency
Scottish Environment Protection Agency	Scottish Environment Protection Agency
The Coal Authority	THE COAL AUTHORITY
British Geological Survey	British Geological Survey
Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	Centre for Ecology & Hydrology NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Countryside Council for Wales	CYNGOR CEFN GWLAD CYMRU COUNTRYSIDE COUNCIL FOR WALES
Scottish Natural Heritage	SCOTTISH NATURAL HERITAGE
Natural England	NATURAL ENGLAND
Public Health England	Public Health England
Ove Arup	ARUP
Peter Brett Associates	peterbrett



#### **Useful Contacts**

Contact	Name and Address	Contact Details
2	Environment Agency - National Customer Contact Centre (NCCC)	Telephone: 08708 506 506 Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
	PO Box 544, Templeborough, Rotherham, S60 1BY	
3	Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department Priory House, Monks Walk, Chicksands, Shefford, Bedfordshire, SG17 5TQ	Telephone: 0300 300 8000 Email: info@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk Website: www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG	Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk
5	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmark.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk
6	<b>Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department</b> Priory House, Monks Walk, Chicksands, Shefford, Bedfordshire, SG17 5TQ	Telephone: 0300 300 8000 Email: info@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk Website: www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk
7	<b>Natural England</b> Suite D, Unex House, Bourges Boulevard, Peterborough, Cambridgeshire, PE1 1NG	Telephone: 0845 600 3078 Email: enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk Website: www.naturalengland.org.uk
8	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA) Government Buildings, Otley Road, Lawnswood, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS16 5QT	Telephone: 0113 2613333 Fax: 0113 230 0879
9	Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) County Hall, Cauldwell Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK42 9AP	Telephone: 01234 363222 Fax: 01234 228656 Website: www.bedfordshire.gov.uk
10	Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department 23 London Road, Biggleswade, Bedford, Bedfordshire, SG18 8ER	Telephone: 01767 313137 Fax: 01767 316717 Website: www.midbeds.gov.uk
11	Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department Town Hall, St Pauls Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK40 1SJ	Telephone: 01234 267422 Fax: 01234 325671 Email: enquiries@bedford.gov.uk Website: www.bedford.gov.uk
-	Public Health England - Radon Survey, Centre for Radiation, Chemical and Environmental Hazards Chilton, Didcot, Oxfordshire, OX11 0RQ	Telephone: 01235 822622 Fax: 01235 833891 Email: radon@phe.gov.uk Website: www.ukradon.org
-	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk

Please note that the Environment Agency / SEPA have a charging policy in place for enquiries.

# **Historical Mapping Legends**

Ordnance	e Survey County Series 1:10,560	Ordnance Survey Plan 1:10,000	1:10,000 Raster Mapping
Grav Pit	vel Sand Other Pit Pits	مت من Chalk Pit, Clay Pit من Chalk Pit, Clay Pit من Chalk Pit, Clay Pit من Chalk Pit	Gravel Pit Gravel Pit Gravel Pit
C Qua	rry Shingle Orchard	Sand Pit Disused Pit	Rock (scattered)
<u>پ</u> ۲۰ ۲۰ ۴۰ ۲۰ ۲۰ ۴۰ ۲۰ ۴۰ ۴۰ ۲۰ ۴۰ ۴۰ ۲۰ ۴۰ ۴۰ ۲۰ ۴۰	ers	Refuse or Lake, Loch	ີ້ໍີຄັ້ Boulders ເວັ້າເປັນ Boulders ເscattered)
. * ; * 0 * . * 2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	A Construction of the second s	Dunes දී වී Boulders	Shingle Mud Mud
Mixed Woo	d Deciduous Brushwood	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sand Sand Sand Pit
			Slopes reaction Top of cliff
Fir	Furze Rough Pasture	ຊັ່> ຊັ່> Orchard ທີ່ທ_ Scrub \Υູ <sub>N</sub> Coppice ຖື Î Bracken ແມ່ມທະ Heath ເບິ່ນ , , Rough ຖື Grassland	General detail — — — — Underground detail — — — Overhead detail ······ Narrow gauge railway Multi-track Single track
₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩ flo	rrow denotes <u>a</u> Trigonometrical ow of water Station	<u> معا</u> يد Marsh ،،،،∨/،، Reeds <u>معا</u> دد Saltings	railway Civil parish or
r <b>∔•</b> Si	ite of Antiquities 🔹 🛧 Bench Mark	Direction of Flow of Water Building	County boundary (England only)
P Si • <b>285</b> S	ump, Guide Post, Well, Spring, ignal Post Boundary Post urface Level	Glasshouse Glasshouse	Metropolitan, Constituency London Borough boundary boundary
Sketched	Instrumental Contour	Pylon ————————————————————————————————————	Area of wooded → ↑ Area of wooded vegetation → ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
Main Roads	Fenced Minor Roads	Cutting Embankment Standard Gauge	
	Sunken Road Raised Road	Road ''''''' Road Level Foot Under Over Crossing Bridge	今 今 今 今 今 今 Orchard 化 化 Coppice or Osiers
And	Railway over Railway over Railway River	Siding, Tramway or Mineral Line Narrow Gauge	ளம் Rough எஸ் Grassland ஸா//ச Heath
""utilities and the second	Railway over Level Crossing	Geographical County	∩o_ Co_ Scrub J⊻∠ Marsh, Salt J⊻∠ Marsh or Reeds
	Road over Road over River or Canal Stream	Administrative County, County Borough or County of City Municipal Borough, Urban or Rural District.	Water feature Flow arrows
	Road over Stream	Burgh or District Council Borough, Burgh or County Constituency Shown only when not coincident with other boundaries	MHW(S)         Mean high water (springs)         MLW(S)         Mean low water (springs)
	County Boundary (Geographical)	Civil Parish Shown alternately when coincidence of boundaries occurs	Telephone line (where shown)
<u> </u>	County & Civil Parish Boundary Administrative County & Civil Parish Boundary	BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone Pol Sta Police Station	(with poles) ← Bench mark Triangulation BM 123.45 m (where shown) △ station
Co. Boro. Bdv	County Borough Boundary (England)	Ch Church PO Post Office CH Club House PC Public Convenience F E Sta Fire Engine Station PH Public House	Point feature Pylon, flare stack ◆ (e.g. Guide Post ⊠ Pylon, flare stack
Co. Burgh Bdy.	County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)	FB Foot Bridge SB Signal Box Fn Fountain Spr Spring	or lighting tower
yv. RD. Bdy.	Rural District Boundary	GP     Guide Post     TCB     Telephone Call Box       MP     Mile Post     TCP     Telephone Call Post	Giassnouse
······	Civil Parish Boundary	MS Mile Stone W Well	General Building Building



#### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1883 - 1884	2
Buckinghamshire	1:10,560	1885	3
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1901 - 1902	4
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1927	5
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1938 - 1947	6
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1947 - 1948	7
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1960	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1978	9
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1982 - 1983	10
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1990	11
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2006	12
VectorMap Local	1:10,000	2014	13

#### Historical Map - Slice A



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 500

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Tel: Fax:

Web:












































# **10k Raster Mapping**

# Published 2006

# Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were produced from the Ordnance Survey's 1:10,000 colour raster mapping. These maps are derived from Landplan which replaced the old 1:10,000 maps originally published in 1970. The data is highly detailed showing buildings, fences and field boundaries as well as all roads, tracks and paths. Road names are also included together with the relevant road number and classification. Boundary information depiction includes county, unitary authority, district, civil parish and constituency.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Slice A**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 500

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Tel: Fax:

Web:





# **VectorMap Local**

# Published 2014

# Source map scale - 1:10,000

VectorMap Local (Raster) is Ordnance Survey's highest detailed 'backdrop' mapping product. These maps are produced from OS's VectorMap Local, a simple vector dataset at a nominal scale of 1:10,000, covering the whole of Great Britain, that has been designed for creating graphical mapping. OS VectorMap Local is derived from large-scale information surveyed at 1:1250 scale (covering major towns and cities),1:2500 scale (smaller towns, villages and developed rural areas), and 1:10 000 scale (mountain, moorland and river estuary areas).



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L	SP93NE	L	TLO3	NW	Т
L	2014 Variable	Т	2014 Varia	blo	Т
	valiable		vanc	ine	





### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 500

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Tel: Fax: Web:





General			
🔼 Specified Site 🛛 🕻	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Po	oint
Several of Type at Lo	ocation		
Agency and H	lydrological	Waste	
Contaminated Land R (Location)	Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfi	ll S
🚫 Contaminated Land F	Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfi	II S
🔶 Discharge Consent		🔴 EA Historic Landfill (Bu	iffe
A Enforcement or Proh	ibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Po	lyg
A Integrated Pollution C	ontrol	Integrated Pollution Co     Waste Site	nti
Integrated Pollution P	revention Control	Licensed Waste Mana (Landfill Boundary)	age
Local Authority Integ and Control	rated Pollution Prevention	Eicensed Waste Mana	ige
🛆 Local Authority Pollut	tion Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recon	de
Control Enforcement	tion Prevention and	IIII Local Authority Recon	de
Pollution Incident to C	Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Siti	е
Prosecution Relating	to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site	e (
🔶 Prosecution Relating	to Controlled Waters	📄 Registered Landfill Site	e (
🛕 Registered Radioacti	ve Substance	📃 Registered Landfill Site	e (
🥆 River Network or Wa	ter Feature	👚 Registered Waste Tra	ns
🕂 River Quality Samplin	ng Point	IIII Registered Waste Tra	ns
🔶 Substantiated Pollutio	on Incident Register	Registered Waste Tre (Location)	atr
🔶 Water Abstraction		📃 Registered Waste Tre	atr
🔶 Water Industry Act R	eferral	Hazardous Su	ıb
Geological		K COMAH Site	
BGS Recorded Miner	ral Site	🌠 Explosive Site	
		_	

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 📩 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A6



### **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

A 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

# Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



8 Map ID

▼	BGS Recorded La⊓dfill Site (Location)
Ø	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
0	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon) Integrated Pollution Control Registered
	Waste Site Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
Ш	Registered Waste Transfer Site
0	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>1</b>	COMAH Site
<b>1</b>	Explosive Site
<b>*</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement







#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 📩 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A7



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Υ.	DGS Recorded Landnii Site (Location)
0	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
۲	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
	Integrated Pollution Control Registered
8	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
۲	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Transfer Site
Ô	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>×</b>	COMAH Site
<b>*</b>	Explosive Site
×	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement







#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A8



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

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### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



V	BGS Recorded La⊓dfill Site (Location)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
$\bigcirc$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon) Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Transfer Site
$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>1</b>	COMAH Site
<b>×</b>	Explosive Site
<b>1</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement





General	
🖒 Specified Site 🛛 🖒 Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Point 🛛 🛽 🛛 Map ID
Several of Type at Location	
Agency and Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice (Location)	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
🔀 Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice	🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Consent	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
A Enforcement or Prohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
A Integrated Pollution Control	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
Integrated Pollution Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
A Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Control Enforcement	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
Pollution Incident to Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
Prosecution Relating to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Prosecution Relating to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
🔺 Registered Radioactive Substance	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
🥆 River Network or Water Feature	懀 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
🕂 River Quality Sampling Point	IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
合 Substantiated Pollution Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
🚫 Water Abstraction	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
🔶 Water Industry Act Referral	Hazardous Substances
Geological	K COMAH Site
V BGS Recorded Mineral Site	搔 Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 📩 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A10





#### **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

A 240.61

🙀 NIHHS Site

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Tel: Fax: Web:





General	
🚫 Specified Site 🛛 🖒 Specified Buffer(s)	🗙 Bearing Reference Point 🛛 🛽 🛚 Map ID
Several of Type at Location	
Agency and Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice (Location)	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice	🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Consent	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
Leforcement or Prohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
A Integrated Pollution Control	Integrated Pollution Control Registered     Waste Site
Integrated Pollution Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Management Facility
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control	<ul> <li>Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)</li> </ul>
▲ Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Control Enforcement	IIII Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
Pollution Incident to Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
Prosecution Relating to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Prosecution Relating to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
A Registered Radioactive Substance	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
🥆 River Network or Water Feature	👚 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
🖶 River Quality Sampling Point	IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
合 Substantiated Pollution Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
🔷 Water Abstraction	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
🔶 Water Industry Act Referral	Hazardous Substances
Geological	🛃 COMAH Site
V BGS Recorded Mineral Site	🛃 Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🛧 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A11



🙀 NIHHS Site

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Tel: Fax: Web:





	serierai			
5	Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	Х	Bearing Reference Point
	Several of Type at	Location		
P	Agency and	Hydrological	W	aste
Ç	Contaminated Lan (Location)	d Register Entry or Notice	▼	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
Ľ	🔨 Contaminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	$\square$	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
(	👌 Discharge Consen	ıt	$\odot$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered
4	L Enforcement or Pr	ohibition Notice		EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
4	🛓 Integrated Pollution	n Control	$\land$	Integrated Pollution Control I Waste Site
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention Control	$\boxtimes$	Licensed Waste Manageme (Landfill Boundary)
	Local Authority Int and Control	egrated Pollution Prevention	•	Licensed Waste Manageme
4	🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control		Local Authority Recorded L
7	Local Authority Po Control Enforceme	Ilution Prevention and ent	Ш	Local Authority Recorded L
	Pollution Incident to	o Controlled Waters	$\square$	Registered Landfill Site
N	Prosecution Relati	ng to Authorised Processes	►	Registered Landfill Site (Loca
(	Prosecution Relati	ng to Controlled Waters		Registered Landfill Site (Poir
4	🛕 Registered Radioa	ctive Substance		Registered Landfill Site (Poir
N	River Network or V	Vater Feature		Registered Waste Transfer
4	🕨 River Quality Sam	oling Point	Ш	Registered Waste Transfer
<	Cubstantiated Poll	tion Incident Register	$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste Treatmer (Location)
	> Water Abstraction	1		Registered Waste Treatmer
	Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Ha	azardous Subs
G	Seological		<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
١	BGS Recorded Mir	neral Site	M	Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🛧 Fuel Station Entry





#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



8 Map ID







General	
🚫 Specified Site 🛛 🖒 Specified Buffer(s)	🗙 Bearing Reference Point 🛛 🛽 🛚 Map ID
Several of Type at Location	
Agency and Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice (Location)	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice	💋 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Consent	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
A Enforcement or Prohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
A Integrated Pollution Control	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
Integrated Pollution Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Management Facility
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control	<ul> <li>Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)</li> </ul>
A Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Control Enforcement	IIII Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
Pollution Incident to Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
<b>V</b> Prosecution Relating to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Prosecution Relating to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
A Registered Radioactive Substance	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
🥆 River Network or Water Feature	懀 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
🕂 River Quality Sampling Point	IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
🔶 Substantiated Pollution Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
🚫 Water Abstraction	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
🔶 Water Industry Act Referral	Hazardous Substances
Geological	Mathematical Company C
BGS Recorded Mineral Site	🙀 Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A14



🙀 NIHHS Site

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Point
Several of Type at	t Location	
Agency and	Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Lan (Location)	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
📉 Contaminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Conser	nt	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered
A Enforcement or Pr	ohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
A Integrated Pollution	n Control	Maste Site
Integrated Pollution	n Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Manageme
Local Authority Int	egrated Pollution Prevention	Eicensed Waste Managemei
🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recorded La
V Local Authority Po Control Enforceme	ollution Prevention and ent	Local Authority Recorded La
Pollution Incident to	o Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
Prosecution Relati	ng to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site (Loca
🔶 Prosecution Relati	ng to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (Poin
🔺 Registered Radioa	active Substance	Registered Landfill Site (Poin
🥆 River Network or V	Nater Feature	👚 Registered Waste Transfer
🕂 River Quality Sam	pling Point	Registered Waste Transfer
🔶 Substantiated Poll	ution Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatment (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction	ı	Registered Waste Treatmen
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Hazardous Subst
Geological		🛃 COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mi	neral Site	🙀 Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- 🛧 Fuel Station Entry
- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A15



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



8 Map ID







General	
🚫 Specified Site 🛛 🖒 Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Point 🛛 🛽 8 Map ID
Several of Type at Location	
Agency and Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice (Location)	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
📉 Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice	🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Consent	🛑 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
L Enforcement or Prohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
Integrated Pollution Control	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
Integrated Pollution Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Management Facility
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
🔥 Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Control Enforcement	IIII Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
Pollution Incident to Controlled Waters	🔀 Registered Landfill Site
Prosecution Relating to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Prosecution Relating to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
A Registered Radioactive Substance	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
🥆 River Network or Water Feature	懀 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
🕂 River Quality Sampling Point	IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
🔶 Substantiated Pollution Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
🚫 Water Abstraction	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
🔶 Water Industry Act Referral	Hazardous Substances
Geological	K COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mineral Site	💑 Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment A16





#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

🙀 NIHHS Site

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Poi
Several of Type at	t Location	
Agency and	Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Lan (Location)	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfill
🚫 Contaminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfill
🔶 Discharge Conser	nt	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (But
A Enforcement or Pr	ohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Pol
A Integrated Pollution	n Control	A Integrated Pollution Col Waste Site
Integrated Pollution	n Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Mana
Local Authority Int	egrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste Mana,
🔥 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Record
Control Enforceme	ent Prevention and	Local Authority Record
😑 😑 Pollution Incident t	o Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
Prosecution Relati	ng to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Site
🛛 🔶 Prosecution Relati	ng to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site
🔺 Registered Radioa	active Substance	Registered Landfill Site
🥄 River Network or V	Nater Feature	👚 Registered Waste Trar
🕂 River Quality Sam	pling Point	Registered Waste Tran
🔶 Substantiated Poll	ution Incident Register	Registered Waste Trea (Location)
🔷 Water Abstraction	ı	📃 Registered Waste Trea
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Hazardous Su
Geological		🛃 COMAH Site
T BOS Recorded Mi	novel Site	🕶 Explosive Site

### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry

oint 🛛 🛛 Map ID

BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🛑 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
Integrated Pollution Control Registered
Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
🔴 Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
🔀 Registered Landfill Site
Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
👚 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
🗮 Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Hazardous Substances
🛃 COMAH Site
搔 Explosive Site
🛃 NIHHS Site
🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

Site Sensitivity Map - Slice A -A10– A 1

#### **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

А 240.61 500

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

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🔼 Specified Site

- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point

### Agency and Hydrological (Flood)

Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 2)

Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 3)

Area Benefiting from Flood Defence



Flood Water Storage Areas

--- Flood Defence

## Flood Map - Slice A



#### **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

А 240.61 500

### Site Details

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🔼 Specified Site C Specified Buffer(s) X Bearing Reference Point 8 Map ID Several of Type at Location

### Agency and Hydrological (Boreholes)

- 😑 BGS Borehole Depth 0 10m
- 🔵 BGS Borehole Depth 10 30m
- 🔴 BGS Borehole Depth 30m +
- Confidential

🔿 Other

For Borehole information please refer to the Borehole datasheet which accompanied this slice.

A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 500

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Web:

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- A Specified Site
- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point
- 8 Map ID

### **Detailed River Network Data**

- Primary River Secondary River
- Tertiary River
- Canal
- – Canal Tunnel
- Undefined River
- --- Lake/Reservoir
- – Offline Drainage Feature

#### Contours (height in metres)

Standard Contour Master Contour Spot Height



- Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) ------ Underground River (inferred) ------ Underground River (local knowledge) —— Downstream of High Water Mark
- --- Downstream of Seaward Extension
- --- Not assigned River feature
  - MLW Mean Low Water **=**MHW**=** Mean High Water

# EA/NRW Detailed River Network Map - Slice A



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 500

### Site Details

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### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A6**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# **Bedfordshire**

# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A6**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# **Bedfordshire**

# Published 1901

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A6**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# **Bedfordshire**

# Published 1925

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A6**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

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Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1972

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.







# Large-Scale National Grid Data

# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.






Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A7**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A7**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Published 1901

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A7**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Published 1925

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A7**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1972

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.







# Large-Scale National Grid Data

# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.







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Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A8**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.















# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1972

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.











Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A8**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.















# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1972

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.











Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972 - 1976	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A10**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1972 - 1976 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### Historical Map - Segment A10



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby











# Large-Scale National Grid Data

# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### Historical Map - Segment A10



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972 - 1976	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A11**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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# Published 1901

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 02-Oct-2014





# Published 1925

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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# **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1972 - 1976 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### Historical Map - Segment A11



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### Historical Map - Segment A11



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Large-Scale National Grid Data

# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment A11**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972 - 1976	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7

### **Historical Map - Segment A12**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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### Published 1883

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1901

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1925

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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### **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1972 - 1976 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

### Published 1976

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Large-Scale National Grid Data

### Published 1993

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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1	TL0140	Т	TL0240	I
1	1993 1:2,500	I	1993 1:2,500	I
T		1		Т
_				_
I.	TL0139	1	TL0239	I
I I	TL0139 1993 1:2,500	l I	TL0239 1993 1:2,500	I I
   	TL0139 1993 1:2,500	   	TL0239 1993 1:2,500	   

#### Historical Map - Segment A12



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







#### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

#### **Historical Map - Segment A14**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### **Published 1883**

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A14



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1901

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A14



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1925

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A14



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### **Ordnance Survey Plan**

### Published 1976

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A14



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Large-Scale National Grid Data

### Published 1993

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

—	_	_		—	—	_
L	TL0	041	Т	TL0	141	I
L	199 1:2,5	3 500	I	199 1:2,	3 500	I
I			Т			Т
_	_	_		_	_	_
1	TL0	040	1	TL0	140	_ı
 	TL0 199 1:2,5	040 3 500	 	TL0 199 1:2,	140 3 500	- - -
   	TL0 199 1:2,5	- 3 500	   	TL0 199 1:2,	140 3 500	- 1 1

#### Historical Map - Segment A14



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







#### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

#### **Historical Map - Segment A15**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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### Published 1883

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.





#### Historical Map - Segment A15



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1901

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.





#### Historical Map - Segment A15



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Published 1925

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.





#### Historical Map - Segment A15



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

### Published 1976

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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#### Historical Map - Segment A15



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Large-Scale National Grid Data

### Published 1993

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### Historical Map - Segment A15



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







#### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1975 - 1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

#### **Historical Map - Segment A16**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

> Tel: Fax:

> > Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby











### Published 1901

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s) 021\_03 1901 021\_02 1901 1:2,500 1 1:2,500 021\_07 1901 1:2,500 021\_06 1901 1:2,500 \_ \_ \_| \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ Ι\_\_ **Historical Map - Segment A16 Order Details** Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: А Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 240.61 100 Site Details Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby **Landmark** 0844 844 9952 Tel: Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 02-Oct-2014 Page 3 of 6





### Published 1925

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s) 021\_03 1925 1:2,500 021\_02 1925 1:2,500 1 021\_07 1925 1:2,500 021\_06 1925 1:2,500 Ι\_\_ **Historical Map - Segment A16 Order Details** Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: А Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 240.61 100 Site Details Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby 0844 844 9952 Tel: Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 02-Oct-2014 Page 4 of 6





### **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1975 - 1976 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



#### **Historical Map - Segment A16**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 Α 240.61 100

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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# Large-Scale National Grid Data

### Published 1993

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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T	TL0141	Т	TL02	241	Т
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ī	— — TL0140	1	TL02	240	_ı
 	TL0140 1993 1:2,500	 	TL02 1993 1:2,5	240	ן ו
   	TL0140 1993 1:2,500	   	TL02 1993 1:2,5	240	- - - -

#### Historical Map - Segment A16



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501510, 239960 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 А 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby





# **Envirocheck**<sup>®</sup> Report:

# BGS Boreholes Datasheet

### **Order Details:**

# Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1

Customer Reference: 31116

# National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970

Slice:

**Site Area (Ha):** 240.61

Borehole Search Buffer (m): 50

### Site Details:

Millbrook Power Project Green Lane Stewartby

### **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





### **BGS Boreholes Summary**

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 50m
BGS Boreholes (50m)	pg 1	1	1

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination.

For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.

#### **Report Version v49.0**



# **BGS Boreholes Detail**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
26	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw3 3.1 Ampthill By-Pass 1 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524357/	B9NW (NW)	0	4	502560 240270
27	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw5 5.3 A418 Crossing 18 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524359/	B9NE (NE)	22	4	503050 240070



# **Data Currency and Contact Details**

BGS Boreholes	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Boreholes		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 2014	Quarterly

Contact Details		Contact Logo
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk	British Geological Survey NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
-	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk	LANDMARK Information Group

















# **Envirocheck® Report:**

# **Datasheet**

### **Order Details:**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1

# Customer Reference: 31116

National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970

Slice: B

Site Area (Ha):

240.61 Search Buffer (m):

500

### Site Details:

Millbrook Power Project Green Lane Stewartby

### **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





Report Section	Page Number
Summary	-
Agency & Hydrological	1
Waste	7
Hazardous Substances	8
Geological	9
Industrial Land Use	-
Sensitive Land Use	14
Data Currency	15
Data Suppliers	19
Useful Contacts	20

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination. For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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#### Report Version v49.0



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Agency & Hydrological				
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices				
Discharge Consents	pg 1		1	
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices				
Integrated Pollution Controls				
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls	pg 1			6
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements				
Nearest Surface Water Feature	pg 2	Yes		
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters				
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes				
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters				
Registered Radioactive Substances				
River Quality				
River Quality Biology Sampling Points				
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points				
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register				
Water Abstractions	pg 2	1	2	
Water Industry Act Referrals	pg 2			2
Groundwater Vulnerability	pg 3	Yes	n/a	n/a
Bedrock Aquifer Designations	pg 3	Yes	n/a	n/a
Superficial Aquifer Designations	pg 3	Yes	n/a	n/a
Source Protection Zones				
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences				n/a
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences				n/a
Flood Water Storage Areas				n/a
Flood Defences				n/a
Detailed River Network Lines	pg 3	Yes	Yes	Yes
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage				


# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Waste				
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites				
Historical Landfill Sites				
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)				
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites				
Registered Landfill Sites				
Registered Waste Transfer Sites				
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites				
Hazardous Substances				
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)				
Explosive Sites	pg 8			1
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)				
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents				
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements				
Geological				
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology	pg 9	Yes	n/a	n/a
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry	pg 9	Yes	Yes	Yes
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites				
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry				
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Averages				
Brine Compensation Area			n/a	n/a
Coal Mining Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Mining Instability			n/a	n/a
Man-Made Mining Cavities				
Natural Cavities				
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain				n/a
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes		n/a
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards				n/a
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards				n/a
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes		n/a
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes		n/a
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards	pg 12	Yes		n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures			n/a	n/a



## Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Industrial Land Use				
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries (50m)				n/a
Fuel Station Entries				
Sensitive Land Use				
Areas of Adopted Green Belt				
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt				
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty				
Environmentally Sensitive Areas				
Forest Parks				
Local Nature Reserves				
Marine Nature Reserves				
National Nature Reserves				
National Parks				
Nitrate Sensitive Areas				
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones	pg 14	2		1
Ramsar Sites				
Sites of Special Scientific Interest				
Special Areas of Conservation				
Special Protection Areas				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
1	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status:	Frontline Inns Limited Sewage Disposal Works - Other The Chequers Public House Ampthill Road, Houghton Conquest, Bedford, Beds, Mk45 3jp Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Prcnf17990 1 21st May 2007 5th March 2007 21st May 2019 Sewage And Trade Combined - Unspecified Freshwater Stream/River Seasonal Soakaway New Consent (Water Resources Act 1991, Section 88 & Schedule 10 as amended by Environment Act 1995)	B9NE (N)	53	2	503070 240255
2	Local Authority Poll Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	ution Prevention and Controls         Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd         Reddings Wood, AMPTHILL, MK45 2HD         Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department         Ppc/Mb/62         Not Supplied         Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control         PG4/1 Processes for the surface treatment of metals         Authorisation revokedRevoked         Manually positioned to the address or location	B6NW (SE)	294	3	503246 239667
2	Local Authority Poll Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	ution Prevention and Controls         Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd         Reddings Wood, Ampthill, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK45         Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department         Ppc/Mb/21         1st March 1994         Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control         PG6/23 Coating of metal and plastic         Permitted         Manually positioned to the address or location	B6NW (SE)	300	3	503242 239655
2	Local Authority Poll Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	ution Prevention and Controls Hunting Engineering Plc Ampthill, MK45 Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department Epa/Mb/31 Not Supplied Local Authority Air Pollution Control Part B - General Coating Process (No Specific Reference) Authorisation revokedRevoked Manually positioned to the address or location	B6NW (SE)	307	3	503258 239661
2	Local Authority Poll Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	ution Prevention and Controls Insys Ltd Reddings Wood, Ampthill, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK45 Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department EPA/MB/21A 1st March 1994 Local Authority Air Pollution Control PG6/32 Adhesive coating <b>Site Closed</b> Manually positioned to the address or location	B6NW (SE)	317	3	503251 239641
2	Local Authority Poll Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	ution Prevention and Controls Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd Reddings Wood, Ampthill, Mk45 2hd Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department PPC/MB/62 Not Supplied Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control PG4/1 Processes for the surface treatment of metals <b>Authorisation revokedRevoked</b> Manually positioned to the address or location	B6NW (SE)	345	3	503257 239609



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Local Authority Poll	ution Prevention and Controls				
2	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description:	Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd Reddings Wood, Ampthill, Mk45 2hd Central Bedfordshire Council, Environmental Health Department PPC/MB/21 5th November 2008 Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control PG6/32 Adhesive coating	B6NW (SE)	347	3	503254 239604
	Status: Positional Accuracy:	Authorisation revokedRevoked Manually positioned to the address or location				
	Nearest Surface Wa	ter Feature				
			B5NW (SW)	0	-	502657 239673
	Water Abstractions		(0.1)			2000.0
3	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit End Date: Permit End Date:	R J Parrish & Son 6/33/12/*S/0067 100 Pond At Ampthill Environment Agency, Anglian Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Direct Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 April 30 September 1st November 1996 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m	B5NW (SW)	0	2	502700 239695
4	Water Abstractions Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	R J Parrish & Son 6/33/12/*S/0067 100 Pond At Ampthill Environment Agency, Anglian Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Direct Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 April 30 September 1st November 1996 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m	B13SW (N)	139	2	502800 240400
5	Water Abstractions Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	R J Parrish & Son 6/33/12/*S/0067 100 Pond At Ampthill Environment Agency, Anglian Region General Agriculture: Spray Irrigation - Direct Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 April 30 September 1st November 1996 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m	B13SE (N)	241	2	502900 240500
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
6	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd LOCKHEED MARTIN UK INSYS LTD, REDDINGS WOOD, REDDINGS WOOD, AMPTHILL, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK45 2HD Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bu3833 28th February 2003 Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991 Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations <b>Authorisation either revoked or cancelledCancelled</b> Manually positioned to the address or location	B10SW (SE)	310	2	503313 239730



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Water Industry Act	Referrals				
7	Name: Location:	Lockheed Martin Uk Insys Ltd LOCKHEED MARTIN UK INSYS LTD, REDDINGS WOOD, AMPTHILL, BEDFORD, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK45 2HD	B6NW (SE)	345	2	503256 239608
	Permit Reference: Dated:	CB0803 16th January 2007				
	Process Type: Description:	Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991 Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations				
	Status: Positional Accuracy:	Application cancelled Automatically positioned to the address				
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Soils of Intermediate Leaching Potential (I1) - Soils which can possibly transmit a wide range of pollutants Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	B9SW (W)	0	2	502711 239987
	Groundwater Vulne	rshility				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet: Scale:	Not classified Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	B9SE (E)	0	2	502966 239968
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification:	Soils of Low Leaching Potential - Soils in which pollutants are unlikely to penetrate the soil layer because water movement is largely horizontal or they have large ability to attenuate diffuse pollutants. Lateral flow from these soils contribute to groundwater recharge elsewhere in the catchment	B9NE (N)	0	2	503000 240052
	Map Sheet: Scale:	Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000				
	Drift Deposits None					
	Bedrock Aquifer De	signations				
	Aquifer Designation:	Unproductive Strata	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Bedrock Aquifer De Aquifer Designation:	signations Unproductive Strata	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240001
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	B9SW	0	4	502754
	Superficial Aquifer	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	B9SW	0	4	502745
			(W)			240001
	Superficial Aquifer Aquifer Designation:	Designations Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	B9SE	0	4	503031 240018
	Extreme Flooding fi	rom Rivers or Sea without Defences	(112)			210010
	Flooding from River	rs or Sea without Defences				
	None					
	Areas Benefiting fro	om Flood Defences				
	Flood Water Storag	e Areas				
	Flood Defences					
	Detailed Piver Netwo	ork Lines				
8	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers	(W)	0	2	502464 239885
	Management Status: Water Course Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
9	River Type:	Tertiary River	B9SE	0	2	503022
5	River Name:	Drain	(NF)	Ū	2	240006
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
10	River Type:	Tertiany River	BASE	1	2	503040
10	River Name:	Not Supplied	(NE)		2	240002
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	· · ·			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
11	River Type <sup>.</sup>	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)	<b>B9NF</b>	3	2	503022
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(N)	5	2	240230
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			2.0200
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Below Surface				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
12	River Type	Tertiary River	(SW)	18	2	502522
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(011)		-	239371
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Sufface Level:	Surface Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
13	River Type	Tertiary River	B9NF	38	2	503021
10	River Name:	Drain	(N)		2	240295
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				-
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	Drain Feature	Sunace Drain (ditch Reen Rhyne Drain)				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netwo	ork Lines				
			DAVE	05	-	500400
14	River Type: River Name:	Lettiary River	B9NE	85	2	503192
	Hydrographic Area	D005	(E)			240040
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Management Status					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Noiorente.					



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	<b>Detailed River Netw</b>	ork Lines				
15	River Type:	Tertiary River	B13SW	105	2	502719
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(NW)			240384
	Hydrographic Area:	D005 Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
16	River Type:	Tertiary River	B13SE	141	2	503010
	River Name: Hydrographic Area:	Drain D005	(N)			240398
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed Biver Netw	ark Lines				
17			B126W/	254	2	502570
17	River Name:	Not Supplied	(NW)	204	2	240645
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	()			210010
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level: Drain Feature:	Sufface Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
18	River Type:	Tertiary River	B13SE	269	2	503014
	River Name:	Drain	(N)			240527
	Hydrographic Area:	D005 Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed Piver Netwo	ork Lines				
10			B120E	200	2	502052
13	River Name:	Not Supplied	(N)	230	2	240545
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Not Supplied				
	Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
20	River Type:	Tertiary River	B13SE	316	2	503043
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(N)			240572
	Hydrographic Area:	D005 Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	vvater Course Reference:	Not Supplied				

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Date: 02-Oct-2014

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Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Network Lines				
21	River Type:Tertiary RiverRiver Name:Not SuppliedHydrographic Area:D005River Flow Type:Primary Flow PathRiver Surface Level:SurfaceDrain Feature:Not a DrainFlood RiskOther RiversManagement Status:Water CourseWater CourseNot SuppliedName:Not SuppliedReference:Not Supplied	B14SW (NE)	425	2	503418 240398
	Detailed River Network Offline Drainage				
	None				



## Waste

Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Local Authority Landfill Coverage				
	Name: Mid Bedfordshire District Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	11	502966 239968
	Local Authority Landfill Coverage				
	Name: Bedfordshire County Council - Has no landfill data to supply		0	10	502966 239968
	Local Authority Landfill Coverage				
	Name: Bedford Borough Council - Has supplied landfill data		11	12	502363 240620



# **Hazardous Substances**

Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
22	Explosive Sites         Name:       Ampthill/Insys Ltd         Location:       Reddings Wood, AMPTHILL, Bedfordshire, MK45 2HD         Status:       Active         Positional Accuracy:       Manually positioned within the geographical locality	B6NW (SE)	406	5	503375 239647



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS 1:625,000 Solid Description:	<b>I Geology</b> Oxford Clay and Kellaways Beds	B9SE	0	4	502966
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry	(E)			239968
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (NE)	0	6	503000 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (N)	0	6	502966 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	89NE (N)	0	6	502907 240202
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (NE)	0	6	503030 240017
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SW (W)	0	6	502744 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SW (W)	0	6	502754 239933



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (E)	0	6	502966 239968
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (E)	0	6	503000 239968
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B9SE (E)	37	6	503070 240000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B5SE (S)	63	6	502999 239301
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	B1NW (S)	260	6	502652 239000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 40 - 60 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg	B5SW (S)	391	6	502720 239091



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil	I Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg	B5SE (S)	416	6	503000 239301
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	DOO Fatimated Oall	l Oh annia tan				
	BGS Estimated Sol		D ( ) N/	100		500744
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	Rural Soil 25 - 35 mg/kg	(S)	422	б	239000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	40 - 60 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 15 - 30 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	I Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	B13NW (N)	449	6	502755 241000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	B13NW (N)	470	6	502639 240857
	Concentration: Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	PCS Estimated Sail	Chamistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil	B1NW (S)	487	6	502755 239019
	Concentration: Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Concentration: Chromium	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Fetimatod Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil	B1NW (S)	498	6	502787 239000
	Arsenic Concentration:	25 - 35 mg/kg				
	Caomium Concentration: Chromium	<1.0 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/ka				
	Concentration: Lead Concentration:	<150 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Measured Urb	an Soil Chemistry				
	No data available					
	BGS Urban Soil Che	emistry Averages				

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Date: 02-Oct-2014

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Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Coal Mining Affected In an area that might n	Areas ot be affected by coal mining				
	Non Coal Mining Area No Hazard	as of Great Britain				
	Potential for Collapsi Hazard Potential: \ Source: E	<b>ble Ground Stability Hazards</b> /ery Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Potential for Collapsi Hazard Potential: Source: E	<b>ble Ground Stability Hazards</b> /ery Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for CompreseHazard Potential:Source:	ssible Ground Stability Hazards No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Potential for Compresentation Potential: Nazard Potential: Nazard Potential: Source: E	<b>ssible Ground Stability Hazards</b> No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for GroundHazard Potential:Source:	<b>Dissolution Stability Hazards</b> No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for GroundHazard Potential:Source:	<b>Dissolution Stability Hazards</b> No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Potential for Landslic Hazard Potential: N Source: E	<b>le Ground Stability Hazards</b> /ery Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for Landslic Hazard Potential: V Source: E	<b>le Ground Stability Hazards</b> Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Potential for Running Hazard Potential: \ Source: E	<b>y Sand Ground Stability Hazards</b> Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SW (W)	0	4	502748 240000
	Potential for Running Hazard Potential: \ Source: E	<b>y Sand Ground Stability Hazards</b> Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SW (W)	0	4	502750 239956
	Potential for Running Hazard Potential: \ Source: E	<b>y Sand Ground Stability Hazards</b> Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (NE)	0	4	503028 240013
	Potential for RunningHazard Potential:Source:	<b>y Sand Ground Stability Hazards</b> No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for RunningHazard Potential:Source:	<b>y Sand Ground Stability Hazards</b> No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Potential for ShrinkinHazard Potential:Source:	ng or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240000
	Potential for Shrinkin Hazard Potential: M Source: E	ng or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measure: N Source: E	don Protection Measures No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968
	Radon Potential - Rad Protection Measure: N Source: E	don Protection Measures No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240001
	Radon Potential - Rad         Affected Area:         a         Source:	don Affected Areas The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	B9SE (E)	0	4	502966 239968



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Radon Potential -	Radon Affected Areas				
	Affected Area:	The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level	B9SE (N)	0	4	502966 240001
	Source:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service				



## **Sensitive Land Use**

Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Nitrate Vulnerable	Zones				
23	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Surface Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	B9SE (E)	0	9	502966 239968
	Nitrate Vulnerable	Zones				
24	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Groundwater Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	B9SE (E)	0	9	502966 239968
	Nitrate Vulnerable	Zones				
25	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Groundwater Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	B6SW (SE)	375	9	503337 239085



Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2013 February 2013 July 2008	Annually Annual Rolling Update Not Applicable
Discharge Consents	August 2014	Quarterly
Enforcement and Drahibitian Nations	71090012014	Quarterry
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Integrated Pollution Controls Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Nearest Surface Water Feature		
Ordnance Survey	July 2012	Quarterly
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	September 1999	Not Applicable
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Registered Radioactive Substances		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
River Quality		
Environment Agency - Head Office	November 2001	Not Applicable
River Quality Biology Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Water Abstractions		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	July 2014	Quarterly
Water Industry Act Referrals		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
Groundwater Vulnerability		
Environment Agency - Head Office	January 2011	Not Applicable



Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Drift Deposits		
Environment Agency - Head Office	January 1999	Not Applicable
Bedrock Aquifer Designations		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Superficial Aquifer Designations		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Source Protection Zones		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flood Water Storage Areas		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Detailed River Network Lines		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Waste	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 1996	Not Applicable
Historical Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Landfill Coverage		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	April 2003	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Registered Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Transfer Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable



Hazardous Substances	Version	Update Cycle
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)		
Health and Safety Executive	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Explosive Sites		
Health and Safety Executive	November 2013	Bi-Annually
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) Health and Safety Executive	November 2000	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2008	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedrordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedrordshire Council)	May 2008	
Geological	Version	Update Cycle
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 1996	Not Applicable
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	January 2010	Annually
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	April 2014	Bi-Annually
Brine Compensation Area		
Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board	August 2011	Not Applicable
Coal Mining Affected Areas		
The Coal Authority - Mining Report Service	December 2013	As notified
Mining Instability		
Ove Arup & Partners	October 2000	Not Applicable
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2014	Not Applicable
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually



Industrial Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries		
Thomson Directories	August 2014	Quarterly
Fuel Station Entries		
Catalist Ltd - Experian	August 2014	Quarterly
Sensitive Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Areas of Adopted Green Belt		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental	August 2014	As notified
Health Department	May 0014	A a matificad
	May 2011	As notified
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt	August 004.4	A
Health Department	August 2014	As notified
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty		
Natural England	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Environmentally Sensitive Areas		
Natural England	August 2014	Annually
Forest Parks		
Forestry Commission	April 1997	Not Applicable
Local Nature Reserves		
Natural England	October 2014	Bi-Annually
Marine Nature Reserves		
Natural England	July 2013	Bi-Annually
National Nature Reserves		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually
National Parks		
Natural England	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Nitrate Sensitive Areas		
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	February 2012	Not Applicable
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones		
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	July 2014	Annually
Ramsar Sites		
Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Sites of Special Scientific Interest		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Areas of Conservation		
Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Protection Areas		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually



A selection of organisations who provide data within this report

Data Supplier	Data Supplier Logo
Ordnance Survey	Licensed Partner
Environment Agency	Environment Agency
Scottish Environment Protection Agency	Sectish Environment Protection Agency
The Coal Authority	THE COAL AUTHORITY
British Geological Survey	British Geological Survey NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	Centre for Ecology & Hydrology NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Natural Resources Wales	Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru Natural Resources Wales
Scottish Natural Heritage	SCOTTISH NATURAL HERITAGE
Natural England	NATURAL ENGLAND
Public Health England	Public Health England
Ove Arup	ARUP
Peter Brett Associates	peterbrett



## **Useful Contacts**

Contact	Name and Address	Contact Details
2	Environment Agency - National Customer Contact Centre (NCCC)	Telephone: 08708 506 506 Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
	PO Box 544, Templeborough, Rotherham, S60 1BY	
3	Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	Telephone: 0300 300 8000 Email: info@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk Website: www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk
	5TQ	
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service	Telephone: 0115 936 3143
	British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG	Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk
5	Health and Safety Executive	Website: www.hse.gov.uk
	5S.2 Redgrave Court, Merton Road, Bootle, L20 7HS	
6	Landmark Information Group Limited	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951
	Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Email: customerservices@landmark.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk
7	Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	Telephone: 0300 300 8000
	Priory House, Monks Walk, Chicksands, Shefford, Bedfordshire, SG17 5TQ	Email: info@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk Website: www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk
8	Natural England	Telephone: 0845 600 3078 Email: enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk
	Suite D, Unex House, Bourges Boulevard, Peterborough, Cambridgeshire, PE1 1NG	Website: www.naturalengland.org.uk
9	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	Telephone: 0113 2613333 Fax: 0113 230 0879
	Government Buildings, Otley Road, Lawnswood, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS16 5QT	
10	Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central	Telephone: 01234 363222 Fax: 01234 228656
	County Hall, Cauldwell Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK42 9AP	Website: www.bedfordshire.gov.uk
11	Mid Bodfordshire District Council (now part of Contral	Telephone: 01767 313137
	Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	Fax: 01767 316717 Website: www.midbeds.gov.uk
	23 London Road, Biggleswade, Bedford, Bedfordshire, SG18 8ER	
12	Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	Telephone: 01234 267422 Fax: 01234 325671 Email: enquiries@bedford.gov.uk
	Town Hall, St Pauls Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK40 1SJ	Website: www.bedford.gov.uk
-	Public Health England - Radon Survey, Centre for Rediction, Chemical and Environmental Herords	Telephone: 01235 822622 Fax: 01235 833891
	Chilton, Didcot, Oxfordshire, OX11 0RQ	Email: radon@phe.gov.uk Website: www.ukradon.org
-	Landmark Information Group Limited	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951
	Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk

Please note that the Environment Agency / Natural Resources Wales / SEPA have a charging policy in place for enquiries.

# **Historical Mapping Legends**

Ordnance	Survey County Series 1:10,560	Ordnance Survey Plan 1:10,000	1:10,000 Raster Mapping
Grav Pit	vel Sand Other Pit Pits	مرین کر Chalk Pit, Clay Pit کر Gravel Pit در Chalk Pit, Clay Pit در Chalk Pit	Gravel Pit Gravel Pit Gravel Pit
C Qua	rry Shingle Orchard	Sand Pit Oisused Pit	Rock (scattered)
په <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>2</sup> <sup>*</sup> م <sup>2</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup>	ers	Refuse or Lake, Loch	ີ້ໍ້ໍີ Boulders Boulders (scattered)
4 2 5 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	and the second s	Dunes 200 Boulders	Shingle Mud Mud
Mixed Woo	d Deciduous Brushwood	$ \begin{array}{cccc}  & & & \\  & & & &$	Sand Sand Sand Pit
			Slopes reaction Top of cliff
Fir	Furze Rough Pasture	ஒ் ் Orchard ெந_ Scrub \\`ு Coppice ரிரி Bracken ஸ்ப்ப் Heath ப்பார், Rough ரி Grassland	General detail — — — — Underground detail — — — Overhead detail — — — — Narrow gauge railway
++++→ Ai flo	rrow denotes <u>a</u> Trigonometrical ow of water Station	<u> معا</u> يد Marsh ،،،∨//، Reeds <u>معا</u> دد Saltings	railway railway
r <b>∔</b> • Si	ite of Antiquities 🔹 🔹 Bench Mark	Direction of Flow of Water Building	Civil, parish or County boundary (England only) Civil, parish or community boundary
• Pr Si • <b>285</b> S	ump, Guide Post, Well, Spring, ignal Post Boundary Post urface Level	Glasshouse Sand	District, Unitary, Metropolitan, Constituency London Borough boundary boundary
Sketched	Instrumental Contour	Pylon —— □ — — Electricity Transmission Pole Line	Area of wooded vegetation Area of vegetation Area of vegetatio
Main Roads	Fenced Minor Roads	Cutting Embankment Standard Gauge	Coniferous Coni
	Sunken Road Raised Road	Road ''''''' Road Level Foot Single Track	★ trees (scattered) ★ tree Coppice or Osiers
And the second s	Road over Railway over Railway River	Giding, Tramway Or Mineral Line	متله Rough متله Grassland میلاه ۱۹۹۲ Heath
	Railway over Level Crossing	—— —— Geographical County	∩o_ Crub →⊻∠ Marsh, Salt →⊻∠ Marsh or Reeds
	Road over Road over River or Canal Stream	Administrative County, County Borough or County of City Municipal Borough Urban or Bural District	Water feature Flow arrows
	Road over Stream	Burgh or District Council Borough, Burgh or County Constituency Shown only when not coincident with other boundaries	MHW(S) Mean high Mean low water (springs) Mean low water (springs)
	County Boundary (Geographical)	Civil Parish — — — — Civil Parish Shown alternately when coincidence of boundaries occurs	Telephone line (where shown)
	County & Civil Parish Boundary	BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone Pol Sta Police Station	← Bench mark Triangulation
	County Borough Boundary (England)	Ch Church PO Post Office CH Club House PC Public Convenience	Point feature Pylon, flare stack
Co. Boro. Bdy.	County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)	FE Sta Fire Engine Stadon PH Public House FB Foot Bridge SB Signal Box Fn Fountain Spr Spring	or Mile Stone)
y	Rural District Boundary	GP     Guide Post     TCB     Telephone Call Box       MP     Mile Post     TCP     Telephone Call Post	· ↓• Site of (antiquity) Glasshouse
	Civil Parish Boundary	MS Mile Stone W Well	General Building Important Building



### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1884	2
Buckinghamshire	1:10,560	1885	3
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1901 - 1902	4
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1927	5
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1938	6
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1947 - 1948	7
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1960	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1975 - 1978	9
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1979	10
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1982	11
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1990 - 1991	12
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2006	13
VectorMap Local	1:10,000	2014	14

### Historical Map - Slice B



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax: Web:





























## **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1960

## Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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L	TL04	1SW	1	TL04	4SE	I
L	1960	) 560	Т	1960	) 560	Т
L	1.10	,000	-	1.10	,000	Т
-	-	—		_	—	—
- I	_ TL03	– snw		_ TLO	– 3NE	-
   	TL03	- BNW	   	TL03	- 3NE	- 1 1

### **Historical Map - Slice B**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

### Site Details

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Tel: Fax: Web





















## **10k Raster Mapping**

### Published 2006

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were produced from the Ordnance Survey's 1:10,000 colour raster mapping. These maps are derived from Landplan which replaced the old 1:10,000 maps originally published in 1970. The data is highly detailed showing buildings, fences and field boundaries as well as all roads, tracks and paths. Road names are also included together with the relevant road number and classification. Boundary information depiction includes county, unitary authority, district, civil parish and constituency.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Slice B**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

### Site Details

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### VectorMap Local

### Published 2014

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

VectorMap Local (Raster) is Ordnance Survey's highest detailed 'backdrop' mapping product. These maps are produced from OS's VectorMap Local, a simple vector dataset at a nominal scale of 1:10,000, covering the whole of Great Britain, that has been designed for creating graphical mapping. OS VectorMap Local is derived from large-scale information surveyed at 1:1250 scale (covering major towns and cities),1:2500 scale (smaller towns, villages and developed rural areas), and 1:10 000 scale (mountain, moorland and river estuary areas).

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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I				201- Vari	I	
I	van	abie	-	van	able	I
_	_	—		_	_	_
I	TLO3	3NW	1	TLO	зNЕ	I
	2014					
	2014	۱. 	1	201	4	1
1	2014 Varia	l able	1	201 Vari	4 able	I

### - - - - - - -Historical Map - Slice B



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax: Web:




Chiefan		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Po
Several of Type a	t Location	
Agency and	l Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Lar (Location)	nd Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfi
📉 Contaminated Lar	nd Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfi
🔶 Discharge Conse	nt	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (Bu
A Enforcement or P	rohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Po
🛕 Integrated Pollutio	n Control	Integrated Pollution Co Waste Site
📘 Integrated Pollutio	n Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Man:
Local Authority In and Control	tegrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste Mana
🛆 Local Authority P	ollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Recor
Control Enforcem	ollution Prevention and ent	Local Authority Recor
Pollution Incident t	o Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Sit
Prosecution Relat	ing to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill Sit
🔶 Prosecution Relat	ing to Controlled Waters	📃 Registered Landfill Sit
🛕 Registered Radio	active Substance	📃 Registered Landfill Sit
🥄 River Network or	Water Feature	👚 Registered Waste Tra
🕂 River Quality Sam	pling Point	IIII Registered Waste Tra
合 Substantiated Pol	lution Incident Register	Registered Waste Tre (Location)
🔷 Water Abstractio	n	📃 Registered Waste Tre
🔶 Water Industry A	ct Referral	Hazardous Su
Geological		🛃 COMAH Site
BGS Recorded M	ineral Site	🙀 Explosive Site
		-

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment B5



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

В 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Point 🛛 🛽 Map ID

▼	BGS Recorded La⊓dfill Site (Location)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
0	EA Historic La⊓dfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon) Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site Licensed Waste Management Facility (andfill Reuderc)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
Þ	Registered La⊓dfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Transfer Site
Ó	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
×	Explosive Site
<b>*</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951







#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 📩 Fuel Station Entry

Υ.	Boo (cool dod Editarili olio (coolition)
Ø	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
$\bigcirc$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
	Integrated Pollution Control Registered
$\boxtimes$	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
۰	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
Ш	Registered Waste Transfer Site
$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>1</b>	COMAH Site
<b>•</b>	Explosive Site
<b>1</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

#### Site Sensitivity Map - Segment B9



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 02-Oct-2014 Page 2 of 3





	VI WI		
🔼 Spe	cified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference Point
Sev	eral of Type at	Location	
Age	ncy and	Hydrological	Waste
O Con	taminated Lan ation)	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Landfill Si
Con	taminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	🛛 🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Si
🔶 Disc	charge Conser	ıt	🛑 EA Historic Landfill (Buffer
🔺 Enfe	orcement or Pr	ohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (Polygo
🛆 Inte	grated Pollution	n Control	Integrated Pollution Control Waste Site
📕 Inte	grated Pollution	Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Manager
Loc and	al Authority Int Control	egrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste Manager
🛆 Loc	al Authority Po	llution Prevention and Contro	I 📕 Local Authority Recorded
Con	al Authority Po trol Enforceme	Ilution Prevention and ent	Local Authority Recorded
😑 Polli	ution Incident t	o Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill Site
V Pro:	secution Relati	ng to Authorised Processes	┝ Registered Landfill Site (L
🔶 Pro:	secution Relati	ng to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill Site (P
🔺 Reg	jistered Radioa	ctive Substance	📃 Registered Landfill Site (P
🔪 Rive	er Network or \	Vater Feature	👚 Registered Waste Transf
🕂 Rive	er Quality Sam	oling Point	IIII Registered Waste Transf
🔶 Sub	stantiated Poll	tion Incident Register	Registered Waste Treatm (Location)
🔷 Wat	ter Abstractior	1	Registered Waste Treatm
🔶 Wat	ter Industry Ac	t Referral	Hazardous Sub
Geol	logical		🛃 COMAH Site
BGS	S Recorded Mi	neral Site	🛃 Explosive Site
Indu	strial La	and Use	🙀 NIHHS Site

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry

8 Map ID

BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
🔀 BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🛑 EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
IIII Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
🚫 Registered Landfill Site
Registered Landfill Site (Location)
Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
👚 Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
IIII Registered Waste Transfer Site
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
📃 Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Hazardous Substances
K COMAH Site
🙀 Explosive Site
MIHHS Site
🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

### Site Sensitivity Map - Segment B13



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

В 240.61

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 02-Oct-2014 Page 3 of 3





General			
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	Х	Bearing Reference Point 🛛 🔕 Ma
Several of Type at	Location		
Agency and	Hydrological	W	aste
Contaminated Land (Location)	d Register Entry or Notice	▼	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Contaminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	$\square$	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
🔶 Discharge Consen	t	$\odot$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
A Enforcement or Pr	ohibition Notice		EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
A Integrated Pollution	n Control	$\land$	Integrated Pollution Control Registere • Waste Site
Integrated Pollution	Prevention Control	$\otimes$	Licensed Waste Management Facilit (Landfill Boundary)
Local Authority Int and Control	egrated Pollution Prevention	•	Licensed Waste Management Facility
🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control		Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sit
Control Enforceme	llution Prevention and nt	Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sit
OPollution Incident to	o Controlled Waters		Registered Landfill Site
V Prosecution Relation	ng to Authorised Processes	►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
🔶 Prosecution Relati	ng to Controlled Waters		Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered
A Registered Radioa	ctive Substance		Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered
🥆 River Network or V	Vater Feature	٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Loc
🕂 River Quality Sam	oling Point		Registered Waste Transfer Site
🔶 Substantiated Pollu	tion Incident Register	$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste Treatment or Disp (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction	I Contraction of the second		Registered Waste Treatment or Disp
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Ha	azardous Substanc
Geological		<b>*</b>	I COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mir	neral Site	<b>1</b>	Explosive Site

#### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry

ierence Point 🛛 🛽 🛛 Map ID

	Boo (cool dod Editarili olio (coalian)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
$\bigcirc$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
$\triangle$	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
$\boxtimes$	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
٠	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
$\boxtimes$	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
۲	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
Ш	Registered Waste Transfer Site
$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
<b>*</b>	Explosive Site
<b>×</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent

🗱 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

## Site Sensitivity Map - Slice B



#### **Order Details**

Order Number:	
Customer Ref:	
National Grid Reference	;
Slice:	
Site Area (Ha):	
Search Buffer (m):	

60770728\_1\_1 31116 ce: 502970, 239970 В 240.61 500

Tel: Fax: Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







🔼 Specified Site

- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point

#### Agency and Hydrological (Flood)

Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 2)

Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 3)

Area Benefiting from Flood Defence



Flood Water Storage Areas

--- Flood Defence

## Flood Map - Slice B



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Tel: Fax: Web:





🔼 Specified Site C Specified Buffer(s) X Bearing Reference Point 8 Map ID Several of Type at Location

#### Agency and Hydrological (Boreholes)

- 😑 BGS Borehole Depth 0 10m
- 🔵 BGS Borehole Depth 10 30m
- 🔴 BGS Borehole Depth 30m +
- Confidential
- () Other

For Borehole information please refer to the Borehole datasheet which accompanied this slice.

A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.

### **Borehole Map - Slice B**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax:

Web:





- A Specified Site
- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point
- 8 Map ID

### **Detailed River Network Data**

- Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) - Primary River ------ Underground River (inferred) Secondary River - Tertiary River ------ Underground River (local knowledge) —— Downstream of High Water Mark \_\_\_\_ Canal – – – Canal Tunnel --- Downstream of Seaward Extension Undefined River --- Not assigned River feature --- Lake/Reservoir --- Offline Drainage Feature Contours (height in metres) MLW Mean Low Water
- Standard Contour Master Contour

Spot Height



**=**MHW**=** Mean High Water

## **EA/NRW** Detailed River Network Map - Slice B



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 500

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax: Web:









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### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1984	7
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	8

### **Historical Map - Segment B5**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1883

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment B5**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 240.61 100

60770728\_1\_1

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1901

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment B5**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1925

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment B5**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## **Ordnance Survey Plan**

## Published 1972

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.







# Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

## Published 1976

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a `work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.







## **Additional SIMs**

## Published 1984

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.





## Historical Map - Segment B5



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 100

Tel: Fax: Web:

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Large-Scale National Grid Data

## Published 1993

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.







### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1972 - 1975	5
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1976	6
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1984	7
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	8

### **Historical Map - Segment B9**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Page 1 of 8





## Published 1883

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment B9**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1901

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered tor mapping urban areas and by 189 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment B9



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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## Published 1925

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment B9



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## **Ordnance Survey Plan** Published 1972 - 1975 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment B9**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel:

Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby











## **Additional SIMs**

## Published 1984

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's `Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment B9**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

> Tel: Fax:

> Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Large-Scale National Grid Data

## Published 1993

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)

-	_	-		—	—	_
Ι	TL0	240	- I	TLO	340	I
T	1993	3 500	- I	199 1:2,	3 500	I
I.			1			I
_	_			_	_	_
_	_	_		_	_	_
1	TLO	239	1	TL0	339	_ _
 	TL02 1993 1:2,5	239 3 500	   	TL0 199 1:2,	339 3 500	-   
   	TL02 1993 1:2,5	239 3 500	   	TL0 199 1:2,	339 3 500	-     

### **Historical Map - Segment B9**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







### Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1975	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

### **Historical Map - Segment B13**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 В 240.61 100

> Tel: Fax:

> > Web

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Page 1 of 6





## Published 1883

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment B13



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Tel: Fax:

Web:

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## Published 1901

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment B13



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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## Published 1925

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment B13



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## **Ordnance Survey Plan**

## Published 1975

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### **Historical Map - Segment B13**



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

#### Site Details

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Tel: Fax:

Web:

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## Large-Scale National Grid Data

## Published 1993

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)

-	—	_			_
I.	TL0	241	- I	TL0341	I
I	1993 1:2,5	3 500	- I	1993 1:2,500	I
L			1		Т
_	_	-			_
I	TLO	240		TL0340	Ī
T T	TL02 1993 1:2,5	240 3 500	T T	TL0340 1993 1:2,500	ı I
   	TL02 1993 1:2,5	240 3 500	   	TL0340 1993 1:2,500	   

### Historical Map - Segment B13



#### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 502970, 239970 Slice: В Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61 100

Tel: Fax:

Web:

#### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Page 6 of 6



## **Envirocheck**<sup>®</sup> Report:

## BGS Boreholes Datasheet

## **Order Details:**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1

Customer Reference: 31116

National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770

Slice: C

Site Area (Ha): 240.61

Borehole Search Buffer (m): 50

### Site Details:

Millbrook Power Project Green Lane Stewartby

## **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





## **BGS Boreholes Summary**

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 50m
BGS Boreholes (50m)	pg 1	9	5

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination.

For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.

#### **Report Version v49.0**


#### **BGS Boreholes Detail**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
43	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw29 13.86 Lbc Vicarage Farm & L Field 28 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524383/	C7NW (N)	0	4	501500 242110
44	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw78 16 Lbc Rookery Field 1/51 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524432/	C3SW (S)	0	4	501250 241190
44	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw162 15.54 Lbc Wheeler Mill 9/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524516/	C3SW (S)	0	4	501230 241220
45	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw113 32.77 Lbc Rookery Field 11/61 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524467/	C7SW (N)	0	4	501500 242010
46	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw116 31.19 Lbc Rookery Field 14/61 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524470/	C7SW (N)	0	4	501430 241860
47	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	TI04sw161 15.54 Lbc Wheeler Mill 8/67 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524515/	C3SW (S)	0	4	501250 241350
48	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw482 27 Wheelers Hill Area 17/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524836/	C3SE (S)	0	4	501630 241090
49	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw91 25.09 Lbc Rookery Field 1/56 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524445/	C3NW (S)	0	4	501300 241430
50	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw481 30 Wheelers Hill Area 16/66 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524835/	C3SW (S)	0	4	501440 241110
51	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw92 32.46 Lbc Rookery Field 2/56 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524446/	C3NW (S)	3	4	501320 241470
52	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw604 27.81 Stewartby Brickworks http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524958/	C3SE (S)	18	4	501550 241170
53	BGS Boreholes BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw49 28.57 Lbc Vicarage Farm & L Field 4/51 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524403/	C7NW (N)	36	4	501430 242160



#### **BGS Boreholes Detail**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Boreholes		0.01/5			
54	BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	104sw107 34.31 Lbc Rookery Field 4/57 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524461/	(SW)	47	4	501160 241530
	BGS Boreholes					
55	BGS Reference: Drilled Length (m): Borehole Name: Link to Borehole Scan:	Tl04sw106 14.48 Lbc Rookery Field 3/57 http://scans.bgs.ac.uk/sobi_scans/boreholes/524460/	C2NE (SW)	49	4	501150 241510



### **Data Currency and Contact Details**

BGS Boreholes	Version	Update Cycle	
BGS Boreholes			
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 2014	Quarterly	

Cont	act Details	Contact Logo
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk	British Geological Survey NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
-	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk	LANDMARK <sup>®</sup> Information Group













# Envirocheck<sup>®</sup> Report:

#### **Datasheet**

#### **Order Details:**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1

Customer Reference: 31116

National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770

Slice: C

Site Area (Ha): 240.61

Search Buffer (m): 500

#### Site Details:

Millbrook Power Project Green Lane Stewartby

#### **Client Details:**

Ms K Riley Brett Consulting Ltd Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN





Report Section	Page Number
Summary	-
Agency & Hydrological	1
Waste	11
Hazardous Substances	12
Geological	13
Industrial Land Use	-
Sensitive Land Use	20
Data Currency	21
Data Suppliers	25
Useful Contacts	26

#### Introduction

The Environment Act 1995 has made site sensitivity a key issue, as the legislation pays as much attention to the pathways by which contamination could spread, and to the vulnerable targets of contamination, as it does the potential sources of contamination. For this reason, Landmark's Site Sensitivity maps and Datasheet(s) place great emphasis on statutory data provided by the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency; it also incorporates data from Natural England (and the Scottish and Welsh equivalents) and Local Authorities; and highlights hydrogeological features required by environmental and geotechnical consultants. It does not include any information concerning past uses of land. The datasheet is produced by querying the Landmark database to a distance defined by the client from a site boundary provided by the client.

In the attached datasheet the National Grid References (NGRs) are rounded to the nearest 10m in accordance with Landmark's agreements with a number of Data Suppliers.

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#### Report Version v49.0



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Agency & Hydrological				
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices				
Discharge Consents	pg 1		3	
Enforcement and Prohibition Notices	pg 1			1
Integrated Pollution Controls	pg 1			14
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control	pg 4		1	3
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control				
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls	pg 4			1
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements				
Nearest Surface Water Feature	pg 5	Yes		
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters				
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes				
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters				
Registered Radioactive Substances				
River Quality				
River Quality Biology Sampling Points				
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points				
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register				
Water Abstractions	pg 5			(*3)
Water Industry Act Referrals	pg 5		4	1
Groundwater Vulnerability	pg 6	Yes	n/a	n/a
Bedrock Aquifer Designations	pg 7	Yes	n/a	n/a
Superficial Aquifer Designations	pg 7	Yes	n/a	n/a
Source Protection Zones				
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences	pg 7		Yes	n/a
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences	pg 7		Yes	n/a
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences				n/a
Flood Water Storage Areas				n/a
Flood Defences				n/a
Detailed River Network Lines	pg 7		Yes	Yes
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage	pg 10			Yes



# Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Waste				
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites				
Historical Landfill Sites	pg 11	1	1	
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)				
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)	pg 11		1	
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites				
Registered Landfill Sites	pg 11		1	
Registered Waste Transfer Sites				
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites				
Hazardous Substances				
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)				
Explosive Sites				
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)	pg 12			1
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents	pg 12		1	1
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements				
Geological				
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology	pg 13	Yes	n/a	n/a
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry	pg 13	Yes	Yes	Yes
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites	pg 17			2
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry				
BGS Urban Soil Chemistry Averages				
Brine Compensation Area			n/a	n/a
Coal Mining Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Mining Instability			n/a	n/a
Man-Made Mining Cavities				
Natural Cavities				
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain				n/a
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 18	Yes		n/a
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards	pg 18	Yes	Yes	n/a
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards				n/a
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards	pg 18	Yes	Yes	n/a
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards	pg 19	Yes		n/a
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards	pg 19	Yes		n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas			n/a	n/a
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures			n/a	n/a



#### Summary

Data Type	Page Number	On Site	0 to 250m	251 to 500m (*up to 1000m)
Industrial Land Use				
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries (50m)				n/a
Fuel Station Entries				
Sensitive Land Use				
Areas of Adopted Green Belt				
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt				
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty				
Environmentally Sensitive Areas				
Forest Parks				
Local Nature Reserves				
Marine Nature Reserves				
National Nature Reserves				
National Parks				
Nitrate Sensitive Areas				
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones	pg 20	3		
Ramsar Sites				
Sites of Special Scientific Interest				
Special Areas of Conservation				
Special Protection Areas				



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Discharge Consents	3				
1	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Type:	Shanks & Mcewan (Southern) Ltd Undefined Or Other Rookery North Claypit, Stewartby, Bedford Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Pr1nf1802 1 30th January 1985 30th January 1985 19th February 1992 Trade Discharge - Process Water Freshwater Stream (Piver	C7NE (NE)	35	2	501600 242200
	Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Trib Elstow Brook Pre National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date < 01/09/1989 Located by supplier to within 100m				
	Discharge Consents	3				
2	Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Revocation Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Receiving Water: Status: Destinged Accuracy:	A & J Bull (Southern) Ltd Not Supplied Rookery N&S Brick Pits Green Lane, Stewartby, Mk43 9lz Environment Agency, Anglian Region Not Supplied Prcnf14024 1 22nd May 1998 22nd May 1998 22nd May 1998 Not Supplied Trade Effluent Freshwater Stream/River Partly Culverted Ditch Stewart Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date > 31/08/1989	C2SE (SW)	48	2	501120 241310
	Positional Accuracy:	Located by supplier to within 10m				
2	Discharge Consents Operator: Property Type: Location: Authority: Catchment Area: Reference: Permit Version: Effective Date: Issued Date: Issued Date: Discharge Type: Discharge Environment: Despitier Weter:	Sita Uk Unspecified Tip Rookery N&S Brick Pits Green Lane, Stewartby, Mk43 9lz, Mk43 9lz Environment Agency, Anglian Region Mid River Ouse / Elstow Brook Prcnf14024 1 22nd May 1998 22nd May 1998 Not Supplied Trade Discharge - Process Water Freshwater Stream/River	C2SE (SW)	48	2	501120 241310
	Receiving Water: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Partly Culverted Ditch Stewart Post National Rivers Authority Legislation where issue date > 31/08/1989 Located by supplier to within 100m				
3	Enforcement and Pr Location: Permit Reference: Enforcement Date: Details:	ohibition Notices           Stewartby Works, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LE           AL9467           Not Supplied           Not submitting details of releases in accordance with conditions in authorisation; not submitting information on improvement programme; under EPA90. served 1993/04	C11SE (NE)	384	2	501850 242446
	Positional Accuracy:	Unknown				
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region AH9464 30th June 1993 IPC application for process that was regulated by HMIP for air releases under previous legislation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry <b>Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial</b> <b>variationSuperseded</b> Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	426	2	501874 242481



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bx8378 28th April 2004 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry <b>Revoked - Now IPPC</b> Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b>	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bt3722 30th September 2002 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Interneted Bellution					
4	Integrated Pollution Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status:	Controls         Hanson Building Products Ltd         Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ         Environment Agency, Anglian Region         Bt1452         22nd August 2002         IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation         3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry         Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial         variationSuperseded	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Positional Accuracy:	Automatically positioned to the address				
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bs8834 25th July 2002 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Br9545 13th April 2002 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bm1954 25th September 2001 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bi5841 31st May 2000 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	. Jonional Accuracy.	Automation position of the dudrood				



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region BH8403 15th February 2000 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region BC8015 24th November 1998 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501879 242481
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b>	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, Stewartby, BEDFORD, MK43 9LE Environment Agency, Anglian Region AL9467 1st February 1994 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Positional Accuracy:	Automatically positioned to the address				
4	Integrated Pollution Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status:	Controls Hanson Brick Ltd Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bu8444 Not Supplied IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Application has met the requirements for authorisation (but not yet authorised)Not Yet Authorised	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Positional Accuracy:	Automatically positioned to the address				
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region BC4834 26th March 1999 IPC major (substantial) variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry <b>Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial</b> variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	433	2	501879 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Controls				
4	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: <b>Status:</b> Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Building Products Ltd Stewartby Works, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region BF9379 21st April 1999 IPC minor (non-substantial) variation to previous variation 3.6 A (A) Ceramic production within the Mineral Industry Authorisation superseded by a substantial or non substantial variationSuperseded Automatically positioned to the address	C12SW (NE)	437	2	501879 242491



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention And Control				
5	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Original Permit Ref: Effective Date: <b>Status:</b> Application Type: App. Sub Type:	Ballast Phoenix Rookery Pit South, Rookery Pit, Rookery South, Stewartby, Bedfordshire Environment Agency, Anglian Region LP3236CZ Lp3236cZ Not Supplied <b>Valid</b> Application New	C3SW (S)	15	2	501310 241370
	Positional Accuracy: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity:	Located by supplier to within 10m 1.1 A(1) (A) Combustion; Any Fuel Greater Or Equal To 50Mw Y				
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention And Control				
6	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Original Permit Ref: Effective Date: <b>Status:</b> Application Type: App. Sub Type: Positional Accuracy: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity:	Hanson Building Products Limited Stewartby, Bedford, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region SP3534LG Bx1616iu 1st November 2006 <b>Superseded By Variation</b> Variation Standard Automatically positioned to the address 3.6 A(1) (A) (I) Manufacturing Ceramic Products: Kiln Production Capacity Greater Than 75 Tonnes Per Day Y	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity:	0.0 Associated Process Associated Process N				
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention And Control				
6	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Original Permit Ref: Effective Date: <b>Status:</b> Application Type: App. Sub Type: Positional Accuracy: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity:	Hanson Building Products Limited Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bx1616iu 24th November 2004 <b>Superseded By Variation</b> Application New Automatically positioned to the address 0.0 Associated Process Associated Process N 3.6 A(1) (A) (I) Manufacturing Ceramic Products: Kiln Production Capacity Greater Than 75 Tonnes Per Day Y	C12SW (NE)	430	2	501874 242486
	Integrated Pollution	Prevention And Control				
7	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Original Permit Ref: Effective Date: <b>Status:</b> Application Type: App. Sub Type: Positional Accuracy: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity: Activity Code: Activity Description: Primary Activity:	Hanson Building Products Limited Stewartby Brickworks, Stewartby Brickworks, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region RP3134GW Bx1616iu 9th June 2009 Surrender Effective Surrender Whole Manually positioned to the address or location 3.6 A(1) (A) (I) Manufacturing Ceramic Products: Kiln Production Capacity Greater Than 75 Tonnes Per Day Y 0.0 Associated Process Associated Process N	C11SE (N)	482	2	501718 242631
	Local Authority Poll	ution Prevention and Controls				
8	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type: Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Hanson Brick Broadmead Road, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Bedford Borough Council, Environmental Health Department Epa30 6th January 1994 Local Authority Air Pollution Control PG3/8 Quarry processes including roadstone plants and the size reduction of bricks, tiles and concrete <b>Authorisation revokedRevoked</b> Manually positioned to the address or location	C12SW (NE)	430	3	501875 242485



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Nearest Surface Wa	ter Feature	C7SW (E)	0	-	501474 241752
	Water Abstractions					
	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location:	Hanson Brick Ltd 6/33/12/*S/0080 100 Stream At Stewartby Environment Agency, Applian Beginn	C11SE (N)	544	2	501700 242700
	Abstraction: Abstraction Type: Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details:	Other Industrial/Commercial/Public Services: General Use (Medium Loss) Water may be abstracted from a single point Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity				
	Authorised Start: Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	01 January 31 December 1st October 1995 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Water Abstractions					
	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location: Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type:	Hanson Brick Ltd 6/33/12/*S/0080 100 Stream At Stewartby Environment Agency, Anglian Region Other Industrial/Commercial/Public Services: General Use (Medium Loss) Water may be abstracted from a single point	C11NW (N)	670	2	501200 242800
	Source: Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start: Authorised End: Deamit Start Data	Surface Not Supplied Not Supplied Status: Perpetuity 01 January 31 December				
	Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Water Abstractions					
	Operator: Licence Number: Permit Version: Location:	Marston Vale Services 6/33/12/*S/0142 1 Stewartby Pit	C5NE (W)	966	2	500400 242100
	Authority: Abstraction: Abstraction Type:	Environment Agency, Anglian Region Environmental: Non-remedial River/Wetland Support: Make-Up or Top Up Water Water may be abstracted from a single point				
	Daily Rate (m3): Yearly Rate (m3): Details: Authorised Start:	Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied 01 November				
	Authorised End: Permit Start Date: Permit End Date: Positional Accuracy:	31 March 19th November 1999 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
9	Name: Location: Authority: Permit Reference:	Shanks Waste Services Ltd STEWARTBY, GREEN LANE, BEDFORD, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region Bv6021	C7NW (N)	14	2	501502 242202
	Dated: Process Type: Description:	18th August 2003 Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991 Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations				
	Positional Accuracy:	Manually positioned within the geographical locality				
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
9	Name: Location:	Shanks And Mcewan Ltd SHANKS AND MCEWAN LTD, MARSTON VALE LEACHATE TREATMENT WORKS, ""L"" FIELD LANDFILL SITE, GREEN LANE, STEWARTBY, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK43 9LY	C7NE (N)	15	2	501543 242193
	Authority: Permit Reference: Dated: Process Type:	Environment Agency, Anglian Region AU2018 27th November 1995 Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991				
	Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations <b>Authorisation either revoked or cancelledCancelled</b> Manually positioned to the road within the address or location				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
10	Name: Location:	Shanks And Mcewan Ltd TECHNICAL SERVICES,GREEN LANE, STEWARTBY, BEDFORD, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK43 9LY	C7NE (NE)	125	2	501707 242191
	Permit Reference: Dated:	AE8801 24th March 1992				
	Process Type: Description:	Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991 Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations				
	Status: Positional Accuracy:	Application cancelled Manually positioned to the road within the address or location				
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
11	Name: Location:	Shanks And Mcewan Ltd SHANKS AND MCEWAN LTD, GREEN LANE, STEWARTBY, BEDFORD, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK43 9LY	C11SW (N)	245	2	501529 242433
	Authority: Permit Reference: Dated:	Environment Agency, Anglian Region AB3331 8th October 1991				
	Description:	Permissions of amendments to discharge under the Water industry Act 1991 Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations				
	Status: Positional Accuracy:	Application cancelled Manually positioned to the address or location				
	Water Industry Act I	Referrals				
12	Name: Location: Authority:	Shanks Waste Services Ltd STEWARTBY, GREEN LANE, BEDFORD, BEDFORDSHIRE, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency, Anglian Region	C11SE (NE)	334	2	501772 242444
	Dated: Process Type:	18th September 2000 Permissions or amendments to discharge under the Water Industry Act 1991				
	Description: Status: Positional Accuracy:	Processes which result in the discharge of Special Category effluents under The Trade Effluents (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations Authorisation either revoked or cancelledCancelled Manually positioned to the address or location				
	Crean durates Values					
	Groundwater vuine	Calle of Intermediate Leaching Detential (11) Sails which can be able		0	2	500504
	Map Sheet:	transmit a wide range of pollutants Sheet 31 Bedfordshire	(32)	0	2	240452
	Croundwater Vulne					
	Soil Classification:	Not classified	C75W	0	2	501/21
	Map Sheet: Scale:	Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000	(NW)	0	L	241772
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification: Map Sheet:	Soils of Intermediate Leaching Potential (I1) - Soils which can possibly transmit a wide range of pollutants Sheet 31 Bedfordshire	C5SE (W)	0	2	500431 241795
	Scale: Groundwater Vulne	1:100,000 rability				
	Soil Classification:	Soils of Low Leaching Potential - Soils in which pollutants are unlikely to penetrate the soil layer because water movement is largely horizontal or they have large ability to attenuate diffuse pollutants. Lateral flow from these soils	(E)	0	2	502715 241306
	Map Sheet: Scale:	Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000				
	Groundwater Vulne	rability				
	Soil Classification:	Soils of Low Leaching Potential - Soils in which pollutants are unlikely to penetrate the soil layer because water movement is largely horizontal or they have large ability to attenuate diffuse pollutants. Lateral flow from these soils contribute to aroundwater recharge elsewhere in the catchment	(SW)	0	2	501058 240915
	Map Sheet: Scale:	Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000				
	Groundwater Vulnerability					
	Soil Classification:	Soils of High Leaching Potential (U) - Soil information for restored mineral workings and urban areas is based on fewer observations than elsewhere. A worst case vulnerability classification (H) assumed, until proved otherwise	C2NE (SW)	0	2	501183 241400
	Map Sheet: Scale:	Sheet 31 Bedfordshire 1:100,000				
	Drift Deposits None					



Map ID	Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Bedrock Aquifer Designations Aquifer Designation: Unproductive Strata	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Superficial Aquifer Designations Aquifer Designation: Secondary Aquifer - A	(SW)	0	4	501045 240895
	Superficial Aquifer Designations Aquifer Designation: Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	(SE)	0	4	502550 240416
	Superficial Aquifer Designations Aquifer Designation: Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	(E)	0	4	502738 241349
	Superficial Aquifer Designations Aquifer Designation: Secondary Aquifer - Undifferentiated	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501347 241808
	Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences           Type:         Extent of Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences           Flood Plain Type:         Fluvial Models           Boundary Accuracy:         As Supplied	C7SW (W)	47	2	501236 241786
	Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences           Type:         Extent of Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences           Flood Plain Type:         Fluvial Models           Boundary Accuracy:         As Supplied	C7SW (W)	73	2	501234 241781
	Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences         Type:       Extent of Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences         Flood Plain Type:       Fluvial Models         Boundary Accuracy:       As Supplied	C7SW (W)	49	2	501234 241781
	Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences None				
	Flood Water Storage Areas None				
	Flood Defences None				
13	Detailed River Network Lines         River Type:       Secondary River         River Name:       Not Supplied         Hydrographic Area:       D005         River Flow Type:       Primary Flow Path         River Surface Level:       Surface         Drain Feature:       Not a Drain         Flood Risk       Other Rivers         Management Status:       Water Course         Water Course       Not Supplied         Name:       Water Course         Water Course       Not Supplied         Reference:       Vertice Supplied	C2SE (SW)	8	2	501103 241292
14	Detailed River Network Lines         River Type:       Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)         River Name:       Not Supplied         Hydrographic Area:       D005         River Flow Type:       Primary Flow Path         River Surface Level:       Below Surface         Drain Feature:       Not a Drain         Flood Risk       Other Rivers         Management Status:       Water Course         Water Course       Not Supplied         Name:       Water Course         Water Course       Not Supplied         Reference:       Kot Supplied	C7NE (NE)	13	2	501611 242161



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	<b>Detailed River Netw</b>	ork Lines				
15	River Type:	Tertiary River	C7SW	14	2	501302
	River Name:	Not Supplied	(NW)			241823
	Hydrographic Area:	D005 Secondary Elew Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
16	River Type:	Tertiary River	C7NW	18	2	501467
	River Name:	Drain D005	(N)			242209
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
47	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines	071111	10	~	F044==
17	River Type: River Name:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m)	C/NW (NI)	18	2	501475
	Hvdrographic Area:	D005	(11)			242209
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Below Surface				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:					
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
18	River Type:	Tertiary River	C7NF	28	2	501611
	River Name:	Drain	(NE)	20	-	242161
	Hydrographic Area:	D005				
	River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain)				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Not Supplied				
	Name:	not ouppliou				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
19	River Type:	Tertiary River	C7NW	66	2	501518
	KIVER Name: Hydrographic Area:	Not Supplied	(N)			242252
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	River Surface Level:	Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain Other Divers				
	Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
20	River Type	Lake/Reservoir	C2NF	83	2	501096
20	River Name:	Stewartby Lake	(W)	00	2	241697
	Hydrographic Area:	D005	. /			
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk	Other Rivers				
	Management Status:	Not Supplied				
	Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					

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Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
21	River Type: River Name:	Secondary River Not Supplied	C2SE (SW)	86	2	501081 241305
	River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Flood Risk Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
22	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area:	Secondary River Not Supplied D005	C2NE (SW)	86	2	501119 241534
	River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Flood Risk Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course Name: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Reference:					
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
23	River Type: River Name:	Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) Not Supplied	C7NE (N)	131	2	501541 242313
	River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	Primary Flow Path Below Surface				
	Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Not a Drain Other Rivers				
	Management Status: Water Course	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
24	River Type: River Name:	Tertiary River Not Supplied	C2SE (SW)	132	2	501035 241337
	Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	D005 Secondary Flow Path Surface				
	Drain Feature: Flood Risk	Not a Drain Other Rivers				
	Management Status: Water Course Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
25	River Type:	Tertiary River	C2SE	199	2	500974
	River Name: Hydrographic Area:	Not Supplied D005	(SW)			241366
	River Flow Type:	Primary Flow Path				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Flood Risk Management Status:	Other Rivers				
	Water Course Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netw	ork Lines				
26	River Type:	Tertiary River	C2SE	199	2	500974
	River Name: Hydrographic Area:	Not Supplied D005	(SW)			241366
	River Flow Type: River Surface Level	Primary Flow Path Surface				
	Drain Feature:	Not a Drain				
	Hood Risk Management Status:	Uther Kivers				
	Water Course Name:	Not Supplied				
	Water Course Reference:	Not Supplied				

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Map ID		Details		Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
27	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface	C11SE (N)	278	2	501600 242451
	Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied				
	Detailed River Netwo	ork Lines				
28	River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	Tertiary River Drain D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Drain (ditch, Reen, Rhyne, Drain) Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	C2NE (SW)	299	2	500879 241461
29	Detailed River Network River Type: River Name: Hydrographic Area: River Flow Type: River Surface Level: Drain Feature: Flood Risk Management Status: Water Course Name: Water Course Reference:	ork Lines Tertiary River Not Supplied D005 Primary Flow Path Surface Not a Drain Other Rivers Not Supplied Not Supplied	C2NE (SW)	301	2	500876 241406
	Detailed River Netwo	ork Offline Drainage				
30	River Type: Hydrographic Area:	Tertiary River D005	C3NE (SE)	296	2	501737 241500



#### Waste

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Historical Landfill S	ites				
31	Licence Holder: Location: Name: Operator Location: Boundary Accuracy: Provider Reference: First Input Date: Last Input Date: Specified Waste Type:	London Brick Landfill Limited Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire Rookery Clay Pit Not Supplied As Supplied EAHLD01024 1st January 1971 1st April 1987 Deposited Waste included Industrial and Household Waste, and Liquid Sludge	C7SW (NW)	0	2	501421 241772
	EA Waste Ref: Regis Ref: WRC Ref: BGS Ref: Other Ref:	/51/4 AX1/L/LON010 0200/0045 Not Supplied 8/1977, PIT 80				
	Historical Landfill S	ites				
32	Licence Holder: Location: Name: Operator Location: Boundary Accuracy: Provider Reference: First Input Date: Specified Waste Type: EA Waste Ref: Regis Ref: WRC Ref: BGS Ref: Other Ref:	Not Supplied Bedfordshire Stewarby Not Supplied As Supplied EAHLD34280 Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied PIT 62	C7NW (N)	21	2	501487 242213
	Licensed Waste Mar	nagement Facilities (Locations)				
33	Licence Number: Location: Operator Name: Operator Location: Authority: Site Category: Licence Status: Issued: Last Modified: Expires: Suspended: Revoked: Surrendered: IPPC Reference: Positional Accuracy:	75174 Property Department, Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ London Brick Land Development Ltd Not Supplied Environment Agency - Anglian Region, Central Area Co-disposal Landfill Sites <b>Surrendered</b> 5th December 1977 Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied Not Supplied 28th April 1987 Not Supplied Located by supplier to within 100m	C3NW (S)	160	2	501500 241500
	Local Authority Lan	dfill Coverage				
	Name:	Mid Bedfordshire District Council - Has supplied landfill data		0	10	501421 241772
	Local Authority Lan	dtill Coverage Redfordabira County Council		0	0	E04404
		Has no landfill data to supply		0	9	241772
	Name:	Bedford Borough Council - Has supplied landfill data		11	3	501623 241848
	Registered Landfill	Sites				
34	Licence Holder: Licence Reference: Site Location: Licence Easting: Licence Northing: Operator Location: Authority: Site Category: Max Input Rate: Waste Source Restrictions: Status: Dated: Preceded By Licence: Superseded By Licence: Positional Accuracy:	London Brick Co 8/1977 Rockery Clay Pit (North), Stewartby, Bedford, Bedfordshire 501500 241500 Stewartby House, Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Environment Agency - Anglian Region, Central Area Landfill Very Small (Less than 10,000 tonnes per year) Waste produced/controlled by licence holder Licence known to be surrenderedSurrendered 5th December 1977 Not Given Approximate location provided by supplier	C3NW (S)	160	2	501500 241500
	Boundary Accuracy: Authorised Waste	Not Applicable Non-Hazardous Waste				

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Date: 02-Oct-2014 rpr\_ec\_datasheet v49.0



#### **Hazardous Substances**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
~=	Notification of Insta	Ilations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)	0.000		_	
35	Name: Location: Status: Positional Accuracy:	London Brick Products Limited Stewartby, BEDFORD, Bedfordshire, MK43 9LZ Record Ceased To Be Supplied Under NIHHS Regulations (1982) Automatically positioned to the address	(NE)	434	5	501874 242491
	Planning Hazardous	s Substance Consents				
36	Name: Location: Authority: Application Ref: Hazardous Substance: Maximum Quantity:	London Brick Company Stewartby Works, STEWARTBY, Bedfordshire, MK43 Bedford Borough Council TP/92/1165/HS Extremely flammable (extremely flammable gases and liquids with a flash point <21C and boiling point at normal pressure <=35C, and gaseous substances flammable in contact with air at ambient temperature and pressure excluding extremely flammable gases and natural gas, and flammable liquid substances maintained at a temerature above their boiling point) 26	C7NW (N)	16	6	501500 242205
	Application date: Decision: Positional Accuracy:	25th September 1992 Deemed Consent GrantedGranted Located by supplier to within 10m				
	Planning Hazardous	Substance Consents				
37	Name: Location: Authority: Application Ref: Hazardous Substance:	London Brick Stewartby Works, Broadmead Road, STEWARTBY, Bedfordshire, MK43 Bedford Borough Council 92/01165/Haz Extremely flammable (extremely flammable gases and liquids with a flash point <21C and boiling point at normal pressure <=35C, and gaseous substances flammable in contact with air at ambient temperature and pressure excluding extremely flammable gases and natural gas, and flammable liquid substances maintained at a temerature above their boiling point)	C11SE (NE)	373	6	501783 242484
1	Maximum Quantity: Application date	52 Not Supplied				
	Decision: Positional Accuracy:	New application granted conditionallyGranted Manually positioned to the address or location				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS 1:625,000 Solid Description:	I Geology Oxford Clay and Kellaways Beds	C7SW	0	4	501421 241772
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mo/kg	C7SW (N)	0	7	501421 242000
	Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg				
	Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C3NW (SW)	0	7	501218 241498
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C7SW (NW)	0	7	501351 241807
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C7SW (NW)	0	7	501421 241772
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C7SW (NW)	0	7	501347 241808
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C7SW (N)	0	7	501440 242000



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil	C7SW (N)	29	7	501372 242000
	Arsenic Concentration:	15 - 25 mg/kg	()			
	Concentration: Chromium	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C7SW (NW)	40	7	501284 241853
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C7SW (N)	43	7	501354 242000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C7SW (NW)	45	7	501278 241854
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C2NE (SW)	50	7	501185 241612
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C2NE (SW)	59	7	501145 241525
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	30 - 45 mg/kg				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C2NE (SW)	61	7	501000 241566
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C3NE (SE)	151	7	501544 241630
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C7NW (N)	153	7	501386 242320
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C2NE (SW)	196	7	501017 241573
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C2NE (SW)	209	7	501000 241579
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C6SE (W)	213	7	501000 241772



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	C4SW (SE)	311	7	502000 241271
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	l Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C8NW (NE)	337	7	501945 242232
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	<b>BGS Estimated Soil</b>	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	C4NW (SE)	360	7	502000 241462
	Concentration: Cadmium	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	l Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C6SE (NW)	373	7	501000 242000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil <15 mg/kg	C8SW (NE)	377	7	501923 242000
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	60 - 90 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				
	BGS Estimated Soil	Chemistry				
	Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg	C4SW (SE)	408	7	502127 241233
	Cadmium Concentration:	<1.8 mg/kg				
	Chromium Concentration:	90 - 120 mg/kg				
	Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	<150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg				



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C8NW (NE)	416	7	502000 242175
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C8SW (E)	416	7	502000 242000
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 60 - 90 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C8NW (NE)	438	7	502042 242202
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg <150 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C8SW (E)	449	7	502000 241938
	BGS Estimated Soil Source: Soil Sample Type: Arsenic Concentration: Cadmium Concentration: Chromium Concentration: Lead Concentration: Nickel Concentration:	Chemistry British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service Rural Soil 15 - 25 mg/kg <1.8 mg/kg 90 - 120 mg/kg 30 - 45 mg/kg	C8SW (E)	471	7	502000 241772
38	BGS Recorded Mine Site Name: Location: Source: Reference: Type: Status: Operator: Operator: Operator: Operator: Periodic Type: Geology: Commodity: Positional Accuracy:	eral Sites Rookery , Stewartby, Bedford British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service 233 Opencast Ceased London Brick Co Ltd London Brick Co Ltd, Arden House, West Street, Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, Lu7 7dd Jurassic Peterborough Member (Lower Oxford Clay) Common Clay and Shale Located by supplier to within 10m	C7SE (E)	345	4	501795 241755



Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	BGS Recorded Mine	eral Sites				
39	Site Name: Location: Source:	Stewartby Brick Works , Stewartby, Kempston, Bedfordshire British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C11SW (N)	423	4	501500 242615
	Reference: Type: Status:	35259 Opencast Ceased				
	Operator: Operator Location:	London Brick Co Ltd London Brick Co Ltd, Arden House, West Street, Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire, Lu7 7dd				
	Geology: Commodity: Positional Accuracy:	Oxford Clay Formation Common Clay and Shale Located by supplier to within 10m				
	BGS Measured Line	an Soil Chemistry				
	No data available					
	BGS Urban Soil Che No data available	emistry Averages				
	<b>Coal Mining Affecte</b>	d Areas				
	In an area that might	not be affected by coal mining				
	Non Coal Mining Ar No Hazard	eas of Great Britain				
	Potential for Collaps	sible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Potential for Compr	essible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Potential for Compr	essible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501347 241806
	Potential for Compr	essible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7NE (N)	13	4	501588 242181
	Potential for Compr Hazard Potential: Source:	essible Ground Stability Hazards Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	36	4	501282 241846
	Potential for Compr	essible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7NW (N)	144	4	501389 242314
	Potential for Compr	essible Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NE (SE)	162	4	501551 241622
	Potential for Ground	d Dissolution Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Potential for Landsl	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C4SW (SE)	0	4	502117 241072
	Potential for Landsl Hazard Potential:	ide Ground Stability Hazards Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NE	0	4	501534
	Detential fam Landal	ide One and Stability Hannada	(02)			241000
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NW (SW)	0	4	501243 241585
	Potential for Lands	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (W)	0	4	501322 241750
	Potential for Landsl	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Potential for Landsl	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NE (SE)	173	4	501561 241622



Map ID	Details		Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Potential for Lands	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NE (S)	232	4	501544 241415
	Potential for Lands	ide Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3SE (SE)	250	4	501652 241378
	Potential for Runnin	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (N)	0	4	501380 241880
	Potential for Runni	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Very Low British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Potential for Runnin	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C2NE (SW)	70	4	501108 241452
	Potential for Runnin	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C6SE (W)	74	4	501184 241793
	Potential for Runnin	ng Sand Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3NE (SE)	162	4	501551 241622
	Potential for Shrink	ing or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	No Hazard British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C3SW (S)	0	4	501499 241187
	Potential for Shrink	ing or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards				
	Hazard Potential: Source:	Moderate British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Radon Potential - R	adon Protection Measures				
	Protection Measure:	No radon protective measures are necessary in the construction of new dwellings or extensions	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772
	Source:	British Geological Survey, National Geoscience Information Service				
	Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas					
	Affected Area: Source:	The property is in a lower probability radon area, as less than 1% of homes are above the action level British Geological Survey. National Geoscience Information Service	C7SW (NW)	0	4	501421 241772



#### **Sensitive Land Use**

Map ID		Details	Quadrant Reference (Compass Direction)	Estimated Distance From Site	Contact	NGR
	Nitrate Vulnerable	Zones				
40	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Eutrophic Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	C7SW (NW)	0	8	501308 241820
	Nitrate Vulnerable	Nitrate Vulnerable Zones				
41	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Surface Water Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	C7SW (NW)	0	8	501421 241772
	Nitrate Vulnerable Zones					
42	Name: Description: Source:	Not Supplied Groundwater Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	C7SW (NW)	0	8	501421 241772



#### **Data Currency**

Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2013 February 2013 July 2008	Annually Annual Rolling Update Not Applicable
Discharge Consents	August 2014	Quarterly
Enforcement and Drahibitian Nations	71090012014	Quarterry
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Integrated Pollution Controls Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention And Control		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental	December 2008	Not Applicable
Central Bedfordshire Council - Environmental Health Department	March 2013	Annually
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	September 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Nearest Surface Water Feature		3 - 1 - 3 - 1
Ordnance Survey	July 2012	Quarterly
Pollution Incidents to Controlled Waters	-	
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	September 1999	Not Applicable
Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	March 2013	As notified
Registered Radioactive Substances		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
River Quality		
Environment Agency - Head Office	November 2001	Not Applicable
River Quality Biology Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
River Quality Chemistry Sampling Points		
Environment Agency - Head Office	July 2012	Annually
Substantiated Pollution Incident Register		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Water Abstractions		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	July 2014	Quarterly
Water Industry Act Referrals		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	August 2014	Quarterly
Groundwater Vulnerability		
Environment Agency - Head Office	January 2011	Not Applicable



#### **Data Currency**

Agency & Hydrological	Version	Update Cycle
Drift Deposits		
Environment Agency - Head Office	January 1999	Not Applicable
Bedrock Aquifer Designations		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Superficial Aquifer Designations		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	October 2012	Annually
Source Protection Zones		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flood Water Storage Areas		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Flood Defences		
Environment Agency - Head Office	August 2014	Quarterly
Detailed River Network Lines		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Detailed River Network Offline Drainage		
Environment Agency - Head Office	March 2012	Annually
Waste	Version	Update Cycle
BGS Recorded Landfill Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 1996	Not Applicable
Historical Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	May 2014	Quarterly
Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region	October 2008	Not Applicable
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	August 2014	Quarterly
Local Authority Landfill Coverage		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites		
Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department	April 2003	Not Applicable
Bedfordshire Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2000	Not Applicable
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	May 2000	Not Applicable
Registered Landfill Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Transfer Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable
Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites		
Environment Agency - Anglian Region - Central Area	March 2003	Not Applicable



#### **Data Currency**

Hazardous Substances	Version	Update Cycle
Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)		
Health and Safety Executive	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Explosive Sites		
Health and Safety Executive	November 2013	Bi-Annually
Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) Health and Safety Executive	November 2000	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2008	Not Applicable
Planning Hazardous Substance Consents		
Bedford Borough Council	April 2013	Annual Rolling Update
Central Bedfordshire Council - Planning Department	August 2013	Annually
Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	July 2008	Annual Rolling Update
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	May 2008	Not Applicable
Geological	Version	Update Cycle
BGS 1:625,000 Solid Geology		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	August 1996	Not Applicable
BGS Estimated Soil Chemistry		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	January 2010	Annually
BGS Recorded Mineral Sites		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	April 2014	Bi-Annually
Brine Compensation Area		
Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board	August 2011	Not Applicable
Coal Mining Affected Areas		
The Coal Authority - Mining Report Service	December 2013	As notified
Mining Instability		
Ove Arup & Partners	October 2000	Not Applicable
Non Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2014	Not Applicable
Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	June 2014	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Affected Areas		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually
Radon Potential - Radon Protection Measures		
British Geological Survey - National Geoscience Information Service	July 2011	Annually


# **Data Currency**

Industrial Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Contemporary Trade Directory Entries		
Thomson Directories	August 2014	Quarterly
Fuel Station Entries		
Catalist Ltd - Experian	August 2014	Quarterly
Sensitive Land Use	Version	Update Cycle
Areas of Adopted Green Belt Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	August 2014	As notified
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt		
Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	August 2014	As notified
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty		
Natural England	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Environmentally Sensitive Areas		
Natural England	August 2014	Annually
Forest Parks		
Forestry Commission	April 1997	Not Applicable
Local Nature Reserves		
Natural England	October 2014	Bi-Annually
Marine Nature Reserves		
Natural England	July 2013	Bi-Annually
National Nature Reserves		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually
National Parks		
Natural England	August 2014	Bi-Annually
Nitrate Sensitive Areas		
Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	February 2012	Not Applicable
Nitrate Vulnerable Zones Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	July 2014	Annually
Ramsar Sites		
Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Sites of Special Scientific Interest		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Areas of Conservation		
Natural England	March 2014	Bi-Annually
Special Protection Areas		
Natural England	September 2014	Bi-Annually



A selection of organisations who provide data within this report

Data Supplier	Data Supplier Logo
Ordnance Survey	Licensed Partner
Environment Agency	Environment Agency
Scottish Environment Protection Agency	SEPÃO Soutish Environment Protection Agency
The Coal Authority	THE COAL AUTHORITY
British Geological Survey	British Geological Survey
Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	Centre for Ecology & Hydrology NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL
Natural Resources Wales	Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru Natural Resources Wales
Scottish Natural Heritage	SCOTTISH NATURAL HERITAGE
Natural England	NATURAL ENGLAND
Public Health England	Public Health England
Ove Arup	ARUP
Peter Brett Associates	peterbrett



# **Useful Contacts**

Contact	Name and Address	Contact Details
2	Environment Agency - National Customer Contact Centre (NCCC)	Telephone: 08708 506 506 Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
	PO Box 544, Templeborough, Rotherham, S60 1BY	
3	Bedford Borough Council - Environmental Health Department Town Hall, St Pauls Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK40 1SJ	Telephone: 01234 267422 Fax: 01234 325671 Email: enquiries@bedford.gov.uk Website: www.bedford.gov.uk
4	British Geological Survey - Enquiry Service British Geological Survey, Kingsley Dunham Centre, Keyworth, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, NG12 5GG	Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk Website: www.bgs.ac.uk
5	Health and Safety Executive 5S.2 Redgrave Court, Merton Road, Bootle, L20 7HS	Website: www.hse.gov.uk
6	Bedford Borough Council Town Hall, St Pauls Square, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK40 1SJ	Telephone: 01234 267422 Fax: 01234 221606 Website: www.bedford.gov.uk
7	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmark.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk
8	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA - formerly FRCA)	Telephone: 0113 2613333 Fax: 0113 230 0879
	Government Buildings, Otley Road, Lawnswood, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS16 5QT	
9	Bedfordshire County Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council)	Telephone: 01234 363222 Fax: 01234 228656 Website: www.bedfordshire.gov.uk
	County Hall, Cauldwell Street, Bedford, Bedfordshire, MK42 9AP	
10	Mid Bedfordshire District Council (now part of Central Bedfordshire Council) - Environmental Health Department	Telephone: 01767 313137 Fax: 01767 316717 Website: www.midbeds.gov.uk
	23 London Road, Biggleswade, Bedford, Bedfordshire, SG18 8ER	
-	Public Health England - Radon Survey, Centre for Radiation, Chemical and Environmental Hazards	Telephone: 01235 822622 Fax: 01235 833891 Email: radon@phe.gov.uk Website: www.ukradon.org
-	Landmark Information Group Limited Imperium, Imperial Way, Reading, Berkshire, RG2 0TD	Telephone: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Email: customerservices@landmarkinfo.co.uk Website: www.landmarkinfo.co.uk

Please note that the Environment Agency / Natural Resources Wales / SEPA have a charging policy in place for enquiries.

# **Historical Mapping Legends**

Ordnance	Survey County Series 1:10,560	Ordnance Survey Plan 1:10,000	1:10,000 Raster Mapping
Grav Pit	vel Sand Other Pit Pits	مرین کر Chalk Pit, Clay Pit کر Gravel Pit در Chalk Pit, Clay Pit در Chalk Pit	Gravel Pit Gravel Pit Gravel Pit
C Qua	rry Shingle Orchard	Sand Pit Oisused Pit	Rock (scattered)
په <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>م</sup> ه <sup>2</sup> <sup>*</sup> م <sup>2</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>*</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>4</sup>	ers	Refuse or Lake, Loch	ີ້ໍ້ໍີ Boulders Boulders (scattered)
4 2 5 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	and the second s	Dunes 200 Boulders	Shingle Mud Mud
Mixed Woo	d Deciduous Brushwood	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sand Sand Sand Pit
			Slopes reaction Top of cliff
Fir	Furze Rough Pasture	ஒ் ் Orchard ெ தொல் \Y்ஸ் Coppice ரிரி Bracken ஸ்ப்ப்ச் Heath பட்டா, Rough ரி Grassland	General detail — — — — Underground detail — — — Overhead detail — — — — Narrow gauge railway
++++→ Ai flo	rrow denotes <u>a</u> Trigonometrical ow of water Station	<u> معا</u> يد Marsh ،،،∨//، Reeds <u>معا</u> دد Saltings	railway railway
r <b>∔•</b> Si	ite of Antiquities 🔹 🔹 Bench Mark	Direction of Flow of Water Building	Civil, parish or County boundary (England only) Civil, parish or community boundary
• Pr Si • <b>285</b> S	ump, Guide Post, Well, Spring, ignal Post Boundary Post urface Level	Glasshouse Sand	District, Unitary, Metropolitan, Constituency London Borough boundary boundary
Sketched	Instrumental Contour	Pylon ————————————————————————————————————	Area of wooded vegetation Area of vegetation Area of vegetatio
Main Roads	Fenced Minor Roads	Cutting Embankment Standard Gauge	Coniferous Coni
	Sunken Road Raised Road	Road ''''''' Road Level Foot Single Track	★ trees (scattered) ★ tree Coppice or Osiers
And the second s	Road over Railway over Railway River	Under Over Crossing Bridge Siding, Tramway or Mineral Line	متله Rough متله Grassland میلاه ۱۹۹۲ Heath
	Railway over Level Crossing	—— —— Geographical County	∩o_ Crub →⊻∠ Marsh, Salt →⊻∠ Marsh or Reeds
	Road over Road over River or Canal Stream	Administrative County, County Borough or County of City Municipal Borough Urban or Bural District	Water feature Flow arrows
	Road over Stream	Burgh or District Council Borough, Burgh or County Constituency Shown only when not coincident with other boundaries	MHW(S) Mean high water (springs) Mean low water (springs)
	County Boundary (Geographical)	Civil Parish — — — — Civil Parish Shown alternately when coincidence of boundaries occurs	Telephone line (where shown)
	County & Civil Parish Boundary	BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone Pol Sta Police Station	← Bench mark Triangulation
	County Borough Boundary (England)	Ch Church PO Post Office CH Club House PC Public Convenience	Point feature Pylon, flare stack
Co. Boro. Bdy.	County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)	FE Sta Fire Engine Stadon PH Public House FB Foot Bridge SB Signal Box Fn Fountain Spr Spring	or Mile Stone)
y	Rural District Boundary	GP     Guide Post     TCB     Telephone Call Box       MP     Mile Post     TCP     Telephone Call Post	· ↓• Site of (antiquity) Glasshouse
	Civil Parish Boundary	MS Mile Stone W Well	General Building Important Building



## Historical Mapping & Photography included:

			_
Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1883 - 1884	2
Buckinghamshire	1:10,560	1885	3
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1901 - 1902	4
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1927	5
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1938	6
Bedfordshire	1:10,560	1946 - 1948	7
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1960	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1982 - 1983	9
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1990	10
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2006	11
VectorMap Local	1:10,000	2014	12

## Historical Map - Slice C



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 500

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Tel: Fax: Web:

















































General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference I
Several of Type a	t Location	
Agency and	l Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Lar (Location)	nd Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Land
Contaminated Lar	nd Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Land
🔶 Discharge Conse	nt	🔴 EA Historic Landfill (
A Enforcement or P	rohibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill (
🛕 Integrated Pollutio	n Control	A Integrated Pollution (
📘 Integrated Pollutio	n Prevention Control	Licensed Waste Ma
Local Authority In and Control	tegrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste Mai
🛆 Local Authority P	ollution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Rec
Control Enforcem	ollution Prevention and ent	Local Authority Rec
Pollution Incident t	to Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill S
Prosecution Relat	ing to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill S
🔶 Prosecution Relat	ing to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill S
🛕 Registered Radio	active Substance	📃 Registered Landfill S
🧸 River Network or	Water Feature	👚 Registered Waste Ti
🕂 River Quality Sam	pling Point	IIII Registered Waste Ti
合 Substantiated Pol	lution Incident Register	Registered Waste Ti (Location)
🔷 Water Abstractio	n	Registered Waste Ti
🔶 Water Industry A	ct Referral	Hazardous S
Geological		K COMAH Site
BGS Recorded M	ineral Site	🙀 Explosive Site
Industrial L	and Use	🙀 NIHHS Site

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 📩 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment C2



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Point 🛛 🛽 Map ID







General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference
Several of Type at	Location	
Agency and	Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land (Location)	Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Lar
Contaminated Land	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded Lar
🔶 Discharge Consen	t	🔴 EA Historic Landfill
A Enforcement or Pro	phibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill
A Integrated Pollution	Control	A Integrated Pollution
Integrated Pollution	Prevention Control	Licensed Waste M
Local Authority Inte	egrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste M
🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Re
Control Enforceme	llution Prevention and nt	🛄 Local Authority Re
Pollution Incident to	) Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill
V Prosecution Relation	ng to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill
🔶 Prosecution Relatir	ng to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill
🛕 Registered Radioa	ctive Substance	Registered Landfill
🥆 River Network or V	Vater Feature	👚 Registered Waste
🕂 River Quality Samp	oling Point	IIII Registered Waste
🔶 Substantiated Pollu	tion Incident Register	Registered Waste (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction		📃 Registered Waste
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Hazardous \$
Geological		K COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mir	neral Site	🙀 Explosive Site
		_

### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry

## Site Sensitivity Map - Segment C3



### **Order Details**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

С 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



e Point 🛛 🛽 Map ID

V	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
$\bigcirc$	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon) Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
۲	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
Ш	Registered Waste Transfer Site
Ó	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>1</b>	COMAH Site
<b>×</b>	Explosive Site
<b>1</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement





General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Reference
Several of Type at	Location	
Agency and	Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land (Location)	Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded La
Contaminated Land	Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded La
🔶 Discharge Consen	t	🔴 EA Historic Landfill
A Enforcement or Pro	phibition Notice	EA Historic Landfill
A Integrated Pollution	Control	A Integrated Pollution
Integrated Pollution	Prevention Control	Licensed Waste M
Local Authority Inte and Control	egrated Pollution Prevention	Licensed Waste M
🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control	Local Authority Re
Control Enforceme	llution Prevention and nt	Local Authority Re
O Pollution Incident to	) Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered Landfill
V Prosecution Relation	ng to Authorised Processes	Registered Landfill
🔶 Prosecution Relatin	ng to Controlled Waters	Registered Landfill
🛕 Registered Radioa	ctive Substance	Registered Landfill
🥆 River Network or V	Vater Feature	👚 Registered Waste
🕂 River Quality Samp	oling Point	Registered Waste
🔶 Substantiated Pollu	tion Incident Register	Registered Waste (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction		Registered Waste
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Hazardous \$
Geological		K COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mir	neral Site	🌠 Explosive Site

### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry

## Site Sensitivity Map - Segment C6



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



ce Point 🛛 🛽 Map ID

▼	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
$\boxtimes$	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
۲	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
Ш	Registered Waste Transfer Site
Ó	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
<b>×</b>	Explosive Site
<b>×</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement
	a a ret OC

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www.envirocheck.co.uk

Tel: Fax: Web:





General			
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	Х	Bearing Referenc
Several of Type at	Location		
Agency and	Hydrological	W	aste
Contaminated Land (Location)	Register Entry or Notice	▼	BGS Recorded La
Contaminated Land	d Register Entry or Notice	$\square$	BGS Recorded La
🔶 Discharge Consen	t	$\odot$	EA Historic Landfil
A Enforcement or Pr	phibition Notice		EA Historic Landfil
A Integrated Pollution	Control		Integrated Pollution Waste Site
Integrated Pollution	Prevention Control	$\boxtimes$	Licensed Waste M
Local Authority Inte	egrated Pollution Prevention	•	Licensed Waste N
🛆 Local Authority Po	llution Prevention and Control		Local Authority Re
Control Enforceme	llution Prevention and nt	Ш	Local Authority Re
Pollution Incident to	) Controlled Waters	$\square$	Registered Landfil
V Prosecution Relation	ng to Authorised Processes	►	Registered Landfil
🔶 Prosecution Relatin	ng to Controlled Waters		Registered Landfil
🔺 Registered Radioa	ctive Substance		Registered Landfil
🥆 River Network or V	Vater Feature	٢	Registered Waste
🕂 River Quality Samp	oling Point		Registered Waste
🔶 Substantiated Pollu	tion Incident Register	$\bigcirc$	Registered Waste (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction			Registered Waste
🔶 Water Industry Ac	t Referral	Ha	azardous
Geological		<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
BGS Recorded Mir	neral Site	•	Explosive Site

### Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Segment C7



### **Order Details**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha):

С 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



ce Point 🛛 🛽 Map ID

▼	BGS Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
	BGS Recorded Landfill Site
0	EA Historic Landfill (Buffered Point)
	EA Historic Landfill (Polygon)
Δ	Integrated Pollution Control Registered Waste Site
8	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Landfill Boundary)
•	Licensed Waste Management Facility (Location)
	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site (Location)
Ш	Local Authority Recorded Landfill Site
	Registered Landfill Site
►	Registered Landfill Site (Location)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 100m)
	Registered Landfill Site (Point Buffered to 250m)
٢	Registered Waste Transfer Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Transfer Site
Ó	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site (Location)
	Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Site
Ha	azardous Substances
<b>*</b>	COMAH Site
×	Explosive Site
<b>×</b>	NIHHS Site
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Consent
*	Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement





General		
🔼 Specified Site	Specified Buffer(s)	X Bearing Refer
Several of Type a	t Location	
Agency and	l Hydrological	Waste
Contaminated Land Register Entry or Notice (Location)		BGS Recorded
🚫 Contaminated Lan	d Register Entry or Notice	BGS Recorded
🔶 Discharge Consent		🔴 EA Historic La
Leforcement or Prohibition Notice		EA Historic La
A Integrated Pollution Control		A Integrated Poll
Integrated Pollution Prevention Control		Licensed Was
Local Authority Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control		Eicensed Was
🛆 Local Authority Po	ollution Prevention and Control	📕 Local Authorit
Control Enforceme	ollution Prevention and ent	Local Authorit
😑 Pollution Incident t	o Controlled Waters	🚫 Registered La
Prosecution Relation	ng to Authorised Processes	Registered La
🔶 Prosecution Relati	ing to Controlled Waters	📃 Registered La
🛕 Registered Radioa	active Substance	📃 Registered La
🥄 River Network or V	Nater Feature	👚 Registered Wa
🕂 River Quality Sam	pling Point	Registered Wa
🔶 Substantiated Poll	ution Incident Register	Registered Wa (Location)
🔶 Water Abstraction	ı	📃 Registered Wa
🔶 Water Industry Ad	t Referral	Hazardou
Geological		K COMAH Site
🗸 BGS Recorded Mi	neral Site	🙀 Explosive Site

## Industrial Land Use

- ★ Contemporary Trade Directory Entry
- 🖈 Fuel Station Entry
- Site Sensitivity Map Slice C

### **Order Details**

60770728\_1\_1 31116 ce: 501420, 241770 C 240.61 500

### Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



rence Point 🛛 🛽 🛛 Map ID



\* Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcement

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Tel: Fax:

Web:





🔼 Specified Site

- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point

### Agency and Hydrological (Flood)

Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 2)

Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences (Zone 3)

Area Benefiting from Flood Defence



Flood Water Storage Areas

--- Flood Defence

## Flood Map - Slice C



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 500

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

Tel: Fax: Web:





🔼 Specified Site C Specified Buffer(s) X Bearing Reference Point 8 Map ID Several of Type at Location

## Agency and Hydrological (Boreholes)

- 😑 BGS Borehole Depth 0 10m
- BGS Borehole Depth 10 30m
- 🔴 BGS Borehole Depth 30m +
- Confidential
- 🔿 Other

For Borehole information please refer to the Borehole datasheet which accompanied this slice.

A copy of the BGS Borehole Ordering Form is available to download from the Support section of www.envirocheck.co.uk.





### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 500

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax:

Web:





- A Specified Site
- C Specified Buffer(s)
- X Bearing Reference Point
- 8 Map ID

## **Detailed River Network Data**

- Extended Culvert (greater than 50m) - Primary River Underground River (inferred) Secondary River - Tertiary River ------ Underground River (local knowledge) —— Downstream of High Water Mark — Canal – – – Canal Tunnel --- Downstream of Seaward Extension --- Not assigned River feature Undefined River --- Lake/Reservoir – – – Offline Drainage Feature Contours (height in metres) MLW Mean Low Water - 105 Standard Contour
- Master Contour Spot Height



**=**MHW**=** Mean High Water



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 500

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



Web:

Tel: Fax:









































## Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

## **Historical Map - Segment C2**



### **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







# Published 1883

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered tor mapping urban areas and by 189 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



# Historical Map - Segment C2



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## **Published 1901**

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered tor mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



# Historical Map - Segment C2



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 240.61

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1925

## Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C2**



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 240.61 100

60770728\_1\_1

Tel: Fax: Web:

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby















## Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6

## **Historical Map - Segment C3**



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby







## Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C3**



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax:

Web:




# Published 1901

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C3**



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax: Web:





# Published 1925

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



# Historical Map - Segment C3



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.





# Historical Map - Segment C3



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

Search Buffer (m): Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Tel: Fax:









## Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1988	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1994	8
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1996	9

## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 100

Tel:

Fax:

Web

## Site Details

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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax: Web:





# Published 1901

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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# Published 1925

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



# Historical Map - Segment C6



## **Order Details**

 Order Number:
 60770728\_1\_1

 Customer Ref:
 31116

 National Grid Reference:
 501420, 241770

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 Site Area (Ha):
 240.61

 Search Buffer (m):
 100

Site Details

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# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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# **Additional SIMs**

# Published 1988

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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## Historical Map - Segment C6



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

Site Details

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# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment C6



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax:

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242200						242
242000					Q	242
241800						241
	© Crown copyright and Landmark I	Information Group Limited 2013. All Rights Reserved.		0	100 m	



# Published 1994

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## Order Details

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

60770728\_1\_1 31116 240.61

Tel: Fax:

Web:

## Site Details

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# Published 1996

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

## Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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## **Historical Map - Segment C6**



## **Order Details**

Order Number: 60770728\_1\_1 Customer Ref: 31116 National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: С Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 100

240.61

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax:





## Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1883	2
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1901	3
Bedfordshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1976	5
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1994	7

## **Historical Map - Segment C7**



## **Order Details**

Order Number: Customer Ref: National Grid Reference: 501420, 241770 Slice: Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m):

60770728\_1\_1 31116 С 240.61 100

> Tel: Fax:

> > Web

## Site Details

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# Published 1883

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)















# **Ordnance Survey Plan**

# Published 1976

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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## Historical Map - Segment C7



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

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Tel: Fax:





# Published 1993

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment C7



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

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# Published 1994

# Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

# Map Name(s) and Date(s)



## Historical Map - Segment C7



## **Order Details**

Order Number:60770728\_1\_1Customer Ref:31116National Grid Reference:501420, 241770Slice:CSite Area (Ha):240.61Search Buffer (m):100

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby



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Page 7 of 7

Tel: Fax:





## **Index Map**

For ease of identification, your site and buffer have been split into Slices, Segments and Quadrants. These are illustrated on the Index Map opposite and explained further below.

### Slice

Each slice represents a 1:10,000 plot area (2.7km x 2.7km) for your site and buffer. A large site and buffer may be made up of several slices (represented by a red outline), that are referenced by letters of the alphabet, starting from the bottom left corner of the slice "grid". This grid does not relate to National Grid lines but is designed to give best fit over the site and buffer.

### Segment

A segment represents a 1:2,500 plot area. Segments that have plot files associated with them are shown in dark green, others in light blue. These are numbered from the bottom left hand corner within each slice.

### Quadrant

A quadrant is a quarter of a segment. These are labelled as NW, NE, SW, SE and are referenced in the datasheet to allow features to be quickly located on plots. Therefore a feature that has a quadrant reference of A7NW will be in Slice A, Segment 7 and the NW Quadrant.

A selection of organisations who provide data within this report:





British Geological Survey NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL





Envirocheck reports are compiled from 136 different sources of data.

### **Client Details**

Ms K Riley, Brett Consulting Ltd, Caversham Bridge House, Waterman Place, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 8DN

## **Order Details**

 Order Number:
 60770728\_1\_1

 Customer Ref:
 31116

 National Grid Reference:
 501820, 240110

 Site Area (Ha):
 240.61

 Search Buffer (m):
 500

## Site Details

Millbrook Power Project, Green Lane, Stewartby

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# **APPENDIX 4**

www.peterbrett.com



# TRIAL PIT LOG



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	l ha		n Nation			CONTR	RACT	CHE	

# TRIAL PIT LOG

CLIENT	COVANTA ENERGY LT	D					<b>FP102</b>
SITE	ROOKERY SOUTH, ST	EWARTBY, B	BEDFORDS	IRE	a a station a lla 7 a	Sheet	2 of 2
Start Date	25 February 2009	Easting	501117.9			Scale	1 : 25
End Date	25 February 2009	Northing	240982.4	Ground level	31.55mOD	Depth	4.20 m

record	6B	result	depth (m) 4.10	frequent sand to medium gra FORMATION) Trial pit completed at 4.20m.	uesc avet sized shell fragm	appon ents. (OXFORD CLAY	(m) 4.20	(m)	legend
Dry.	68		4.10	frequent sand to medium gra FORMATION) Trial pit completed at 4.20m.	avet sized shell fragm	ents. (OXFORD CLAY	4 20	27.35	
Dıy.			4.10	Trial pit completed at 4.20m.			4.20	27.35	
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۵.,					$(a_1, \cdots, b_n)$		1.1		2
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	22.5	Sec.		- 1.4 A					
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							1.5		
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8									
			×	= >				en <sup>68</sup>	
									13:
						242			
					)		<u> </u>		
NOCUS					Sketch of Fo	undation - Not to scale. All di	nensions	in metre	5.
Trial plt excav	ated by 8	Tonne r	ubber tracke	i mechanical excavator.					Ę.
Trial pit dimer	nsions 4.0	0x0.70x4	4.20m.	S4 - S4	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1				
Trial pit sides	remained n. the triai	i stable a I nit west	nd vertical.	h matariale prielno					÷
Hand vane re	adings pro	esented	are an averag	ge of three readings.	18 10			an Tha a	, il
Stratum name	es provide	d by the	Engineer.						
				*	· · ·				
						CONT	RACT	CHEC	KED
								A	/
SPLORATORY H	IOLE LOGS	SHOULD BI	E READ IN CONJ	UNCTION WITH KEY SHEETS		226	507	in	



# **BOREHOLE LOG**

1.72	June
	WS104

Sheet

CLIENT	COVANTA	ENERGY LTD

ROOKERY SOUTH, STEWARTBY, BEDFORDSHIRE SITE

Start Date 27 February 2009

End Date 27 February 2009 Easting 501218.9

240961.1 Northing

**Ground level** 

28.98mOD

Scale 1:50

Depth 3.20 m

1 of 1

Geolechnical Engineeing Lint, Teil. 01452 527743 22007.GPJ TRIVILIH.GPJ GEOTECH.GLB 050682009 1522-44 SHWGA

progress date/time water depth	sample no & type	depth ( from	m) to	casing depth (m)	test type & value	samp. /core range	12	instru -ment	description	depth (m)	reduced level (m)	legend
27/02/09 1430hrs	1X 2D* 3D	0.00 - 1,0 0.40 0.40 - 0.0 0.60 - 0.0	50 50 50	aka pi pi - 2 ni - 1 li	H 48	100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100		ہ م <sup>ر</sup> ت	MADE GROUND: Reeds over firm medium strength fissured greyish brown mottled orangish brown slightly sendy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional rootlets and fine and medium gravel sized shall fragments. Gravel is angular end subangular fine and medium brick fragments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL)	0,80	28.18	
	4X 5D*	1.00 - 2.0 1.30 1.40 - 1.0	00 50		H 89	. N			MADE GROUND: Firm medium strength fissured grey slightly sandy CLAY with occasional fine and medium gravel sized shell fregments and rare fine and medium gravel sized brick fregments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL)			
ngi Langi ang Langi ang	60 7X	1.90 1.85 - 2.0 2.00 - 3.0	00		H 44		10		MADE GROUND?: Firm to stiff low strength fissured locally indistinctly thinly lemineted grey CLAY with coccessional send to medium gravel sized shell fragments.	2.00	26.98 26.53	
27/02/09 1600hrs Dry	X	2.90 3.00 - 3.	20		H 122		0.32	-Sa	(CALLOW CLAY FILL?) Very stiff high strength dark grey sandy CLAY with occasional sandy partings and sand to medium gravel sized shell fragments. (OXFORD CLAY FORMATION)	3.20	25.78	
$ \begin{array}{c} i  h \\ i  \phi \\ i  \phi \\ i  \phi \\ f \\ \phi \\ g' \end{array} $	a dalar Rembje Rembje	frequencies			e an ar Carda An ar	*****		la r	Borehole completed et 3.20m.	24		
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na <sup>1</sup>	1	366 <sup>- 1</sup> 1 - 117				e <sup>sa</sup>				a <sup>Cha</sup> it		
	्र जन्म	840-9 510-9 6-0	in Th			2 <sup>8</sup> 27	31 33 31 33			24 413	-	12
- n				-19 	477	8		*5.		(8,00)		U
EQUIPME METHOD: CASING: BACKFILL REMARKS	NT: Geot Dynamic Not used. .: On com 3: Hole re	schnicel T sampled plation, ho fused on h	ientier (101n ole ba uerd s	2000 rig. nm) 0.00- ckfilled w trate at 3	2.00m, ( ith bento .20m. St	86mm) nite pe retum r	2.00- liets a nemes	3.00m ( nd the provid	and (76mm) 3.00-3.20m. surface reinstated. ed by the Engineer.			
EXPLORAT	ORY HOLE	1068 840	ULDF			ICTION	WITH	œy shi	ETS			
water strike	ə (m) cət	sing (m)	080	to (m) ti	ime to ris	ie (min)	) ren Gn	oundwe	ter not encountered.	FRACT 607	CHE	

# **BOREHOLE LOG**

CLIENT	CC	OVANTA EN	NERGY	' LTD	Č ľ			the state of the s	1385	WS	105
SITE	RC	OKERY S	олтн,	STEV	VARTE	ΙY, Ι	BEDI	ORDSHIRE :	Sheet	1.0.0	1 of 1
Start Date	21	Aarch 2009			Eastir	ng	50	1276.9	Scale		1:50
End Date	2 M	March 2009			Northi	ing	24	0895.5 Ground level 28.62mOD	Depth		3.00 m
progress date/time water depth	sample no & type	depth (m) from to	casing depth (m)	test type & value	samp. /core range		Instru -ment	description	dapth (m)	reduced level (m)	legend
02/03/09 0930hrs	1X 2D* 3D	0.00 - 1.00 0.35 0.40 - 0.60 0.90 0.85 - 1.00		H 45 H 54				MADE GROUND: Reads over soft brownish grey locally stained black slightly sandy slightly gravelity CLAY with frequent rootlets and occasional fine and medium gravel sized shell and pyritised wood fragmants. Gravel is angular to subrounded fine and medium brick fragments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL)	0.40	28.22	
	4X 5D* 6D 7X	1.00 - 2.00 1.40 1.40 - 1.60 1.90 1.85 - 2.00 2.00 - 3.00	han an a	H 53 H 39				MADE GROUND: Firm medium strength locally fissured brownish gray locally stained black slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional fine and medium gravel sized shell and pyritised wood fragments and coarse gravel sized pockats of orangish brown motited off white clay. Gravel is angular to subrounded fine and medium brick fragments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL)			
02/03/09 1100hrs Dry	8D	2.40 2.85 - 3.00 2. <del>9</del> 0		H 91 H 125				Stiff high strangth thinly laminated gray slightly sandy CLAY with occasional fine and medium graval sized shell and fossil fragments, occasional medium graval sized lenses of light gray slit and rare sandy partings. (OXFORD CLAY FORMATION)	2.30	26.32 25.62	
EQUIPMENT METHOD: Dy CASING: Noi BACKFILL: C REMARKS: H	: Geote ynamic a i used. )n comp Hole refu	chnicai Tarriar 2 xampied (101mr lation, hole baci used on hard sin DGS SHOULD BE	(000 rig. n) 0.00-2 (filled with ata at 3.0 READ IN C	Dom and bentani Om. Stra	i (86mm) te pellets tum nam	2.00 and es pr	-3.00n tha su rovideo	). Nace reinstated. by the Engineer. 8	147 1274 1274	2	
vatar strike (n	n) casin	ig (m) rose to	(m) tim	e to rise	(min) n G	amar Roun	ks kiwata	not encountered. CONTRA	\СТ 7	CHEC	KED

Geolechnical Engineering Lid, Tel. 01452 527743 22807.GPJ TRIALLIH.GPJ GEOTECH.GLB 05008200915.23-48 SM/GA

# **BOREHOLE LOG**

ţ,	S.R.

# **WS106**

1 of 1

1:50

CLIENT **COVANTA ENERGY LTD** 

ROOKERY SOUTH, STEWARTBY, BEDFORDSHIRE SITE

Start Date 2 March 2009 Easting 501430.0

End Date 2 March 2009 Northing

240849.2 Ground level

28.72mOD

Depth	3.55 m

Sheet

Scale

prograss date/time water depth	semple no & type	depth (m) from to	casing depth (m)	test type & value	samp. /core range	1	instru -ment	description	depth (m)	reduced ievel (m)	legend
02/03/09 1203hrs	1X 2D* 3D	0.00 - 1.00 0.40 0.40 - 0.60 0.90 0.85 - 1.00		о H 41 H 100		13 X	270	MADE GROUND: Reeds over firm medium strength fissured grayish brown mottled orangish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional rootiets and fine and medium gravel sized shell fragments. Gravel is angular end subangular fine and medium brick fragments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL)	0.80	27.92	
	4X 6D* 6D	1.00 - 2.00 1.40 1.40 - 1.60 1.80 1.85 - 2.00		H 41 H 101		*i 22 7	1.01	MADE GROUND: Firm high strength fissured grey slightly sendy CLAY with occasional fine and medium gravel sized shell fragments and rare fine and medium gravel sized brick fragments. (CALLOW CLAY FILL) 1.40m: Medium strength.		1.04	
in an	7X 8D*	2.00 - 3.00 2.40 2.50 - 2.75		H 60		X 5.06 ()	9 0 8	2.40m: Medium strength.	2.75	25,97	
02/03/09 1400hrs 2.00m	9D 10X	2.85 - 3,00 3,00 - 3,65				~		Very stiff fissured dark grey slightly sendy CLAY with occesional sand to medium gravel sized shell fragments and rare medium gravel sized lenses of of light grey sand. (OXFORD CLAY FORMATION)	3.10	25.62	
2.004N	110	3.40 - 3.55		10 <sup>10</sup> 66			10 10 10	Very stiff dark grey sandy CLAY with occasional sendy partings and send to medium gravel sized shell fragments. (OXFORD CLAY FORMATION) Borshole completed at 3 55m	3,55	25.17	
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11 1730 - 11		ting in s			3						
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EQUIPMEN METHOD: ( CASING: N BACKFILL: REMARKS:	IT: Geote Dynamic i ot used. On comp Hole refi	chnical Terrier sampled (101m pletton, hole bac used on hard al	2000 rig. am) 0.00-3 ckfilled wit trate et 3.	2.00m an In benton 55m. Stra	d (88mi lite pelie stum na	m) 2.00 ets and ames pi	D-3.55i the st	n. Inface reinstated. I by the Engineer.	<u>1 10.00)</u>		L
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water strike ( 2.00	(m) casi	ng (m) rose t Nil 2.0	= KEAD TN 10 (m) th 10	ne to rise 20	-110N W 	remai Seepi	r SHEE rks ¢ge		RACT	CHE	CKED
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CL Associates	$(a,b) \in C_{1}$		·	Во	reho	ble i	NO. BH	13		
9	6 A.	2 <sup>- 240</sup>		Sheel	Sheet 1 of 5					
Equipment & Methods Cable tool boring, 200mm die to 17.00m, Uhen 150mm die to 24.00m.	Location	No. 2 ROOI	KERY SC	OUTH						
Carried out for A J Bull Ltd	Ground 1 48.263 r	Level nOD	100 11 13	Coordia 501088 _240578	istes .460 mE .073 mN			Date 11/11/9 16/11/9		
	Destand		Diretto	5	amplas/	lests -				
Description	Lavel	Legend	(Thick)	· Depth		ND.	Test	Fie		
	46.283	****	(0.45)	a						
some fragments of brick.	45.81	****	0,45	28 CL 84 - 19	сэ. Г	N 81	1.1	1		
(Driller's description)	ें। 			0.50 - 1.00	B	1		3		
a service in grant and an end of a service service and	С.			• 				3		
$r_{i} \rightarrow r_{i} = 0, \ p_{i} q_{i} + s + s q_{i} q_{i}$	A 1712 - 411		35			- )>				
	ŝ.			1.50 - 2.00	в	2	1	1		
MADE GROUND: Firm, locally soft or stiff,	eres fi		- 83 j		200	100	1225	5		
orange brown and light blue grey clay with some fine to coarse gravel size fragments of brick.	· 8. *		(3.65)		1		1			
Occasional shells and shell fragments, root										
tracks gleyed grey and brown organic matter.				2.50 • 3.00	B	3				
(REWORKED CLAY)				-			i I	ŝ <sub>o -</sub>		
Construction of the second	Ĵ8						53 114			
3.50 - 4.10m Some rootlets and	9.2		1	3,50 - 4,00	.8	4	228			
occasional cobble size frequents of brick	42'18		4.10	4.00	Ŵ	11				
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many opportunities in the second s		<u> </u>	<u>8</u> 9	-	R	5	- 118, <sup>8</sup>			
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Stiff fissured thinly to thickly laminated grey	2	بتر تتر	4			ľ		-		
green very silty CLAY. Frequent shells and shell fragments		1.2.2	(13,40)	[			ļ			
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(OXFORD CLAY)		<u> </u>		7.50.400		,				
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C L Associates		1		s	Boreh	2 of 5					
Equipment & Methods As sheet 1	Location	No. S	269077 KERY S(	DUTH							
Cented out for A J Bull Ltd	Ground	lovel		Co As s	iheet 1	et 1					
en storigtion (s. e.)	Reduced	l annad	Depth		Samples	/Tests	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, e - ~			
	Level	eoficie	(Thick)	Depth	<u></u>	e No.	Test	Fie			
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CLAY (as Sheet 1)		ママー		_		12 9		58.5			
		-~ 	(13.40)	13.50 - 14	.00 8	12					
(OXFORD CLAY)		<u>ד ד</u>		<del>.</del>	. C. 89						
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	20.10		17,30	•		2					
	4			18.4	a 0x	15	:	<b>*</b>			
Grey green possibly interbedded SAND and CLAY							200				
(recovered as sandy clay) with bands of friable weakly camanian sandstone. Bara shall		-	644 101 - 101		100		38. 				
fragments.		·	(3,15)		1.00		n j	2			
(KELLAWAYS FORMATION)	· ·		Ē	-							
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r-	872 14			19.50 · 20	.00 B	16					
Remarks	5 200 e 3		2001 A 15 0	hard A. I	113 121 - 22	1250		2665			
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CL Associates	ίť.	2.	. °	Bor	eho	ehole No. BH3					
Equipment & Methods As sheet 1	Location Location	No. 2 ROOI	(ERY S	DUTH							
Carried out for A J Bull Ltd	Ground	Lovel		Coordina As shee	ites t 1	- - 	Data				
Description	Reduced Level	Legend	Depth (Thick)	Se Depth	nples/Tests Sample		Test	Field Recon			
Interbedded SAND and CLAY (as Sheet 2)			(3,15)	1							
KELLAWAYS FORMATION)	· .		20.45	-		L,					
State March 1995 - State	25,61	Et.	20.65	and the second	20 - S		18 - Sa 187				
- Bandhara Ali ang Ali ang			1 2010	21.00 - 21.50	e	17					
Stiff think to thickly laminated orey (1980)		67		N 5325							
slightly sandy CLAY with rare shell fragments.					112	1					
	10-3 45			Е			-				
KELLAWAYS FORMATION)			(0, 10)	-		<b>K</b> 8					
	<sup>52</sup> =		· · · · ·	22.50 - 23.00	В	18					
24 Hi 11					11			•			
Dark grey fine to medium grained muddy LIMESTONE with occasional shell fragments.							COUNT : 1				
Recovered as gravel size fragments. (CORNBRASH FORMATION)	22.48		23.60 (0.20p)	24.00	D	19 19	2				
BOREHOLE ENDS AT 24.00 m.		¥	24,00			а. Г	a) <sup>101</sup>				
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$\tilde{\delta}(x) = \left( \partial \xi(x) + \xi (1 e^{i \lambda} y) \right) + \left( \delta^2 \partial (2 e^{i \lambda} y) \right)$		e 10	8		101	.11					
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Notes:			- Jatiers	tee Figure 4	(0)	CLAS	sociates (Ver i	5.1)			

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	L Associates	: = _p '		B	orehole No.	BH3
		Loca	tion No. 26907 tion ROOKERY	7 SOUTH		
Carried out for A J Bull Ltd		Gro	und Level	Coon As sh	Anatos est 1	Dala
		COLUMN DESCRIPTION		0.0000		
Data Time	Water Level Observations Du Depth of Cepth of Depth to Hole Casing (m) (m)	ning Boring Remarks	Dept Hol	Hote Diamete e Hote )	ameter by Depth Table ar of Diameter of Casing	Depth of Casing (m)
11/11/09 12/11/99 09:00 12/11/99 11:200 15/11/99 11:30 15/11/99 18:00	7.00 · · 280 7.00 · 280 17.00 · 4.35 17.00 · 4.30 27.00 · 4.80 27.00 · 4.80	End of shift Start of shift, End of shift, Start of shift, End of shift,	17.00	200		
16/11/99 09:15 16/11/99 18:00	23.00 · 3.25 24.00 · 4.10	End of boring.				
Depth of Strike (m)	Casing . Date Depth (m)	W Time	ater Strike Table Post Strike Depth (m)	Minutes After Strike	Sealed at (m)	Remarks
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Depth r	elaled Remarks Table	<u> </u>	······································	
Tôp Depth (m)	Base Depth (m)	8	 R	Remarks		
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Type of instal	CL	Associates	Location No. 269077	Sheet 5 of 5		опз
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Carried out for A J Buill Ltd	894.) Subturk	Wall.	Ground Level	Coordinates	2 ¥ 2	Date
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Equipment & Methods	Location	No.	269077 (ERY 9	OUTH	12	4		2	E caseto		
Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m.	Cented out for AJ Bull Ltd										
Support used : None. Bachfill - Arleinne	Cented	put for 7	A J BUII	1 Ltd							
	Ground	Level		C	oordina	tes			Date		
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Description	Reduced	Legend	Depth			Sa	mple		Field Rec		
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Becoming more difficult to dig with depth.		.x_x.	pen)				Δ.				
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CID C L Associates					Shoet 1 of 1								
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Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 360 Excevelor Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m.	Location Location Carried o	No. 2 ROOM	69077 (ERY SC J Bull L	HTUC	H								
Backtia : Ansangs Support used : none	Ground L		Coordinat 501002.0	Date 11/11/99									
	43.571 //				240968.11 Ser	<u>Mm 00</u> T/zelon	es:s		[				
Description FACE A	Reduced Lovel	Legend	Depth (Thick)	D.	opth	San Type	No.	Tesi	Field Recor				
TOPSOIL	43,571		(1.50) 0.10				810.18 B	14 Contraction	10 IV				
standard barren i destru			en Se		8	: 225	181						
Soft orangish brown slightly sandy CLAY with a little rounded to subrounded fine to coarse gravel and frequent rootlets.	97. 19.		(1.10)		•		3 15539		-				
(Weathered OXFORD CLAY)													
<ul> <li>All Type Constraints and the second se</li></ul>	42.37		1.20										
			96 228		1.50			2					
					1,50								
Firm to stiff light grey mottled light brown slightly sandy locally sandy CLAY with occasional subrounded to subangular fine to medium oravel. Frequent rootlets.	: add		(1,60)										
(Weathered OXFORD CLAY)	19 <sup>93</sup> 1		» в	2		÷		•					
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a manadolo del sociali del 18	40.57		3.00										
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· · ·	10.	יד ד. ד_ד											
Firm friable thinly laminated dark green brown very silty CLAY with abundant shells and shell fragments.		ズ.ズ ズ.ズ ズ.ズ	(1,50 pen)										
(OXFORD CLAY)	55	<u>ד</u> ד דיד דיד							di na				
a in the same and the second		א.א. גיג זי די		-	•	5							
TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 4.50 m.	- 39.07		4.50	ŀ	4,50	В	2	23					
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Remarks			201 - 775 20	Skeld	h		Ā						
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Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 360 Excavator Pil dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m. Support used : None. Backfill : Arisings Description FACE A Frequent bricks and brick fregments	Location Location Carried ( 42.035 r Reduced Level 42.035	No, ROO out for Level mOD	Cepth (Thick)	OUTH Ltd So 244	ordinates 159,337 m 589,480 m Samples	E N Marit		Date 10/11/99
Description FACE A Frequent bricks and brick fragments	Ground 42.035 r Reduced Level 42.035	Level mOD Legend .XX. XX.	Depth (Thick)	Co 501 244	ordinatas 159.337 m 589.486 m Samples	E Y		Date 10/11/99
Description FACE A Frequent bricks and brick fragments	Reduced Level 42.035	Legend 	Depth (Thick)	2 <u></u>	Samples	Terle		
Frequent bricks and brick fragments	42.035	.x_x_ 		Depth	S	ingle	Test	Field f
		x.x. x.x. x.x. y -			-			
53 - 24 45 -		スス ズズ ズズ ズズ ズズ		-		10		-
Firm to sliff friable thinly laminated brown		ג ג ג ג ג ג		1.5	рв	1		1
becoming greenish brown very silty CLAY with abundant shells and shell fragments. Recovered as blocky fragments. Becoming difficult to dig with depth.	ar I	עע עע גע גע	(4.00 pen)			. 5.1		
OXFORD CLAY)		ג'ד. ד'ד. ד'ד.		- : - :	- -			- <sup>66</sup> 30 1722
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RIAL PIT ENDS AT 4.00 m.	38.04	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	4.00	4,00	В	2	• Teres 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
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Street 1 of 1       Encodement & Methods       Machine du pregrad 00 Eccaveire/ Perdimendors 1.20m by 400m. Support uses 1 None Back8 : Arkings       Description       Description       Reduced RecE A       Description       Reduced RecE A       Samples/Tests       Description       Reduced Legend       Description       Reduced RecE A       Statute       Open       Bandle       Construction No.       Description       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Open       Bandle       Construction       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Construction       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Reduced Legend       Construction       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Bandle       Construction       Reduced Legend       Deptin       Deptin       Deptin       Deptin       Deptin       Deptin       Dept	eld Recor
Equipment & Mathods Macrine and using 380 Essavets: This denotes 120 Seconds: Bigenetic action V & J Buil Ltd Consection V &	99 eld Recor
Machine age using using table transmitter	ield Recon
Support uses : None Backtil : Atkings       Carried out for A J Bull Ltd         Carried out for A J Bull Ltd       Ground Lawel       Coordinates Data Strifts 184 mE 10111 240728.374 mM       Data Strifts 184 mE 10111 240728.374 mM         Description FACE A       Reduced Lawel       Coordinates Data Sampler/Test       Data Sampler/Test       Test         MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig-ays sandy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.       31.600       Image: Sampler/Test       Fit         (3.10)	ield Recon
BackB : Arkings     Ground Lawel     Coordinates     Date       Description     Reduced     Legard     Depth     Sampler/Tests     101 IV       PACE A     31.600     Coordinates     Unit     Sampler/Tests     101 IV       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligi-wj.standy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     31.600     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cooble size brick fragments.     Image: Coordinates of the coarse gravel and cools gravel and cools gravel and cools gravel and coarse gravel a	ield Recor
Solition     Solition       Description     Reduced Level     Depth     Sampler Test     Interview       Description       Acce A       31.600 Mode       Description       PACE A       31.600 Mode       Description       Acce A       31.600 Mode       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligitary:       Sampler Test       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligitary:       Sampler Test       Sampler Test       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligitary:       Sampler Test       Sampler Test       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligitary:       Sampler Test       Colspan="2">Sampler Test       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown sligitary:       Sampler Test       (3.10       (3.10       Sampler Test       (3.10       Sampler Test       (3.10       Sampler Test       (3.10       Sampler Test   <	99 
Inscription     Reduced Legand     Depth Legand     Sampler/Tests     Fit       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig:	ield Recor
Description     Reduced Level     Legend     Depth (Thick)     Sample/Vests       MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig: 491: sandy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments. Occasional pockets of black organic matter.     31.600     Image: Comparison of the coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments. Occasional pockets of black organic matter.     (3.10)     Image: Comparison of the coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments.       Image: Comparison of the coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments.     Image: Coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments.     Image: Coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and coarse gravel and gravel and coarse gravel and gravel and coarse gravel and gravel and coarse gravel and coar	ield Recor
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MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig:wy: sandy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments. Doccasional pockets of black organic matter.       (3.10)         REWORKED CLAY)       2.00       B         Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very slig. CLAY thinly netrebedded with firm dark grey slightly sandy o sandy CLAY. Sitt and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments.       28.50         OXFORD CLAY)       3.10         TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m.       28.10	
MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig: 40; andy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and poble size brick fragments. Decasional pockets of black organic matter. REWORKED CLAY) Tim thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very slight grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Sitt and fine sand along some partings. Abundani shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10	
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AADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slig: any: andy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and sobble size brick fragments. Decasional pockets of black organic matter. REWORKED CLAY) Tirm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey lightly sandy very slity CLAY thinly interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Sitt and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. AB 1	
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Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Slit and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) IRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10 28.10 28.10 28.10 28.10	
Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Silt and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) IRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10	
Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Silt and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) IRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m.	
Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY. Slit and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) IRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10 28.10 28.10 28.10	
Firm thinly to thickly laminated dark grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly nerebedded with firm dark grey slightly sand; o sandy CLAY, Silt and fine sand along some partings. Abundant shells and shell fragments. OXFORD CLAY) IRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10 2	
slightly sandy very silty CLAY thinly         interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;         o sandy CLAY. Slit and fine sand along some         bartings. Abundant shells and shell fragments.         OXFORD CLAY)         TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m.	
Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.10         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.50       3.40         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.10       3.40         Interbedded with firm dark grey slightly sand;       28.10       3.50	
OXFORD CLAY)	
OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28.10 28.10 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.5	
OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m. 28,10 28,10 3.50	
TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.50 m.	
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11/02/00 12:41:18	Logged I PAC Scale 1:25 Figure

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Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 360 Excavator Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m. Support used : None. Back/II : Arisings	Location Location Location Carried o	No. 2 ROOH ui tor A	69077 (ERY SOL J Buil Ltd	нтı t					
	Ground 1 29.911 m	level GOD	<u></u>	Coordin 501159, 240964,	ates 390 mE 297 mN		Date 09/11/09		
Description	Reduced Level	Legend	Dapth (Thick)	S: Depth	Samples/Tests	Tesi	Field Recon		
	29,911						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			1						
MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slightly sandy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments intermixed with firm grey very silty clay. Abundant shells and shell fragments.			(2.00)	1.00	В 1				
(REWORKED CLAY)						1 13 14			
••••	27.91		2.00 -						
Firm thinly laminated grey slightly sandy very slity CLAY with abundant shells and shell (ragments. (OXFORD CLAY)		x.x. x.x. x.x. x.x. x.x. x.x.	(1.00 pen)	a na o			40 A C+		
4 E		بتركتر	] _ [	3,00	8 2		a 24		
TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.00 m.	20.91			27 AN 174344	-	Selected	ês pi		
	2.5	3							
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				-33 -44					
	1			n an		en bezar benañ			
Remarks Slability : Stable				Skotch		B	Deg.> PAC Scale		

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CID CLAssociates		•••••			I Pi	t N	o. Ti	P12			
Equipment & Mathods Machine dug using 360 Excevator Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m. Support used : None.	Location Location Carried o	No. 2 ROOI	269077 KERY SC A J Bull t	OUTH Ltd							
Backfill : Arisings	Ground Level 29.002 mOD		1 12-2-35	Coordinates 501526.452 mE 240830.456 mN				Data 99/11/99			
Description EACE A	Reduced	Legend	Depth (Thick)	San Depth	Sar	esis nple	Test	Field Records			
	29.002		5.5	9 		0	1 - 12 1 - 12 1 - 12				
MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slightly sandy clay with some fine to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments intermixed with firm grey very silly clay with abundant shells and shell fragments.			(1.90)	Reiter ne po <sub>lat</sub>	8	8 g	1997 1997 1997				
(REWORKED CLAY)	4 8 1 <sup>3</sup> 6 - 1				8 1917 -	- X. 	1. 22 3. 225				
Firm thinly laminated grey slightly sandy very silty CLAY with abundant shells and shell fragments.	27.10		1,90 (1,10 pen)	-	8 G		9				
(OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.00 m.	26.00		3.00	3.00	8	2		4			
							17				
		, * Jer				19 14		s (2)			
Remarks				Sketch				Logged by			
Slability : Stable.		¥ 3			D (c) (	A C CLAS	B sociales (Ver	eg.> PAC Scale 1:25 Figure 6.1)			

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	C L Associates			Trial Pit No. TP12
		Location No. Location RO	269077 OKERY SOUTH	
	//	Carried out for	A J Bull Ltd	1
	k Sy."	Ground Level		Coordinates
			2	As sheet 1 .
p	A 100-401 - 200			aler x
<u>_</u>	Water Level Observations During Boring			
Date Time	Hole Casing Water Remark (m) (m) (m)	ks		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
{ <u>09/11/99*[11];00*</u> ]	3.00•1.90 _Slight ingres	<u>.                                    </u>		
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				The second of the
		٠		-19
				82 (1317 - <sub>1211</sub> 75
	8			
		23		sata en <sup>12</sup> i s
			1117 - 24 <sub>16</sub>	
			1	
	4: 	end a	can X reput	$\mu^{2}=(a^{2}a_{1},\ldots,a^{2}a_{n})$ and $\mu$ on the $\beta$ - $(a^{2}a_{1},\ldots,a^{2}a_{n})$ is the reduct $(a^{2}a_{1},\ldots,a^{2}a_{n})$
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		10	Y. Carlor	1.15 A.C. 2.1
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C E Associates				Sheet	1 of 1	8		
Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 360 Excavator Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m. Succort used : None.	Location Location Carried (	No. ROOI	269077 KERY SO A J Bull Lt	UTH d				Nav St
Backfill : Artsings	Ground 31,711	Levsi mOD		Coordina 501276. 240843.	stes 974 mE 869 mN			Date 10/11/99
Description	Reduced Level	Lagend	Depth (Thick)	S: Depth	Imples/T	nple	Test	- Field R
MADE GROUND: Soft to firm grey brown slightly sandy clay with a little angular to subangular fine to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments. Frequent pockets of soft orange brown clay and firm friable greenish brown clay. (REWORKED CLAY)	31.711		(3.00)	1.50	8			
Firm friable thinly laminated dark greenish brown very sitty CLAY with abundant shells and shell fragments. (OXFORD CLAY) TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.30 m.	28.71		3.00 (0.30 pen) 3.30	3.30		2		
Remarks Stability : Stable.				Skeich .	D (c	A C C	B 270	<u>+Oes</u> - I Sc /er 6.1)

CD CL Associates					Tria Sheet	al P	it N	lo. 1	ſP14
Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 360 Excavator Pit dimensions 1.20m by 4.00m.	Location Location	ойтн	н						
Support used : None. Backlill : Arisings	Carried o	out for a	a j Bull I	Ltđ					1 to 1
	Ground   34.468 r		Coordine 501485.8 240858.3	Date 10/11/99					
Description FACE A	Reduced Level	Legend	Depth (Thick)	Dej	Sar sih	Sai	Testa mple	Test	Field Reco
	34.468	***				1000	140.	- <u></u>	
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		****	F						
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		****	ł			1			
MADE GROUND: Firm grey brown clay with a little angular to subangular fine to coarse gravel and obble size brick fragments intermixed with firm dark greenish brown clay and firm blue grey very silty clay. Occasional ockets of very soft orange brown clay.			(4.70 pen)	• •>< >>	*******			œ	
REWORKED CLAY)		****							0.0
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		****	Ē	•				(a) (b)	10
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		88	F					straight d	<ul> <li><sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
		XX.	F	9					
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- 201 - 201 - 10 - 402			, <b>.</b>		0 6.E	2.00	2	1.0.00	
	l i		È				1	8	
		**	Ē	4.	50	в	2		
			ł						
RIAL PIT ENDS AT 4.70 m.	29.77		4.70		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		-	.12	· · · ·
			ŧ			2.0			50 G
emarks	designed.			Skeich					Logged b
lability : Stable.		- 3			b	1	4	B 070 De	A.S. PAC
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		0.	, L_	-		-	· ·		Figure
				2		(c) Ç (	. Asso	ciates (Ver 6	5.1)

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C L Associates					Sheet 1	of 2	ä.,	di p	
Equipment & Methods Machine dug using 380 Excevator Pit dimensions 1,20m by 4,00m.	Location Location	No. 2 ROOI	269077 KERY S A J Bull	OUTH Ltd					
Sopport used . Hone. Backfill : Arisings	Ground	d Level			Coordinates 501280,016 mE			Ť.	Date 10/11/99
	20,3131		2020 2010		240901.8 Sat	98 mN			-
Description FACE A	Reduced Level	Legend	Depth (Thick)	D	epth	Sai Type	No,	Tesi	Field Rec
	28,513					×3		201	
a sector of a			1000	F			_31		
244 = 51	30	$\bigotimes$	81.00				Ì		
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and the second second second				F					
$eq:started_startes$	Sinc		$\frac{1}{2} \otimes \mathbb{R}$	- F	1 T	-12	-	12.4.4	1
MADE GROUND: Firm grey brown clay with a little	$S_{\rm N} = 0.5$		85	1					
angular to subangular line to coarse gravel and cobble size brick fragments and firm friable	• 11			ŀ					
greenish brown clay fragments intermixed with	1		(2.80)	ŧ					
firm blue grey very silly clay. Occasional	10.12			F	$\epsilon \sim 1$	÷.,	22		
Poendie of this officially promitings	21 M	$\bigotimes$	а.	2822				ŀ	
(REWORKED CLAY)	a ser		5 B	Ē		1000			30
· · ·		$\otimes$		Ł	2.00	8	1		
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a - 12 - 13				r F				1	
S. 1 5 1	1			:				1	1
5 <sup>10</sup> 10 10 10	25.71	<u></u>	2.60	F					
Firm friable thinly laminated dark greenish				- -			1 .		_
shell fragments.	30	<b>x</b> x	(0.50 pen)	F			1		
OXEORD CLAYL	3 	<u> </u>	hquit.	Ł				ан (т. 1997) С	55
TRIAL PIT ENDS AT 3.30 m.	25,21		3.30	2	3,30		2		
and the second second second second		- 58		É			1		
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Romarks				Sketch		1			Logges
Stability : Stable.			1.1			D	A	B 020	Deg. PAC
- Andrew Sciences	14						<u>C</u> .	×	Scale
<ol> <li>A. K. Marson, M. &amp; Marson, M. M. Starter, and S. S. Sarter, Nucl. Phys. Rev. Lett. 70, 111 (1997).</li> </ol>							-		1:25 Figure
<ul> <li>A set of the set of</li></ul>	1				•	(c)	CLAs	sociates (V	er 6.1)
and the second		-				2.0	<u></u>	102/00 12	

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CD CL Associates		THAI PILINO. 1P15
	Location No. 289077 Location ROOKERY SOUTH Cerried out for AJ Bull Ltd	Sneel 2 0! 2
50 AL 01	Ground Level	Coordinates Date
Water Level Observations During Boring		
Date         Time         Hole         Casing         Water         Remain           (m)         (m) <t< td=""><td>rku 88</td><td></td></t<>	rku 88	
	S. 15	
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# **APPENDIX 5**

www.peterbrett.com





## Certificate of Analysis Certificate Number 14-21463

01-Dec-14

Client Peter Brett Associates Caversham Bridge House Waterman Place Reading Berkshire RG1 8DN

- Our Reference 14-21463
- Client Reference 31116
  - Contract Title Millbrook
  - Description 11 Water samples.
  - Date Received 24-Nov-14
  - Date Started 24-Nov-14
- Date Completed 01-Dec-14

Test Procedures Identified by prefix DETSn (details on request).

*Notes* Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. Observations and interpretations are outside the scope of ISO 17025. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

Approved By

PLA.

Rob Brown Business Manager





			Lab No	736465	736466	736467	736468	736469	736470
				West					
		Sa	mple ID	Ditch	ROOK N	ROOK S	BH103	BH206	BH5
			Depth	210011			5.1200	2.1200	5.10
			Other ID						
		Sam	nle Type	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
		Sampl	ing Date	19/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	19/11/14
		Sampli	ing Time	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Test	Method	LOD	Units	, 0	, 0	, 0	, 0	, 0	, 0
Metals			00						
Antimony, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.17	ug/l	0.62	0.33	0.36	1.6	2.4	0.42
Arsenic. Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.16	ug/l	0.87	0.77	0.28	1.2	1.5	0.78
Barium. Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.26	ug/l	18	14	12	120	71	91
Bervllium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306*	0.1	ug/l	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Boron	DETSC 2123	100	ug/l	310	920	670	2600	2100	960
Cadmium Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.03	ω <u>σ</u> /Ι	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.05	< 0.03
Chromium Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.05	ισ/I	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	< 0.05
Copper Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.23	ug/l	2.25	0.20	1.8	0.6	2 1	11
Iron Dissolved	DETSC 2306	55	ισ/I	26	70	19	47	290	30
Lead Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.09	ισ/I	0 14	0 17	< 0.09	0 14	0.65	0 10
Manganese Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.05	ισ/I	4 4	1 7	10	82	26	440
Mercury Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.22	ισ/I	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Molyhdenum Dissolved	DETSC 2306	1.05	ισ/I	< 1.1	< 1.1	1 1	2 2	43	11
Nickel Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.5	ισ/I	2.4	0.6	4.6	< 0.5	2.7	1 9
Potassium Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.5	mg/l	6.5	18	4.0 17	20	10	1.5
Selenium Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.08	111g/1	0.5	0.71	0.32	< 0.25	1.2	0 4 2
Vanadium Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.25	ug/i	< 0.70	< 0.6	< 0.52	17	2.2	< 0.42
	DETSC 2306	1 25	ug/i	28.4	22.5	11 /	226	68.6	58.5
Inorganics	DE13C 2300	1.25	ug/i	20.4	22.5	11.4	220	00.0	50.5
Conductivity		1	u\$/cm	831	2250	1720	4580	2720	2/00
Total Biochemical Oxygen Demand	DETSC 2003	1	mg/l	2.2	1 2	< 1.0	3 2	11	2430
Total Chemical Oxygen Demand	DETSC 2031	10	mg/l	2.2	1.2	21	1300	1600	0.4 000
Cvanide total	DETSC 2032	40	ug/l	< 10	< 40	< 10	- 40	< 40	/ 10
Dissolved Oxygen	DETSC 2049*	0 1	mg/l	11 2	11 5	11 /	< 40 6 4	< <del>4</del> 0	1 5
Suspended Solids	DETSC 2048	0.1	mg/l	50	20	11.4	21000	100000	78000
Total Dissolved Solids	DETSC 2034	5	mg/l	550	1800	1200	21000	1200	1800
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	DETSC 2000	0.015	mg/l	0.040	20	0.070	0.01	1 2	1000
Chloride	DETSC 2055	0.013	mg/l	50	67	21	1200	560	0.55
Nitrate as NO3	DETSC 2055	0.1	mg/l	74	< 0.10	0.23	0.35	0.21	0.63
Total Phosphate	DETSC 22055	0.1	mg/l	210	300	200	260	220	200
Sulphate as SOA	DETSC 2055	0.01	mg/l	150	1/00	880	510	560	1000
Total Organic Carbon	DETSC 2033	0.1	mg/l	130	6 7	000	150	150	51
	DE13C 2033	Z	iiig/i	9.4	0.7	14	150	150	51
	DETSC 2211	10	ug/I	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
EPH (C12-C16)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/i	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10 50	< 10
EPH (C16 C21)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/i	< 10	> 10	< 10 21	20	59	120
EDH (C21-C22)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/1	< 10 < 10	0C 11	1C 22	59	520	120
EDH (C22-C25)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/1	<b>رد</b> 10 >	42 ED	55	27	1200	040
EDH (C35-C40)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/1	23 - 10	5Z	44 ~ 10	23 - 10	- 10	040 < 10
	DE13C 3311	10	ug/I	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
r Alio									



			Lab No	736465	736466	736467	736468	736469	736470
				West					
		Sa	mple ID	Ditch	ROOK N	ROOK S	BH103	BH206	BH5
			Depth						
		(	Other ID						
		Sam	ole Type	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
		Sampl	ing Date	19/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	19/11/14
		Sampli	ng Time	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Test	Method	LOD	Units						
Naphthalene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.03	0.02	0.03	< 0.01	0.49	< 0.01
Acenaphthylene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Acenaphthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Fluorene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.39	0.04
Phenanthrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.024	< 0.010	0.013	0.024	1.3	0.019
Anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.06	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01	3.4	0.04
Pyrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.05	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.03	9.8	0.02
Benzo(a)anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Chrysene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.04	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Benzo(a)pyrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.04	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	DETSC 3304*	0.01	ug/l	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	DETSC 3304*	0.01	ug/l	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.05	< 0.01
РАН	DETSC 3304	0.04	ug/l	0.38	< 0.04	0.05	0.07	15	0.12
Phenols									
Phenol	*	0.5	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	I/S	< 0.50



	Lab No			736471	736472	736473	736474	736475
	Sample ID			BH6	BH105B	BH104	BH12	BH102
	Depth							
		(	Other ID					
		Sam	ple Type	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
		Sampl	ing Date	19/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14
		Sampli	ing Time	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Test	Method	LOD	Units					
Metals								
Antimony, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.17	ug/l	0.47	1.5	0.20	0.34	1.0
Arsenic, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.16	ug/l	0.44	2.7	0.75	0.38	0.58
Barium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.26	ug/l	99	190	11	25	270
Beryllium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306*	0.1	ug/l	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Boron	DETSC 2123	100	ug/l	980	1900	2000	1100	200
Cadmium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.03	ug/l	< 0.03	0.06	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.03
Chromium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.25	ug/l	0.40	< 0.25	< 0.25	< 0.25	0.33
Copper, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.4	ug/l	1.8	1.0	1.5	1.3	2.0
Iron, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	5.5	ug/l	13	110	38	72	37
Lead, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.09	ug/l	0.12	0.20	< 0.09	0.12	0.10
Manganese, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.22	ug/l	310	580	12	18	410
Mercury, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Molybdenum, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	1.05	ug/l	5.5	2.9	< 1.1	20	13
Nickel, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.5	ug/l	3.8	12	3.3	9.0	14
Potassium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.08	mg/l	12	33	9.4	15	16
Selenium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.25	ug/l	0.51	0.67	< 0.25	1.4	0.59
Vanadium, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	0.6	ug/l	< 0.6	1.7	< 0.6	< 0.6	< 0.6
Zinc, Dissolved	DETSC 2306	1.25	ug/l	26.9	107	20.0	25.8	105
Inorganics		I I	0,	1	I	1		
Conductivity	DETSC 2009	1	uS/cm	2370	3850	2820	2890	1990
Total Biochemical Oxygen Demand	DETSC 2031	1	, mg/l	16	3.2	< 1.0	5.3	15
Total Chemical Oxygen Demand	DETSC 2032	10	mg/l	1000	470	14	410	470
Cyanide total	DETSC 2130	40	ug/l	< 40	< 40	< 40	< 40	< 40
Dissolved Oxygen	DETSC 2048*	0.1	mg/l	9.6	9.9	11.3	10.6	10.7
Suspended Solids	DETSC 2034	5	mg/l	28000	15000	46	11000	27000
Total Dissolved Solids	DETSC 2035	5	mg/l	1900	2900	1900	2000	1900
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	DETSC 2207	0.015	mg/l	0.50	0.87	0.73	0.16	0.17
Chloride	DETSC 2055	0.1	mg/l	470	240	360	200	36
Nitrate as NO3	DETSC 2055	0.1	mg/l	81	0.25	0.27	37	4.4
Total Phosphate	DETSC 2205*	0.01	mg/l	230	230	340	170	290
Sulphate as SO4	DETSC 2055	0.1	mg/l	240	1600	560	1000	1000
Total Organic Carbon	DETSC 2033	2	mg/l	310	160	4.9	180	220
Petroleum Hydrocarbons								
EPH (C10-C12)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/l	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
EPH (C12-C16)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/l	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	160
EPH (C16-C21)	DFTSC 3311	10	ug/l	25	17	14	18	730
EPH (C21-C28)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/l	< 10	29	19	18	370
EPH (C28-C35)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/l	< 10	42	26	32	110
EPH (C35-C40)	DETSC 3311	10	ug/l	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
PAHs			~0/ <sup>1</sup>	- 20	- 20			. 20



	Lab No		736471	736472	736473	736474	736475	
	Sample ID			BH6	BH105B	BH104	BH12	BH102
			Depth					
			Other ID					
		Sam	ple Type	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
		Sampl	ing Date	19/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14	18/11/14
		Sampl	ing Time	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Test	Method	LOD	Units					
Naphthalene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Acenaphthylene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Acenaphthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Fluorene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Phenanthrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.025	< 0.010	0.011	< 0.010	0.018
Anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.02	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.02
Pyrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.06
Benzo(a)anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chrysene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	0.02	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Benzo(a)pyrene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	DETSC 3304*	0.01	ug/l	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	DETSC 3304	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	DETSC 3304*	0.01	ug/l	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
РАН	DETSC 3304	0.04	ug/l	0.15	0.07	< 0.04	< 0.04	0.10
Phenols								
Phenol	*	0.5	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50



## Information in Support of the Analytical Results

*Our Ref* 14-21463 *Client Ref* 31116 *Contract* Millbrook

## **Containers Received & Deviating Samples**

				-	
Lab No	Sample ID	Sampled	<b>Containers Received</b>	tests	tests
736465	West Ditch WATER	19/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736466	ROOK N WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736467	ROOK S WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736468	BH103 WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736469	BH206 WATER	18/11/14	PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	Chromium, Naphthalene, PAH MS,
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	Phenols MS, EPH
736470	BH5 WATER	19/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736471	BH6 WATER	19/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736472	BH105B WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736473	BH104 WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736474	BH12 WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	
736475	BH102 WATER	18/11/14	GB 1L x2, PB 1L	BOD (2 days), Dissolved Oxygen (2	
				days), Nitrate as NO3 (2 days)	

Key: G-Glass P-Plastic B-Bottle

DETS cannot be held responsible for the integrity of samples received whereby the laboratory did not undertake the sampling. In this instance samples received may be deviating. Deviating Sample criteria are based on British and International standards and laboratory trials in conjunction with the UKAS note 'Guidance on Deviating Samples'. All samples received are listed above. However, those samples that have additional comments in relation to hold time and/or inappropriate containers are deviating due to the reasons stated. This means that the analysis is accredited where applicable, but results may be compromised due to sample deviations. If no sampled date (soils) or date+time (waters) has been supplied then samples are deviating. However, if you are able to supply a sampled date (and time for waters) this will prevent samples being reported as deviating where specific hold times are not exceeded and where the container supplied is suitable.

#### Disposal

From the issue date of this test certificate, samples will be held for the following times prior to disposal :-Soils - 1 month, Liquids - 2 weeks, Asbestos (test portion) - 6 months

## 1 Introduction

A Tier 2 Risk Assessment is a quantitative assessment using published (generic) criteria to "screen" the site-specific contamination testing data and identify potential hazards to specific receptors.

The aim of this document is to present an explanation for the selection of the assessment criteria routinely used by PBA when undertaking a Tier 2 risk assessment. This document is divided into general introductory text and sections on soils, waters and soil gases. This document should be read in conjunction with another entitled "PBA Methodology for Assessment of Land Contamination" which summarises the legislative regime and our approach to ground contamination and risk assessment.

## 2 General Notes

Any deviation from the routine criteria and/or selection of criteria for parameters not covered in this document will be described in the report text. The report will also comment on the appropriateness of the routine criteria for project objectives or ground conditions.

Any PBA interpretation of contamination test results is based on a scientific and engineering appraisal. The perceptions of, for example, banks, insurers, lay people etc are not taken into account.

Any tables included in this document are produced for ease of reference to the criteria, they do not in any way replace the documents of origin (which are fully referenced) and which should be read to ensure appropriate use and interpretation of the data.

SGV/GAC provide an aid to decision-making, but they do not replace the need for sound professional judgement in risk assessment (EA, 2006b).

## 3 Criteria for Assessing Soil Results

#### 3.1 Potential Harm to Human Health

Defra has yet to produce a comprehensive list of assessment criteria that on its own, would be sufficient to enable the assessment of the potential risks posed by soil contaminants (to A number of industry-driven human health). generate initiatives have developed to contaminated land assessment criteria. This has led to the publication of a series of non-statutory non-Governmental contaminated land assessment criteria. It should be noted that the published DEFRA guidance is also non-statutory.

The criteria routinely used by PBA as Tier 2 soil screening values for the protection of human

health are the Governmental Soil Guidance Values (SGVs) and various non-Governmental Generic Assessment Criteria (GAC), these criteria are presented in Table 1.

Both the Governmental and non Governmental sets of criteria have been generated using the Contaminated Land Exposure Assessment model (CLEA) and supporting technical guidance (EA, 2009a, 2009b, 2009c).

PBA has reviewed these publications and consider that the non-Governmental criteria are authoritative and robust, and therefore we will refer to such criteria until such time that DEFRA derive and publish Governmental SGVs to replace the non Governmental GACs.

It is important to note that because the GACs are not published by the UK Government, they may be subject to challenge by a regulatory body or their representative. If the use of the GACs is challenged, it may be necessary to carry out modelling to generate site-specific assessment criteria.

#### Soil Guideline Values (SGVs) - Governmental

The first series of SGVs were generated using a probabilistic version of the CLEA model. However, on 22 July 2008 DEFRA announced the withdrawal of these SGVs and revised SGVs have been calculated using a fully deterministic version of the CLEA model.

The CLEA model has been developed to calculate a tolerable daily soil intake (TDSI) using a set of ten exposure pathways (Ingestion (outdoor soil, indoor dust, homegrown vegetables and soil attached to homegrown vegetables), Dernmal Contact (outdoor soil and indoor dust) and Inhalation (outdoor dust, indoor dust, outdoor vapours and indoor vapours)). There are exposure pathways not included in the CLEA model such as the permeation of organics into plastic water supply pipes.

The presence and/or significance of each of the potential exposure pathways is dependant on the land use being considered. The model uses standard land use scenarios as follows:-

**Residential** – habitation of a dwelling up to two storeys high with various default material and design parameters, access to either private or nearby community open space with soil track back to form indoor dust. Assumes ingestion of homegrown produce.

**Allotments** – the model has default parameters for use and consumption of vegetables but not animals or their products (eggs).

*Industrial/commercial* – assumes office or light physical work in a permanent three storey structure with breaks taken outside and that the site is NOT covered in hardstanding

Generic Assessment Criteria (GAC) - Non

## Governmental

SGVs generated for organic compounds are dependent on the amount of organic matter present in the soil as organic matter acts to immobilise organic contaminants. The SGVs for BTEX compounds and phenol assume that the 'host' soil has 6% organic matter. UK soils often have organic matter concentrations below 6% and that it may therefore not be conservative to use the published SGVs when assessing the potential risks from these chemicals. The on-line Contaminated Land Strategies Digest (CLSD) formed a consortium of ten practitioners (including representatives from local authorities), to prepare generic assessment criteria for a number of contaminants at more conservative organic matter contents of 1% and 3% for the same end uses. The consortium also reproduced the SGVs using the EA's latest CLEA model and latest CLEA guidance and PBA independently verified the results published using CLEA v1.06. These criteria will be used by PBA where appropriate.

In addition the CLSD consortium derived GACs for selected substances for an additional end use, that being residential without plant uptake (CLSD, 2009).

In July 2009, GAC for 82 substances were published by the Chartered Institute of Environmental Health (CIEH) (LQM and CIEH, 2009) using the then current version of the CLEA software v1.04. These GAC replace those generated in 2006 using the original version of the model CLEA UK *beta*.

In January 2010, GAC for 35 substances were published by the Environmental Industries Commission (EIC), Association of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Specialists (AGS) and Contaminated Land: Applications in Real Environments (CL:AIRE), (CL:AIRE, 2010) using the then current version of the CLEA software v1.05. These substances are more rarely found to be contaminants of concern during contaminated land investigations and hence are not routinely tested for. The CL:AIRE GAC are not reproduced in Table 1 but may be utilised as required.

**Note on Appropriate Use of SGV/GAC** The SGVs and GACs generated using the CLEA model are based on numerous and complex assumptions. The appropriateness of these assumptions in a site-specific context requires confirmation on a project by project basis.

In general, SGVs/GACs have been developed using highly conservative assumptions and exceedance does not indicate that a site is statutorily contaminated and/or necessarily unsuitable for use in the planning context. Current guidance (Defra 2012) provides new clarity on the assessment of risk where soil concentrations exceed the SGV. The guidance introduces a four stage classification system where Category 1 sites are obviously contaminated and Category 4 sites uncontaminated as defined by EPA 1990. Outside of these categories further specific risk assessment is required to determine if the site should fall into Category 2 contaminated or category 3 uncontaminated. Category 4 screening values are considered to be more pragmatic than the current published SGV/GAC criteria but still strongly precautionary with the aim of allowing rapid identification of sites where the risk is above minimal but still low/acceptable (within the context of Part 2A).

At the end of 2013 technical guidance in support of Defra's revised Statutory Guidance (SG) was published (CL:AIRE 2013) which provided:

• A methodology for deriving C4SLs for four generic land-uses comprising residential, commercial, allotments and public open space (POS); and

• A demonstration of the methodology, via the derivation of C4SLs for six substances – arsenic, benzene, benzo(a)pyrene, cadmium, chromium (VI) and lead.

The C4SL tables for each of the six substances are reproduced as Tables 6 to 11 in this document. For all tables HCV refers to Health Criteria Value and LLTC Low Level of Toxicological Concern.

A letter from Lord de Mauley dated 3<sup>rd</sup> September 2014 provides more explicit direction to local authorities on the use of the C4SL in a planning context. The letter identifies four key points:

1) that the screening values were developed expressly with the planning regime in mind

2) their use is recommended in DCLG's planning guidance

3) soil concentrations below a C4SL limit are considered to be 'definitely not contaminated' under Part IIA of the 1990 Environmental Protection Act and pose at most a 'low level of toxicological concern' and

4) exceedance of a C4SL screening value does not mean that land is definitely contaminated, just that further investigation may be warranted.

PBA will use the criteria for lead and may use the other criterion, depending on site specific conditions.

Note on Mercury, Chromium and Arsenic Assessment The analytical testing routinely undertaken by PBA determines total concentration, however, the toxicity depends on the form of the contaminant (species).

If a source of Mercury, Chromium or Arsenic is identified or the total concentration exceeds the relevant worst case speciated criteria it will be desirable/necessary to undertake additional speciated testing and further assessment.

**Note on Lead** The published SGV for lead was withdrawn and not replaced. The lowest C4SL for each end use scenario will be used.

## **Note on Asbestos**

Asbestos in soil and made ground is currently under review by a number of bodies. There are no current published guidance values for asbestos in soil other than the waste classification values given in the EA's Technical Guidance WM2, Hazardous Waste – Interpretation of the definition and classification of hazard waste (3d Edition, 2013). This guidance is only appropriate for soils that are being discarded as waste.

Testing for asbestos will be carried out on selected samples of made ground encountered during investigation, initially samples will be subjected to an asbestos screen and, if asbestos is found to be present, subjected to quantification. The reader is directed to the report text for guidance on the approach adopted in respect to any asbestos found to be present. Further guidance is also available in the 2014 CIRIA publication C733, Asbestos in soil and made ground: a guide to understanding and managing risks..

## 3.2 Potential Harm to the Built Environment

Land contamination can pose risks to buildings, building materials and services (BBM&S) in a number of ways. Volatile contaminants and gases can accumulate and cause explosion or fire. Foundations and buried services can be damaged by corrosive substances and contaminants such as steel slags can create unstable ground conditions through expansion causing structural damage. PBA use the following primary guidance to assess the significance of soil chemistry with respect to its potential to harm the built environment.

- Approved Document C Site Preparation and Resistance to Contaminants and Moisture. (DCLG 2010);
- ii) Concrete in aggressive ground SD1 (BRE 2005);
- iii) Guidance for the selection of water supply pipes to be used in brownfield sites (UKWIR 2011);
- iv) Protocols published by agreement between Water UK and the Home Builders Federation providing supplementary guidance which includes the Risk Assessment for Water Pipes (the 'RA') (Water UK 2014).
- v) Performance of Building Materials in Contaminated Land report BR255 (BRE 1994).
- vi) Risks of Contaminated Land to Buildings,

Building Materials and Services. A Literature Review - Technical Report P331 (EA 2000).

vii) Guidance on assessing and managing risks to buildings from land contamination - Technical Report P5 035/TR/01 (EA 2001).

### 3.3 Potential to Harm Ecosystems, Animals, Crops etc

The criteria routinely used by PBA as Tier 2 screening values to assess the potential of soil chemistry to harm ecosystems are taken from the following guidance and summarised in are given in Table 2.

- i) Ecological Risk Assessment (ERA) Science Report Series SC070009, published by the Environment Agency, Bristol (EA, 2008);
- ii) The Restoration and Aftercare of Metalliferous Mining Sites for Pasture and Grazing (ICRCL 70/90, 1990); and
- iii) Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (DOE, 2006).
- iv) BS 3882:2007 Specification for topsoil and requirements for use. Unless stated in the report the assessment is solely for phytotoxic parameters and additional assessment is required to determine suitability as a growing medium.

## 4 Criteria for Assessing Liquid Results

### 4.1 Potential Harm to Human Health

The criteria routinely used by PBA as Tier 2 water screening values (Table 3) are taken from the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations (Defra 2010). It should be noted that some of the prescribed concentrations listed in the Water Supply Regulations have been set for reasons other than their potential to cause harm to human health. The concentrations of iron and manganese are controlled because they may taint potable water with an undesirable taste, odour or colour or may potentially deposit precipitates in water supply pipes.

## 4.2 Potential to Harm Controlled Waters

Controlled Waters are rivers, estuaries, coastal waters, lakes and groundwaters. Water in the unsaturated zone is not groundwater but does come within the scope of the term "ground waters" as used and defined in the Water Resources Act 1991. It will continue to be a technical decision for the Environment Agency to determine what is groundwater in certain circumstances for the purposes of the Regulations. The approach adopted by PBA considers the objectives of the Water Framework Directive (WFD) and the Groundwater Daughter Directive (GWDD) (refer to PBA Methodology).

When assessing ground condition data the aim is to identify whether there could be an environmentally significant input to groundwater. An environmentally insignificant input into groundwater would be one that could not have any effect on (i) any of the receptors noted in the Water Framework/GWDD definition of pollution (ii) the chemical status of a groundwater body; or (iii) could give rise to a significant and sustained rising trend in the concentrations of pollutants in groundwater as noted in those directives. PBA uses the approach presented in Groundwater Protection Policy and Practice (GP3) (EA 2013). The criteria routinely used by PBA as Tier 2 screening values (Tables 3, 4 and 5) are taken from directions to the Environment Agency (EA Reference is also made to Directive 2010). 2013/39/EU (12 August 2013) amending Directives 2000/60/EC and 2008/105/EC as regards priority substances in the field of water While the Directive has yet to be policy. transposed, it is intended that the standards it sets will apply for the purposes of the second cycle of river basin plans.

2014 Water Framework The Directive implementation in England and Wales: new and updated standards to protect the water environment - Directions to the Environment Agency relating to the Groundwater Directive (Directive 2006/118/EC) informs interested parties of the new and updated environmental standards to be used in the second cycle of Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) river basin management planning process in England and Wales. It also presents new and updated assessment criteria for biological elements that must be monitored to assess the ecological status of surface water bodies. This document does not cover any standards and biological assessment criteria that are unchanged for second cycle. The document should be read alongside the draft updated Ministerial Guidance to the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales on River Basin Management Planning which refers to the standards in Chapter 9. The relevant Directions to the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales (referred to hereafter as the Agencies) will be updated to give legal effect to the standards (currently not updated).

## 5 Criteria for Assessing Gas Results

PBA use the following primary guidance on gas monitoring methods and strategy, the assessment of risk posed by soil gases (including Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)) and mitigation measures/risk reduction during site development.

- i) BS 8576:2013 Guidance on Ground Gas Investigations: Permanent gases and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). (BSI 2013)
- ii) A pragmatic approach to Ground Gas Risk Assessment. CL:AIRE Research Bulletin RB17 (Card 2012)
- iii) The VOCs Handbook. C682 (CIRIA 2009).
- iv) Assessing risks posed by hazardous gases to buildings C665 (CIRIA 2007);
- v) Guidance on evaluation of development proposals on sites where methane and carbon dioxide are present. (NHBC 2007); and
- vi) Code of practice for the characterization and remediation from ground gas in affected developments BS 8485 (BSI 2007)

Gas and borehole flow data are used to obtain the gas screening value (GSV) for methane and carbon dioxide. The GSV is used to establish the characteristic situation and to make recommendations for gas protection measures for buildings if required.

#### Radon

PBA use the following primary guidance to assess the significance of the radon content of soil gas.

- Radon: guidance on protective measures for new dwellings. Report BR211 (BRE, 2007); and
- ii) Radon Atlas of England, R290 (NRPB, 1996).

## 6 References

- BRE (2005) Concrete in aggressive ground.Special Digest 1, Building Research Establishment, Garston, Herts.
- BRE (2007) Radon: guidance on protective measures for new dwellings. Report BR211, Building Research Establishment, Garston, Herts.
- BSI (2007) BS 8485:2007 Code of practice for the characterization and remediation from ground gas in affected developments. British Standards Institute, London.
- BSI (2011) BS10175:2011 +A1:2013 Investigation of contaminated sites – code of practice. British Standards Institute, London.
- BSI (2013) BS 8576:2013 Guidance on Ground Gas Investigations : Permanent gases and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). British Standards Institute, London.
- Card G, Wilson S, Mortimer S. (2012). A Pragmatic Approach to Ground Gas Risk Assessment. CL:AIRE Research Bulletin RB17. CL:AIRE, London, UK. ISSN 2047-6450 (Online)
- CIRIA (2007) Assessing risks posed by hazardous gases to buildings. C665, Construction

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Table 1: Tier 2 Criteria for the Assessment of Potential	Contaminant Concentrations in Soil – Protection
of Human Health	

Determinand	Allotments	Residential with plant uptake	Residential without plant uptake	Commercial/ Industrial
Metals/Metalloids				
Arsenic (Inorganic)	43ª	32ª	35 <sup>f</sup>	640ª
Beryllium	55°	51°	-	420 <sup>c</sup>
Boron	45°	291°	-	192,000°
Cadmium	1.8ª	10ª	117 <sup>f</sup>	230 ª
Chromium (trivalent)	34,600°	3000°	-	30,400 <sup>c</sup>
Chromium (hexavalent)	2.1 <sup>c</sup>	4.3°	-	35°
Copper	524°	2330°	-	71,700 <sup>c</sup>
Lead*	30	82	130	1100
Mercury (elemental)	1 <sup>a</sup>	26 <sup>a</sup>	-	26ª
Mercury (inorganic)	80ª	170 <sup>a</sup>	235 <sup>f</sup>	3600ª
Methyl Mercury	8 <sup>a</sup>	11 <sup>a</sup>	-	410 <sup>a</sup>
Nickel	230ª	130ª	130 <sup>f</sup>	1800ª
Selenium	120ª	350 <sup>a</sup>	595 <sup>f</sup>	13000 <sup>a</sup>
Vanadium	18 <sup>°</sup>	75°	-	3160 <sup>°</sup>
Zinc	618°	3750°	-	665,000 <sup>c</sup>
BTEX Compounds (1%, 3% a	ind 6% SOM) <sup>d</sup>			
Benzene	$0.02^{f} / 0.04^{f} / 0.07^{a}$	$0.08^{f} / 0.18^{f} / 0.33^{a}$	0.27 <sup>f</sup> / 0.56 <sup>f</sup> / 1.0 <sup>f</sup>	28 <sup>f</sup> / 57 <sup>f</sup> / 95 <sup>a</sup>
Toluene	22 <sup>f</sup> / 60 <sup>f</sup> / 120 <sup>a</sup>	120 <sup>f</sup> / 320 <sup>f</sup> / 610 <sup>a</sup>	600 <sup>f</sup> / 1500 <sup>f</sup> / 2700 <sup>f</sup>	870 <sup>f</sup> / 2200 <sup>f</sup> / 4400 <sup>a</sup>
Ethylbenzene	16 <sup>f</sup> / 45 <sup>f</sup> / 90 <sup>a</sup>	65 <sup>f</sup> / 180 <sup>f</sup> / 350 <sup>a</sup>	165 <sup>f</sup> / 450 <sup>f</sup> / 840 <sup>f</sup>	520 <sup>f</sup> / 1400 <sup>f</sup> / 2800 <sup>a</sup>
Xylenes #	28 <sup>f</sup> / 80 <sup>f</sup> / 160 <sup>a</sup>	42 <sup>f</sup> / 120 <sup>f</sup> / 230 <sup>a</sup>	53 <sup>f</sup> / 145 <sup>f</sup> / 285 <sup>f</sup>	475 <sup>f</sup> / 1300 <sup>f</sup> / 2600 <sup>a</sup>
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydroca	urbons (1%, 2.5% and 6%	% SOM) <sup>d</sup>		
Acenaphthene	34 <sup>°</sup> / 85 <sup>°</sup> / 200 <sup>°</sup>	210 <sup>°</sup> / 480 <sup>°</sup> / 1000 <sup>°</sup>	-	85000° / 98000° / 100000°
Acenaphthylene	28° / 69° / 160°	170° / 400° / 850°	-	84000° / 97000° / 100000°
Anthracene	380° / 950° / 2200°	2300° / 4900° / 9200°	-	530000° / 540000° / 540000°
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.5° / 5.5° / 10°	3.1° / 4.7° / 5.9°	-	90° / 95° / 97°
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.60° / 1.2° / 2.1°	0.83 <sup>c</sup> / 0.94 <sup>c</sup> / 1.0 <sup>c</sup>	-	14 <sup>c</sup> / 14 <sup>c</sup> / 14 <sup>c</sup>
benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.5° / 7.4° / 13°	5.6° / 6.5° / 7.0°	-	100° / 100° / 100°
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	70° / 120° / 160°	44 <sup>c</sup> / 46 <sup>c</sup> / 47 <sup>c</sup>	-	650 <sup>c</sup> / 660 <sup>c</sup> / 660 <sup>c</sup>
benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.8 <sup>c</sup> / 14 <sup>c</sup> / 23 <sup>c</sup>	8.5 <sup>c</sup> / 9.6 <sup>c</sup> / 10 <sup>c</sup>	-	140 <sup>c</sup> / 140 <sup>c</sup> / 140 <sup>c</sup>
Chrysene	2.6° / 5.8° / 12°	6.0 <sup>c</sup> / 8.0 <sup>c</sup> / 9.3 <sup>c</sup>	-	140 <sup>c</sup> / 140 <sup>c</sup> / 140 <sup>c</sup>
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.76° / 1.5° / 2.3°	0.76 <sup>c</sup> / 0.86 <sup>c</sup> / 0.90 <sup>c</sup>	-	13° / 13° / 13°
Fluoranthene	52° / 130° / 290°	260° / 460° / 670°	-	23000° / 23000° / 23000°
Fluorene	27° / 67° / 160°	160° / 380° / 780°	-	64000° / 69000° / 71000°
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.8 <sup>c</sup> / 3.8 <sup>c</sup> / 7.1 <sup>c</sup>	3.2° / 3.9° / 4.2°	-	60° / 61° / 61°
Naphthalene	4.1° / 9.9° / 23°	1.5° / 3.7° / 8.7°	-	200° / 480° / 1100°
Phenanthrene	16° / 38° / 90°	92° / 200° / 380°	-	22000° / 22000° / 23000°
Pyrene	110° / 270° / 620°	560° / 1000° / 1600°	-	54000° / 54000° / 54000°
Aliphatic/Aromatic Hydrocar	bons (1%, 2.5% and 6%	SOM) <sup>d</sup>		
TPH Aliphatic >C5-6	740° / 1700° / 3900°	30° / 55° / 110°	-	3400° / 6200° / 13000°
TPH Aliphatic >C6-8	2300° / 5600° / 13000°	73° / 160° / 370°	-	8300° / 18000° / 42000°
TPH Aliphatic >C8-10	320 <sup>c</sup> / 770 <sup>c</sup> / 1700 <sup>c</sup>	19 <sup>c</sup> / 46 <sup>c</sup> / 110 <sup>c</sup>	-	2100° / 5100° / 12000°
TPH Aliphatic >C10-12	2200° / 4400° / 7300°	93° / 230° / 540°	-	10000° / 24000° / 49000°
TPH Aliphatic >C12-16	11000° / 13000° / 13000°	740° / 1700° / 3000°	-	61000° / 83000° / 91000°

## Rationale for Generic Assessment Criteria Routinely Used by PBA

Determinand	Allotments	Residential with plant uptake	Residential without plant uptake	Commercial/ Industrial
TPH Aliphatic >C16-35	260000° / 270000° / 270000°	45000° / 64000° / 76000°	-	1600000° / 1800000° / 1800000°
TPH Aliphatic >C35-44	260000° / 270000° / 270000°	45000° / 64000° / 76000°	-	1600000° / 1800000° / 1800000°
TPH Aromatic >C5-7 (benzene)	13° / 27° / 57°	65° / 130° / 280°	-	28000° / 49000° / 90000°
TPH Aromatic >C7-8 (toluene)	22° / 51° / 120°	120° / 270° / 611°	-	59000° / 110000° / 190000°
TPH Aromatic >C8-10	8.6° / 21° / 51°	27° / 65° / 151°	-	3700° / 8600° / 18000°
TPH Aromatic >C10-12	13° / 31° / 74°	69 <sup>c</sup> / 160 <sup>c</sup> / 346 <sup>c</sup>	-	17000° / 29000° / 34500°
TPH Aromatic >C12-16	23° / 57° / 130°	140° / 310° / 593°	-	36000° / 37000 / ° 37800°
TPH Aromatic >C16-21	46° / 110° / 260°	250° / 480° / 770°	-	28000° / 28000° / 28000°
TPH Aromatic >C21-35	370° / 820° / 1600°	890° / 1100° / 1230°	-	28000° / 28000° / 28000°
TPH Aromatic >C35-44	370° / 820° / 1600°	890° / 1100° / 1230°	-	28000° / 28000° / 28000°
TPH Aliphatic + Aromatic >C44-70	1200 <sup>c</sup> / 2100 <sup>c</sup> / 3000 <sup>c</sup>	1200° / 1300° / 1300°	-	28000° / 28000° / 28000°
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (1	1%, 2.5% and 6% SOM)	d		
1,2-dichloroethane	0.0046° / 0.0083° / 0.016°	0.0054° / 0.0080° / 0.014°	-	0.71° / 1.0° / 1.8°
1,1,1 Trichloroethane (TCA)	48° / 110° / 240°	6.2° / 13° / 28°	-	700 <sup>c</sup> / 1400 <sup>c</sup> / 3100 <sup>c</sup>
1,1,1,2 Tetrachloroethane	$0.79^{\circ}$ / $1.9^{\circ}$ / $4.4^{\circ}$	0.90 <sup>c</sup> / 2.1 <sup>c</sup> / 4.8 <sup>c</sup>	-	120 <sup>c</sup> / 260 <sup>c</sup> / 590 <sup>c</sup>
1,1,2,2 Tetrachloroethane	$0.41^{\circ}$ / $0.89^{\circ}$ / $2.0^{\circ}$	1.4° / 2.9° / 6.3°	-	290° / 580° / 1200°
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	1.6 <sup>c</sup> / 3.7 <sup>c</sup> / 8.7 <sup>c</sup>	0.94° / 2.1° / 4.8°	-	130° / 290 / 660°
Tetrachloromethane	$0.16^{\circ}$ / $0.37^{\circ}$ / $0.85^{\circ}$	0.018° / 0.039° / 0.089°	-	3.0° / 6.6 / 15°
Trichloroethene (TCE)	$0.43^{\circ}$ / $0.95^{\circ}$ / $2.2^{\circ}$	0.11° / 0.22° / 0.49°	-	12° / 25° / 55°
Trichloromethane/Chloroform	$0.36^{\circ}$ / $0.70^{\circ}$ / $1.5^{\circ}$	0.75° / 1.3° / 2.7°	-	110 <sup>c</sup> / 190 <sup>c</sup> / 370 <sup>c</sup>
Vinyl Chloride/Chloroethene	0.00055° / 0.0010° / 0.0018°	0.00047° / 0.00064° / 0.00099°	-	0.063° / 0.081° / 0.12°
Pesticides and Other Organi	c Compounds (1%, 2.59	% and 6% SOM) <sup>d</sup>		
Aldrin	1.3° / 2.6° / 4.0°	1.7° / 2.0° / 2.1°	-	54° / 54° / 54°
Atrazine	$0.037^{\circ}$ / $0.085^{\circ}$ / $0.2^{\circ}$	0.24 <sup>c</sup> / 0.56 <sup>c</sup> / 1.3 <sup>c</sup>	-	870 <sup>°</sup> / 880 <sup>°</sup> / 880 <sup>°</sup>
Dichlorvos	$0.044^{\circ}$ / $0.091^{\circ}$ / $0.20^{\circ}$	0.29° / 0.6° / 1.3°	-	842° / 872° / 893°
Dieldrin	0.13° / 0.32° / 0.73°	0.69° / 1.4° / 2.2°	-	90° / 91° / 92°
Endosulfan	0.47 <sup>c</sup> / 1.2 <sup>c</sup> / 2.7 <sup>c</sup>	2.9 <sup>c</sup> / 7.0 <sup>c</sup> / 16 <sup>c</sup>	-	2310 <sup>c</sup> / 2990 <sup>c</sup> / 3390 <sup>c</sup>
Carbon Disulphide	4.8° / 10° / 23°	0.10 <sup>c</sup> / 0.20 <sup>c</sup> / 0.44 <sup>c</sup>	-	12° / 23° / 50°
Chlorobenzene	5.9° / 14° / 32°	0.33° / 0.73° / 1.7°	-	59° / 130° / 310°
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	0.25° / 0.61° / 1.4°	0.21°/0.51°/1.2°	-	32° / 69° / 120°
Hexachlorobenzene	0.18° / 0.42° / 0.92°	0.59 <sup>c</sup> / 1.0 <sup>c</sup> / 1.4 <sup>c</sup>	-	48° / 53° / 55°
Pentachlorobenzene	1.2°/3.1°/7.1°	5.2° / 10° / 17°	-	650° / 770° / 830°
Pentachlorophenol	0.084 <sup>c</sup> / 0.21 <sup>c</sup> / 0.49 <sup>c</sup>	0.55° / 1.3° / 2.96°	-	1200° / 1300° / 1400°
Phenol (1, 3, 6% SOM)	66 <sup>r</sup> / 158 <sup>t</sup> / 280 <sup>a</sup>	184 <sup>r</sup> / 316 <sup>r</sup> / 420 <sup>a</sup>	310 <sup>°</sup> / 441 <sup>°</sup> / 519 <sup>°</sup>	3200 ª
Dioxins, Furans and dioxin- like PCBs <sup>e</sup>	0.008 <sup>a</sup>	0.008ª		0.24 <sup>a</sup>

Units mg/kg

\* C4SL

# most conservative of the three isomers selected for each scenario

a Soil Guideline Value (2009) with SOM of 6%

b Soil Guideline Value (2002)

c Generic Assessment Criteria (LQM & CIEH 2009)

d Where three values are presented, SGV/GAC for soils with SOM of 1%, 2.5% and 6% or 1%, 3% and 6% are given as detailed in the table. SOM denotes Soil Organic Matter.

e Refer to Table 2 of the supporting guidance for suite

f Generic Assessment Criteria generated using CLEA v 1.04 by an independent contaminated land working group and independently verified by PBA (CLSD, 2009)

Parameter	ICRCI	ICRCL 70/90 <sup>a</sup>		Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge <sup>c</sup>	BS 3882:2007 Specification for topsoil and requirements for use	
	Max	imum			Phytotoxic	
	Livestock	Crop Growth			contaminants	
	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kgDS	
Benzo(a)pyrene			0.15			
Arsenic	500	1000		50		
Cadmium	30	50	1.15	3		
Chromium			21.1	400		
Copper	500	250	88.4	80/ 100/ 135/ 200 °	<100/<135/<200 <sup>f</sup>	
Fluoride	1000			500		
Lead	1000		167.9	300		
Mercury			0.06	1		
Molybdenum				4		
Nickel			25.1	50/ 60/ 75/ 110 °	<60/<75/<110 <sup>f</sup>	
Pentachlorobenzene			0.029			
Pentachlorophenol			0.6			
Selenium				3		
Tetrachloroethene			0.01			
Toluene			0.3			
Zinc	3000	1000	90.1	200/200/200/300 °	<200/<200/<300 f	

 Table 2
 Tier 2 Criteria for the Assessment of Potential Contaminant Concentrations in Soil – Protection of Ecological Systems

#### Notes

a. Interdepartmental Committee on the Redevelopment of Contaminated Land (ICRCL) 70/90 Restoration and Aftercare of Metalliferous Mining Sites for Pasture and Grazing 1st edition 1990.

- b. Proposed Soil Screening Values (SSVs) Consultation, Environment Agency 2008. Threshold which if exceeded prompts further assessment.
- c. Maximum permissible concentration of potentially toxic elements from the Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge. Second Edition. DOE 2006.
- d. Concentrations are for contamination derived from mine spoil. In other situations the speciation may be more available. Factors include total concentration, speciation, particle size, pH, species of plant, type of animal/grazing habit.
- e. Where four values are presented, concentrations are for soils with pH values 5.0-5.5/ 5.5-6.0/ 6.0-7.0/ >7.0
- f. Where three values are presented, concentrations are for soils with pH values <6.0/ 6.0-7.0/ >7.0

	Protection of Human Health	Protection of Controlled Waters				
Parameter	Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000	Test 2 Minimum	Test 2 Maximum	Test 4	Test 5	
Metal/Semi Metal:					ĺ	
Antimony (µg/I)	5					
Arsenic (µg/l)	10	51.6	199	7.5		
Boron (µg/l)	1000			750		
Cadmium (µg/l)	5	0.2	1.1	3.75		
Chromium (µg/l)	50	5	27.6	37.5		
Copper (µg/l)	2000	10.1	57.8	1500		
Iron (µg/I)	200					
Lead (µg/l)	25 (10 from 25/12/13)	7.3	39.8	18.8		
Manganese (µg/l)	50					
Mercury (µg/l)	1			0.75		
Nickel (µg/l)	20	20.2	116	15		
Selenium (µg/l)	10					
Zinc (µg/I)	-	75.8	414	3750		
Other:						
Ammonium NH4 (mg/l)	0.5					
Ammonia NH3 (mg/l)	-	0.3	1.73	0.29	0.29	
Chloride (mg/l)	250			188	187.5	
Cyanide (ug/l)	50					
Electrical Conductivity (µS/cm)	2500			1880		
pH (pH units)	6.5 to 10					
Nitrate NO3 (mg/l)	50			42	42	
Sulphate (mg/l)	250			188	188	
Organics:						
Anthracene		0.1	0.55			
Benzene (µg/l)	1	10.1	55.2	0.75	0.75	
Benzo(a)pyrene (µg/l)	0.01			0.075		
Chloroform (µg/l)	100 a	2.53	13.8	75	75	
1.2-Dichloroethane (µg/l)	3			2.25	2.25	
Fluoranthene		0.1	0.6			
Naphthalene (µg/l)	-	2.4	13.2			
Phenol Total (mg/l)	0.5	15.2	82.8			
PAHs (µg/l)	0.1 b					
Pesticides (ug/l)	0.03c					
Toluene (µg/l)	-	50.5	276			
Trichloroethene TCE (µg/l)	10 d	10.1	55.2	7.5	7.5	
Tetrachloroethene PCE (µg/l)	10 d	10.1	57.8	7.5	7.5	
Tetrachoromethane (ug/l)	3					
Vinyl Chloride (µg/l)	0.5					
Xylene (µg/l)	-	30.3	166			

## Table 3: Tier 2 Criteria for Screening Selected Contaminants in Groundwater

Notes

TV Threshold Values for each groundwater body are given in the River Basin Management Plans (RBMP)

Test 2 Groundwater Impacts on Surface Water - Minimum is the lowest TV for any RBMP

Test 4 Groundwater Drinking Water Protected Areas – designed to be equivalent to a 95% standard

Test 5 General Quality of Groundwater Body – designed to be equivalent to a 95% standard

a. Sum for Tri-halomethanes – chloroform, bromoform, dibromochloromethane, bromodichloromethane b. Concentration for sum of benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(ghi)perylene,

indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

c. Sum for Aldrin, Dieldrin, Heptachor and Heptachor epoxide

d. Sum of TCE and PCE

Pollutant	Rivers and Freshwater Lakes	Transitional and Coastal Waters
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D)	0.3 (1.3)*	0.3 (1.3)*
2,4-Dichlorophenol	20	20
Ammonia (Un-ionised) as Nitrogen	Not applicable	21
Arsenic #	50	25
Chlorine (total available)	2 (5)*	(10)*
Chromium VI	3.4	0.6 (32)*
Chromium III	4.7	(32)*
Copper – standard is hardness dependant for freshwater	1/ 6 /10/ 28	5
Cyanide	1 (5)*	1 (5)*
Cypermethrin as ng/l	0.1 (0.4)*	0.1 (0.4)*
Diazinon	0.01 (0.02)*	0.01 (0.1)*
Dimethoate	0.48 (4)*	0.48 (4)*
Iron as mg/l	1	1
Linuron	0.5 (0.9)*	0.5 (0.9)*
Месоргор	18 (187)*	18 (187)*
Permethrin	(0.01)	(0.01)
Phenol	7.7 (46)*	7.7 (46)*
Toluene	50 (380)*	40 (370)*
Zinc – standard is hardness dependant for freshwater	8/ 50/ 75/ 125	40

### Table 4a : Specific Pollutants – Currently Inforce

i. All units ug/l unless otherwise stated.

- ii. The standard is the annual mean standard over a period of 12 consecutive months unless otherwise stated.
- iii. Values in brackets () indicates the 95-percentile standard where the standard is exceeded if the measured concentration is above the standard for 5% or more of the time.
- iv. Values marked \* indicate that the standard is not to be used for the purpose of classifying the ecological status or potential of bodies of surface water.
- v. *#* indicates that the standard is the dissolved fraction obtained by filtration through a 0.45um filter.
- vi. Where four values are presented, concentrations are for soils with CaCO $_3$  concentration <50/50-100/100-250/>250 mg/l

Reproduced from Part 4 of The River Basin Districts Typology, Standards and Groundwater threshold values (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Direction 2010.

## Table 4b Proposed standards for 29 specific pollutants

		Standard Status			
Substances	Fresh w	vater	Salt wate	r	(Existing-E/
	Long-term (Mean)	Short- term (95 percentile)	Long-term (Mean)	Short- term (95 percentile)	Revised-R/ New-N)
Unionised ammonia			21		E
Arsenic	50		25		E
Benzyl butyl phthalate	7.5	51	0.75	10	Ν
Carbendazim	0.15	0.7			Ν
Chlorothalonil	0.035	1.2			Ν
Chromium(III)	4.7	32			E
Chromium(VI)	3.4		0.6	32	E
Chlorine	2	5		10	E
Copper	1µg/l bioavailable		3.76 µg/l dissolved, where DOC ≤1mg/l 3.76 + (2.677 x ((DOC/2) – 0.5)) µg/l dissolved, where DOC >1mg/l		R
Cyanide	1	5	1	5	E
Cypermethrin <sup>1</sup>	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	E
Diazinon	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.26	R/E
2,4- dichlorophenol	4.2	140	0.42	6	R
2,4- dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D)	0.3	1.3	0.3	1.3	E
3,4- dichloroaniline	0.2	5.4	0.2	5.4	Ν
Dimethoate	0.48	4.0	0.48	4.0	E
Glyphosate	196	398	196	398	Ν
Iron	1		1		E
Linuron	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.9	E
Manganese	123µg/l bioavailable				Ν
Месоргор	18	187	18	187	E
Methiocarb	0.01	0.77			Ν
Pendimethalin	0.3	0.58			Ν
Permethrin	0.001	0.01	0.0002	0.001	R
Phenol	7.7	46	7.7	46	E
Tetrachloroethane	140	1848			Ν
Triclosan	0.1	0.28	0.1	0.28	Ν
Toluene	74	380	74	370	R/E
Zinc	10.9 bioavailable plus Ambient Background Concentration (μg/l) dissolved		6.8 dissolved plus Ambient Background Concentration (µg/l)		R

<sup>1</sup> Note that cypermethrin becomes a Priority Substance under 2013/39/EU but there will be a transitional period before the PS standards apply.

Pollutant	Annual	Average	Maximum Allowable Concentration		
	Inland	Other	Inland	Other	
Alachlor	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	
Anthracene	1.0 (0.1)	1.0 (0.1)	0.1	0.1	
Atrazine	0.6	0.6	2.0	2.0	
Benzene	10	8	50	50	
Brominated diphenylether	0.0005 (NA)	0.0005 (NA)	0.14	0.014	
Cadmium (and its compounds) # – hardness dependant	<0.08/ 0.08/ 0.09/ 0.15/ 0.25	0.2	<0.45/ 0.45/ 0.6/ 0.9 / 1.5	<0.45/ 0.45/ 0.6/ 0.9/ 1.5	
Carbon tetrachloride	12	12	NA	NA	
C10-13 Chloroalkanes	0.4	0.4	1.4	1.4	
Chlorfenvinphos	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	
Chlorpyrifos	0.03	0.03	0.1	0.1	
Aldrin, Dieldin, Endrin, Isodrin (Sum)	0.01	0.005	NA	NA	
DDT Total	0.025	0.25	NA	NA	
Para-para-DDT	0.01	0.01	NA	NA	
1,2-Dichloroethane	10	10	NA	NA	
Dichloromethane	20	20	NA	NA	
Di(2-ethylhexyl)-phthalate (DEHP)	1.3	1.3	NA	NA	
Diuron	0.2	0.2	1.8	1.8	
Endosulfan	0.005	0.0005	0.01	0.004	
Fluoranthene	0.1 (0.0063)	0.1 (0.0063)	0.12	0.12	
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01 (NA)	0.01 (NA)	0.05	0.05	
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.1 (NA)	0.1 (NA)	0.6	0.6	
Hexachlorocyclohexane	0.02	0.002	0.04	0.02	
Isoproturon	0.3	0.3	1	1	
Lead (and its compounds) #	7.2 (1.2)	7.2 (1.3)	14	14	
Mercury (and its compounds) #	0.05 (NA)	0.05 (NA)	0.07	0.07	
Naphthalene	2.4 (2.0)	1.2 (2.0)	130	130	
Nickel (and its compounds) #	20 (4)	20 (8.6)	34	34	
Nonylphenol	0.3	0.3	2	2	
Octylphenol	0.1	0.01	NA	NA	
Pentachlorobenzene	0.007	0.0007	NA	NA	
Pentachlorophenol	0.4	0.4	1	1	
Benzo(a)pyrene (v)	0.05 (0.00017)	0.05 (0.00017)	0.27	0.027	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (v)	0.03 (NA)	0.03 (NA)	NA	NA	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (v)	0.03 (NA)	0.03 (NA)	0.017	0.017	
Benzo(ghi)perylene (v)	0.002 (NA)	0.002 (NA)	0.017	0.017	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (v)	0.002 (NA)	0.002 (NA)	0.017	0.017	
Simazine	1	1	4	4	
Tetrachloroethylene	10	10	NA	NA	
Trichloroethylene	10	10	NA	NA	
Tributyl tin compounds	0.0002	0.0002	0.0015	0.0015	
Trichlorobenzenes	0.4	0.4	NA	NA	
Trichloromethane	2.5	2.5	NA	NA	
Tifluralin	0.03	0.03	NA	NA	
Dicofol	0.0013	0.000032	NA	NA	
PFOS (9.1)	0.00065	0.00013	36	7.2	
Quinoxyfen	0.15	0.015	2.7	0.54	
Dioxins and like compounds			NA	NA	

## Table 5: Surface Waters - Priority Substances – Standards for Chemical Status

## Rationale for Generic Assessment Criteria Routinely Used by PBA

Pollutant	Annual	Average	Maximum Allowable Concentration		
	Inland	Other	Inland	Other	
Aclonifen	0.12	0.012	0.12	0.012	
Bifenox	0.012	0.0012	0.04	0.004	
Cybutryne	0.0025	0.0025	0.016	0.016	
Cypermethrin	0.00008	0.000008	0.0006	0.00006	
Dichlorvos	0.0006	0.00006	0.0007	0.00007	
HBCDD	0.0016	0.0008	0.5	0.05	
Heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide	2x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1x10 <sup>-8</sup>	3x10 <sup>-4</sup>	3x10 <sup>-⁵</sup>	
Terbutryn	0.065	0.0065	0.34	0.034	

i. Units ug/l

ii. The EQS are expressed as total concentrations in the whole water sample except for #.

iii. # indicates that the EQS is dissolved concentration obtained by filtration through 0.45um filter.

iv. Inland = surface waters encompassing rivers and lakes and related artificial or heavily modified water bodies.

v. Hardness Classifications; Where five values are presented, concentrations are for soils with CaCO3 concentration <40/ 40-50/ 50-100/ 100-200/>200 mg/l

vi. For the group of priority substances of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) benzo(a)pyrene can be considered a marker for the other PAHs and therefore only this substance need be monitored

New or revised substance in Directive 2013/39/EU BUT currently without revised Direction – the additions and revisions are considered as proposed. The proposed revised concentration is presented in brackets

Reproduced from Part 5 of The River Basin Districts Typology, Standards and Groundwater threshold values (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Direction 2010 and Directive 2013/39/EU

#### Table 6: pC4SLs for Arsenic

	pC4SL (r		
Land-Use	HCVs with suggested changes to exposure parameters	LLTCs with no change to exposure parameters	LLTCs with suggested changes to exposure parameters
Residential (with consumption of home-grown produce)	37	32	37
Residential (without consumption of home-grown produce)	40	35	40
Allotments	49	43	49
Commercial	640	640	640
POS <sub>resi</sub>	79	NA	79
POS <sub>park</sub>	168	NA	168

## Table 7: pC4SLs for Benzo(a)pyrene

	pC4SL (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )											
	Re	sidential	Allotmonte	Commorcial								
Exposure parameters	With home grown produce.	Without home grown produce.	Allotiments	Commercial	POS <sub>resi</sub>	POS <sub>park</sub>						
Current GAC	1.0	-	2.1	14	-	-						
pC4SL with exposure changes only	2.4	2.5	2.7	36	4.9	10						
pC4SL with LLTC but exposure parameters as SR3 <sup>2, 3</sup>	3.2	3.4	5.1	76	-	-						
pC4SL with changes in exposure and LLTC	5.0	5.3	5.7	76	10	21						

GAC assuming 6% SOM from Nathanail et al., 2009 1.

2. Parameters as described in Section 3 and include non-integration of assessment criteria

3. Chemical specific parameters as Section 3.1 of Main Report. Non contaminant specific parameters as SR3.

#### Table 8: Provisional C4SLs for Benzene (in mg kg<sup>-1</sup>)

	pC4SL											
	Residential	Mither theme										
	grown prod.	grown prod.										
			Allotments	Commercial	POS <sub>resi</sub>	POS <sub>park</sub>						
Current SGV	0.33	N/A	0.07	95	N/A	N/A						
pC4SL with exposure changes only	0.42	1.4	0.09	90	72	113						
pC4SL with LLTC but exposure <sup>2, 3</sup> parameters as SR3	0.69	2.3	0.15	100	N/A	N/A						
pC4SL with changes in exposure and LLTC - 6% SOM	0.87	3.3	0.18	98	140	230						
- 1% SOM⁴	0.20	0.89	0.039	27	140	190						

<sup>1</sup> Calculated for 6% SOM

<sup>2</sup> Chemical specific parameters as described above. Non-contaminant specific parameters as SR3. Calculated for 6%

SOM.

<sup>3</sup> Note age specific adjustments used for residential and POS land-uses. N/A: Not applicable <sup>4</sup> Comparative pC4SLs calculated with 1% SOM to demonstrate that lower screening levels are required when less soil organic matter is present (this is particularly evident for land uses where exposure is dominated by inhalation of vapour indoors)

## Table 9: pC4SLs for cadmium

	pC4SL (mg/kg)								
Land-Use	HCVs with suggested changes to exposure parameters	LLTCs with no change to exposure parameters	LLTCs with suggested changes to exposure parameters						
Residential (with consumption of homegrown produce)	17	17	26						
Residential (without consumption of homegrown produce)	87	146	149						
Allotments	3.1	3.0	4.9						
Commercial	220	417	410						
POS <sub>resi</sub>	120	NA	220						
POS	555	NA	880						

## Table 10: Provisional C4SLs for Hexavalent Chromium

	pC4SLs (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )											
	Residential											
Exposure parameters	With home grown prod.	Without home grown prod.	Allotments	Commercial	POS <sub>resi</sub>	POS <sub>park</sub>						
Current GAC (LQM; Nathanail <i>et al.,</i> 2009))	4.3	N/A	2.1	35	NA	NIA						
pC4SL with exposure changes only <sup>1</sup>	6.1	6.1	120	33	7.7	220						
pC4SL with LLTC but exposure parameters as SR3 <sup>2,3</sup>	14	14	170	52	N/A	N/A						
pC4SL with changes in exposure and LLTC	21	21	170	49	23	250						

Parameters as described in Section 3 of Main report (including assumed absence of plant uptake) and include non integration of assessment criteria 1.

2. 3.

Chemical specific parameters as Section 3. Non contaminant specific parameters as SR3 Note age specific adjustments used for residential and POS land-uses as shown inTable 3.5 N/A: Not applicable

Exposure parameters			pC4SLs (mg.kg-')								
	Residen	tial	Allotments	Commercial	POS <sub>resi</sub>	POS					
	With home grown prod.	Without home grown prod.									
Withdraw SGV	450	450	450	750	-	-					
	82	130	30	-	-	-					
	-	-	-	1100	-	-					
	-	-	-	2160	-	-					
pC4SL with exposure parameters as	190	310	70	-	-	-					
	-	-	-	2330	-	-					
SR3	-	-	-	4800	-	-					
	200 <sup>6</sup>	300 <sup>6</sup>	74 <sup>6</sup>	-	-	-					
	-	-	-	2690 <sup>6</sup>	-	-					
	-	-	-	6000 <sup>6</sup>	-	-					
	86	130	34	-	270	580					
	-	-	-	1100	-	-					
	-	-	-	2160	-	-					
changes in	200	310	80	-	630	1300					
exposure	-	-	-	2330	-	-					
	-	-	-	4800	-	-					
	210 <sup>6</sup>	330 <sup>6</sup>	84 <sup>6</sup>	-	760 <sup>6</sup>	1400 <sup>6</sup>					
	-	-	-	2690 <sup>6</sup>	-	-					
	-	-	-	6000 <sup>6</sup>	-	-					

#### Table 11: Provisional C4SLs for Lead

1. Former SGVs for lead were derived using empirically based methods, as opposed to CLEA

2. 3. 4. 5. Exposure parameters as described in Section 3.5.7 of main report.

Estimated intake that would lead to geomean blood lead concentration in 0 to 7 year old child using IEUBK. Estimated intake that would lead to geomean blood lead concentration in adult using ALM. Estimated intake that would lead to geomean blood lead concentration in adult using ALM.

6.

The LLTC of 5 ug.dL<sup>-1</sup> is based on CDC's target blood lead concentration in children for all exposure to lead and therefore thus LLTC has been treated as a "threshold". Consequently, mean daily intake from non soil sources has been included in the CLEA model inputs for derivation of this C4SL.



## RECORD SHEET - PURGE AND WATER SAMPLE COLLECTION

PBA Project	е	Millbrook 31116											
Date						18/11/14							
Borehole Ref	BH12												
Depth to Proc	duct and Wat	er (m	bgl)		DTW: 1	2.318			DTP:				
Depth to Base	е				18.335								
Weather, Ground and Borehole Conditions					Sunny, Raised	Sunny, cool. Raised cover – good condition							
Borehole and	I Well Inform	ation			-								
Depth to Base	e of Filter Zo	ne (m	bgl) [A]										
Depth to Wate	er Level (m b	gl) [B	<b>;]</b>										
Standpipe Int	ernal Diamet	er (m)	) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m)	[D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<b>Il Volume (I)</b> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> )] x 1000										
Water Quality	/ Information												
Volume Removed (I)	Time (24 hr)	Deptl Wate	h to r (m bgl)	рН		Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Disso Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %	lved en )	ORP/Redox (mV)		
20	0945	17.7		6.89		3030 11.9		29.6					
				<b></b>									
				<u> </u>									
Sample and F	ourge Methoo	k _											
Purged with hi	red powerpac	k and	dedicate	d wate	erra.								
Groundwater	Description	(odou	urs, colo	r, <mark>rec</mark> h	arge et	c)							
Purged dry af Grey brown in No sheen.	ter 20L, slow colour. Odou	rechar rless.	rge – gral	o samp	ple taker	٦.							
Sample Conta	ainers (numb	ers ta	aken)										
1 L Glass	2	2 500 ml Plastic						Sulphuric					
1 L Plastic	c 1 VOC Vial			I				Sodium Hy	droxide				
500 ml Glass			DO Bott	е				Nitric					
Document Ve	rification												
Recorded by		(	СТ				Date	<del>)</del>	18/11/14				
Checked by	Checked by JG				Date			01/12/14					



## RECORD SHEET - PURGE AND WATER SAMPLE COLLECTION

PBA Project	Millbroo	Millbrook 31116										
Date					18/11/14							
Borehole Ref					BH102							
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: 8	8.465			DTP:				
Depth to Bas	e			15.5								
Weather, Gro	und and Bore	ehole Condit	ions	Sunny, Raised	Sunny, cool. Raised cover – good condition							
Borehole and	d Well Informa	ation										
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [A	]									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]										
Standpipe Int	ternal Diamet	er (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<b>Il Volume (I)</b> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 100	0									
Water Quality	/ Information											
Volume Removed (I)	Time (24 hr)	Depth to Water (m bgl	pH )		Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
15			6.67		2050		11.6	52.3				
30			6.64		1987		11.4	44.7				
40	1043		6.59		2070		11.4	46.0				
Sample and I	<sup>o</sup> urge Method	ł										
Purged using	dictated Wate	rra.										
Groundwater	Description	(odours, col	or, rech	harge et	c)							
Purged dry aft Grey brown in No sheen.	er 40L, moder colour. Odour	rate recharge rless.	– grab	sample	taken.							
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)										
1 L Glass	2	500 ml	500 ml Plastic				Sulphuric					
1 L Plastic	1	VOC V	al				Sodium Hy	um Hydroxide				
500 ml Glass		DO Bo	tle		Nitric							
Document Ve	rification											
Recorded by		СТ				Date	e	18/11/14				
Checked by		JG			Date 01/12/14							



## RECORD SHEET - PURGE AND WATER SAMPLE COLLECTION

PBA Project Title and Reference						Millbrook 31116							
Date						18/11/14							
Borehole Ref					BH104								
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	er (m	bgl)		DTW: 0	).395			DTP:				
Depth to Bas	е				2.215								
Weather, Gro	und and Bor	ehole	Conditio	ons	Sunny, Raised	Sunny, cool. Raised cover – good condition							
Borehole and	Well Information	ation			-								
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m	bgl) [A]										
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B	]										
Standpipe Int	ernal Diamet	er (m)	[C]										
Borehole Inte	rnal Diamete	er (m)	[D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>													
Water Quality	/ Information												
Volume Removed (I)	Time (24 hr)	Depth Wate	n to r (m bgl)	рН		Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	C) Diss Oxyg (O2 °		red 1	ORP/Redox (mV)	
7	1130	2.0		6.96		2930		12.4	45	45.9			
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>									
Sample and F	ourge Methoo	k											
Purged using	dictated Wate	rra.											
Groundwater	Description	(odou	rs, colo	r, <mark>rec</mark> h	arge et	c)							
Purged dry aft Grey brown in No sheen.	er 7L, modera colour. Slight	ate rec sulphi	harge – ( urous od	grab sa our.	ample ta	ıken.							
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers ta	ken)										
1 L Glass	2		500 ml P	lastic				Sulphuric	c				
1 L Plastic	1		VOC Via	I				Sodium Hy	droxide	e			
500 ml Glass	ss DO Bottle			e				Nitric					
Document Ve	rification												
Recorded by		C	СТ				Date	9	18/11	/14			
Checked by		J	IG		Date			9	01/12/14				


	U. CCC											
PBA Project 1	Title and Refe	erence		Millbroo	ok			31116				
Date				18/11/1	4							
Borehole Ref				BH105	В							
Depth to Proc	Juct and Wat	er (m bgl)	)	DTW: 1.210 DTP:								
Depth to Base	6			6.0								
Weather, Gro	und and Bor	ehole Cor	nditions	Sunny i Raised	intervals, cover – (	cool. Jood	condition					
Borehole and	Well Inform	ation										
Depth to Base	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl	) [A]									
Depth to Wate	er Level (m b	gl) [B]										
Standpipe Int	ernal Diamet	ter (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	rnal Diamete	er (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<b>II Volume (I)</b> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x	1000									
Water Quality	Information											
Volume Removed (I) Time (24 hr) Depth to pH Water (m bgl)				Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)			
15			6.06		3930		12.7	9.6				
30			6.03		3940		12.8	14.5				
45	1200	4.1	6.00		3970		12.8	11.4				
		<u> </u>										
Sample and F	urge Methoo	b										
Purged 3 well	volumes usin	g dictated	Waterra.									
Groundwater	Description	(odours,	color, rech	arge et	c)							
Purged dry aft Grey brown in No sheen.	Purged dry after 7L, moderate recharge – grab sample taken. Grey brown in colour. Odourless. No sheen.											
Sample Conta	ainers (numb	ers taken	)									
1 L Glass	2	500	ml Plastic	: Sulphuric								
1 L Plastic	C Vial				Sodium Hy	droxide						
500 ml Glass		DO	Bottle				Nitric					
Document Ve	rification											
Recorded by		СТ			Date		18/11/14					
Checked by	hecked by JG					Date						



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbroo	ok			31116			
Date				19/11/1	4						
Borehole Ref				BH6							
Depth to Proc	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: 13.800 DTP:							
Depth to Bas	e			22.020							
Weather, Gro	und and Bor	ehole Conditi	ons	Overcast Raised cover, damaged with no top. Borehole in rough vegetated ground.							
Borehole and	Well Information	ation									
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [A]									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]									
Standpipe Int	ernal Diamet	er (m) [C]									
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]									
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<b>H Volume (I)</b> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 1000									
Water Quality	Information			-							
Volume Removed (I)	Time (24 hr)	Depth to Water (m bgl)	рН		Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)	
20	0930	17.2	6.51		2780		10.7	4.7			
<u> </u>											
Sample and I	<sup>2</sup> urge Method	1									
Purged using	dictated Wate	rra.									
Groundwater	Description	(odours, colo	r, rech	arge et	c)						
Purged dry after 20L, poor recharge – grab sample taken. Grey brown in colour. High sediment content with no odour. No sheen.											
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)									
1 L Glass	2	500 ml I	Plastic				Sulphuric				
1 L Plastic	al				Sodium Hy	droxide					
500 ml Glass		DO Bott	le	Nitric							
Document Ve	erification										
Recorded by	Recorded by CT						•	19/11/14			
Checked by		JG		Date			9	01/12/14			



PBA Project	Title and Ref	erence		Millbroo	ok			31116				
Date				19/11/1	4							
Borehole Ref	F			BH5								
Depth to Pro	duct and Wa	ter (m bgl)		DTW: (	DTW: 0.395 DTP:							
Depth to Bas	e			18.13								
Weather, Gro	ound and Boi	rehole Condit	ons	Overca Raised	ist, cool. cover – (	good	condition					
Borehole and	d Well Inform	ation		-								
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	one (m bgl) [A										
Depth to Wat	er Level (m l	ogl) [B]										
Standpipe In	ternal Diame	ter (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	ell Volume (I) <sup>2</sup> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup>	– (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 1000	)									
Water Quality	y Informatior	n		-								
Volume Removed (I)Time (24 hr)Depth to Water (m bgl)pH					Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
15	1030	15.9	6.17		2670		10.8	6.2				
Sample and I	Purge Metho	d										
Purged using	dictated Wate	erra.										
Groundwater	<sup>r</sup> Description	(odours, colo	or, rech	narge et	c)							
Purged dry aft Grey brown in	Purged dry after 17L, poor recharge – grab sample taken. Grey brown in colour, no odour or sheen present											
Sample Cont	ainers (numl	bers taken)										
1 L Glass	2	500 ml	Plastic				Sulphuric					
1 L Plastic 1 VOC Vial							Sodium Hy	droxide				
500 ml Glass		DO Bot	tle	Nitric								
Document Ve	erification											
Recorded by		СТ			Date		;	19/11/14				
Checked by	necked by JG					Date						
2								L				



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbroo	ok			31116				
Date				18/11/1	4							
Borehole Ref				BH206								
Depth to Proc	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: 5.41 DTP:								
Depth to Bas	e			8.87 – sediment								
Weather, Gro	ound and Bor	ehole Condit	ions	Sunny, cool. Raised cover – good condition								
Borehole and	I Well Informa	ation		-								
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [A	]									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]										
Standpipe Int	ternal Diamet	er (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	r (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	<b>ell Volume (I)</b> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 100	C									
Water Quality	/ Information											
Volume Removed (I)Time (24 hr)Depth to Water (m bgl)pH					Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
8	1220	9.60	6.89		3400		11.8	4.6				
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>							
Sample and F	Purge Methoo											
Purged using	dictated Wate	rra.										
Groundwater	Description	(odours, col	or, rech	narge et	c)							
Purged dry aft Grey brown in No sheen.	Purged dry after 8L, Slow recharge – grab sample taken. Grey brown in colour, moderate sediment content. No sheen.											
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)										
1 L Glass	2	500 ml	Plastic				Sulphuric					
1 L Plastic	1	VOC V	al				Sodium Hy	droxide				
500 ml Glass		DO Bo	tle	Nitric								
Document Ve	erification											
Recorded by		СТ		Date			18/11/14	18/11/14				
Checked by	checked by JG				Date		01/12/14					



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbroo	ok			31116				
Date				18/11/1	4							
Borehole Ref	F			BH103								
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	ær (m bgl)		DTW: 0.315 DTP:								
Depth to Bas	e			5.96	5.96							
Weather, Gro	ound and Bor	ehole Condit	ions	Overca Raised	st, dry cover – (	good	condition					
Borehole and	d Well Inform	ation										
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [A	]									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	ogl) [B]										
Standpipe Int	ternal Diamet	ter (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	ell Volume (l) <sup>2</sup> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 100	0									
Water Quality	y Information											
Volume Removed (I)	Time (24 hr)	Depth to Water (m bgl	pH )		Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
15			6.59		5040		12.8	10.3				
30			6.59		5020		12.9	12.9				
45	1450	3.990	6.54		5010		13.1	14.4				
										<u> </u>		
Sample and I	Purge Method	1										
Purged using	dictated Wate	irra.										
Groundwater	Description	(odours, col	or, rech	narge et	c)							
Purged 3 well Grey brown in No sheen.	Purged 3 well volumes; good recharge Grey brown in colour. Slight sulphurous odour. Io sheen.											
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)										
1 L Glass	2	500 ml	Plastic	ic Sulphuric								
1 L Plastic	al				Sodium Hy	droxide						
500 ml Glass	itle				Nitric							
Document Ve	erification											
Recorded by		СТ		Date		18/11/14						
Checked by	hecked by JG					Date			_			



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbrook 31116									
Date				18/11/1	4								
Borehole Ref	F			ROOK	S								
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: 0.395 DTP:									
Depth to Bas	e			2.215									
Weather, Gro	ound and Bor	ehole Conc	litions	Sunny, cool. Surface water grab sample									
Borehole and	d Well Informa	ation		4									
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl)	[A]										
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]											
Standpipe In	ternal Diamet	er (m) [C]											
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]											
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	ell Volume (l) <sup>2</sup> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 10	000										
Water Quality	/ater Quality Information												
Volume Removed (I)Time (24 hr)Depth to Water (m bgl)pH				Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)				
	1510		6.82		1888		9.4	53					
		<u> </u>			<u></u>		<u> </u>						
Sample and I	Purge Methoo	k											
Surface water	grab sample.												
Groundwater	<sup>-</sup> Description	(odours, co	olor, rech	arge et	c)								
Clear odourle	ss grab sampl	е.											
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)											
1 L Glass	2	500 n	nl Plastic				Sulphuric						
1 L Plastic	1	VOC	Vial				Sodium Hy	droxide					
500 ml Glass				Nitric									
Document Ve	erification												
Recorded by		СТ				Date	•	18/11/14					
Checked by	hecked by JG					Date							



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbrook 31116							
Date				19/11/1	4						
Borehole Ref				West D	litch						
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: DTP:							
Depth to Bas	e										
Weather, Gro	ound and Bor	ehole Condit	ons	Surface water sample from SW ditch near BH5.							
Borehole and	d Well Informa	ation		<u>.</u>							
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [A									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]									
Standpipe In	ternal Diamet	er (m) [C]									
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	er (m) [D]									
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	ell Volume (I) <sup>2</sup> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 1000	)								
Water Quality	y Information										
Volume Removed (I)Time (24 hr)Depth to Water (m bgl)pH				Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
	1045	7.20			950		9.5	73.8			
1		<u> </u>									
Sample and I	Purge Method	k									
Purged using	dictated Wate	rra.									
Groundwater	• Description	(odours, colo	or, rech	harge et	c)						
Clear, odourle Sampled from	ess. I fast flowing s	tream									
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)									
1 L Glass	2	500 ml	Plastic				Sulphuric				
1 L Plastic	1	VOC Vi	al				Sodium Hy	droxide			
500 ml Glass		DO Bot	tle				Nitric				
Document Ve	erification										
Recorded by		СТ		Date		9	19/11/14				
Checked by	hecked by JG					Date					
						_					



PBA Project	Title and Refe	erence		Millbrook 31116								
Date				18/11/1	4							
Borehole Ref	F			ROOK	N							
Depth to Pro	duct and Wat	er (m bgl)		DTW: DTP:								
Depth to Bas	e											
Weather, Gro	ound and Bor	ehole Condi	tions	Cloudy, mild Surface water sample from lake								
Borehole and	d Well Informa	ation		-								
Depth to Bas	e of Filter Zo	ne (m bgl) [/	4]									
Depth to Wat	er Level (m b	gl) [B]										
Standpipe In	ternal Diamet	er (m) [C]										
Borehole Inte	ernal Diamete	r (m) [D]										
Saturated We (A-B)x π [(C/2) <sup>2</sup>	ell Volume (l) <sup>2</sup> + 0.25((D/2) <sup>2</sup> -	- (C/2) <sup>2</sup> )] x 100	00									
Water Quality	y Information											
Volume Removed (I)Time (24 hr)Depth to Water (m bgl)pH					Conduct (µS/cm)	ivity	Temp (°C)	Dissol Oxyge (O <sub>2</sub> %)	ved n	ORP/Redox (mV)		
7	1130	2.0	6.96		2930		12.4	45.9				
							<u> </u>					
Sample and I	Purge Methoo	1										
Surface water	grab sample											
Groundwater	<sup>r</sup> Description	(odours, co	lor, rech	narge et	c)							
Clear, no odo	Clear, no odour or sheen.											
Sample Cont	ainers (numb	ers taken)										
1 L Glass	2	500 m	I Plastic				Sulphuric					
1 L Plastic	'ial				Sodium Hy	droxide						
500 ml Glass		DO Bo	ottle	Nitric								
Document Ve	erification											
Recorded by		СТ		Date		9	18/11/14					
Checked by	hecked by JG					Date						



# **APPENDIX 6**

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Receptor	& Sensitivity Value	Pathway	Present (Y/N)	EPH & Solvent	PAH	Metals	Inorganic	Biocides	Radioactivity	Gro Ga
		Ingestion of fruit or vegetable leaf or roots	N	х	х	$\checkmark$	Х		$\checkmark$	>
		Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	х		$\checkmark$	)
		Ingestion of water / sediments when swimming	N	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2
Human Health -		Ingestion of soil/dust indoors	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		2
On Site Current	N	Ingestion of soil/dust outdoors	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	)
	IN	Inhalation of particles (dust / soil) indoor and outdoor	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
USEIS		Inhalation of vapours/gases – outdoor	Y	$\checkmark$	Х	Х	Х	х	$\checkmark$	-
		Inhalation of vapours/gases - indoor	Y	$\checkmark$	х	х	х	х	$\checkmark$	
	Dermal absorption via direct contact with soil			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
		Dermal absorption via waters (swimming / showering)	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
		Ingestion of fruit or vegetable leaf or roots	Ν	Х	Х	$\checkmark$	Х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
		Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
		Ingestion of water / sediments when swimming	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2
		Ingestion of soil/dust indoors	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
luman Health On-	$\nabla (A)$	Ingestion of soil/dust outdoors	Y		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		2
Site Future User	1 (4)	Inhalation of particles (dust / soil) indoor and outdoor	Y		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		2
		Inhalation of vapours – outdoor	Y		х	Х	х	х		-
		Inhalation of vapours - indoor	Y		х	х	x	Х		
		Dermal absorption via direct contact with soil	Y							
		Dermal absorption via waters (swimming / showering)	N	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	2
		Ingestion of fruit or vegetable leaf or roots	Ν	Х	Х	$\checkmark$	Х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1
		Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	Х	$\checkmark$		1
		Ingestion of water / sediments when swimming	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	х	х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2
		Ingestion of soil/dust indoors	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		2
Human Health -	Ν	Ingestion of soil/dust outdoors	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2
Off-Site	IN	Inhalation of particles (dust / soil) indoor and outdoor	Y	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		2
		Inhalation of vapours – outdoor	Y	$\checkmark$	Х	Х	х	х	$\checkmark$	1
		Inhalation of vapours - indoor	Y	$\checkmark$	х	Х	Х	х		
		Dermal absorption via direct contact with soil	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2
		Dermal absorption via waters (swimming / showering)	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		1
		Ingestion of soil/dust indoors	Y							2
Human Health -		Ingestion of soil/dust outdoors	Y		$\checkmark$					2
<b>Construction/</b>	$\nabla (A)$	Inhalation of particles (dust / soil) outdoor	Y		$\checkmark$					)
Maintenance	1 (4)	Inhalation of vapours – outdoor	Y		Х	Х	Х	х		-
Workers*		Inhalation of vapours - indoor	Ν	$\checkmark$	х	Х	Х	х		1
		Dermal absorption via direct contact with soil	Y		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$			)
Crowndwater	V (2)	Leaching	Ν	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	)
Groundwater	Y (3)	Migration via natural or anthropogenic	Y				$\checkmark$			-
		Direct runoff or discharges from pipes	Ν				$\checkmark$			
Surface Water	Y (3)	Indirect via recharge from groundwater (hydraulic flow)	Y				$\checkmark$			)
		Deposition of wind blown dust	Y				$\checkmark$			)
	<b>N</b> ( ( <b>0</b> )	Direct contact	Y			Х	Х	х	Х	
Buildings	Y (2)	Explosion due to gas migration via natural / anthropogenic	Y	Ń	X	X	X	X	X	1
		Direct deposition of particles / dust - wind blown or flood			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Ecological		Indirect - through watering					x	x		
Systems	N	Inhalation of gases/vapours or particulates/dust by animals		,	V	V	X	X	, ,	
Oystems		Installation of globol, vapouro of particulator, address y animato								<del> </del> ,
		Direct dependition vie wind or flood		N	N	N	N	N	N	<u> </u>
		Indirect through watering		N	N	N	V V	V V	N	+ ,
Property	Ν	Induced unough watering		N	V V	V V	X	X	N	
-		Indiation of vegetation / water / soil by animals		N	X	X	X	X	N	+
		ingestion of vegetation / water / soll by allittats		N N	V	V	N	V	v	1 X

Client	TABLE SU
Millbrook Power Ltd	
Caversham Bridge House, Waterman Place, Reading, RG1 8DN	
Tel 0118 950 0761 Fax 0118 959 7499	

UMMARISING POLLUTANT LINKAGES AND RISK ESTIMATIC HYDROCARBONS AND ASBESTOS (HAZARD

J:\31116 (Millbrook Environmental)\3009 - Geo Phase 1\03 Reports\[Table of estimated risk.xls]Sheet1

ınd s	Consequence (Hazard Classification x Sensitivity)	Probability	Estimated Risk
		Law	
		LOW	
	4 (Minor)	LOW	very Low
			VeryLow
		LOW	Very Low
		Low	Very Low
	4 (ivilia)	LUW	
		Low	
	4 (iviiid)	LUW	
	3 (Minor)		
_		LUW	
	3 (Minor)	Low	VeryLow
	3 (Minor)		
_	2 (Minor)		
	$\frac{2 (\text{WITIOT})}{2 (\text{Minor})}$		
	2 (WIITOT)	LUW	
-+			

Millbrook Power Project	Table	1
	Checked	RHT
RBONS AND ASBESTOS (HAZARD CLASSIFICATION 1)	Drawn	JG
NT LINKAGES AND RISK ESTIMATION: POTENTIAL HAZARDS ARE METALS,	A3 Scale	nts
	Date	30/09/2014